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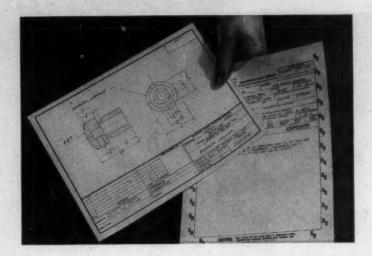
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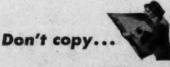


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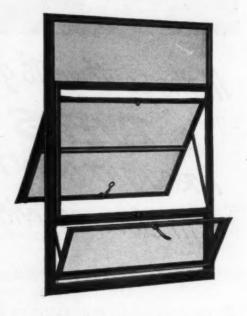
- 1. The frame section is 1\%" deep. The ventilator section is 1\%" deep. The extra \%" added to the ventilator depth provides the strength so necessary for proper window performance.
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The Texas reputation for doing everything in a big way is upheld by the new \$20,000,000 "McCarthy Center" project, of which the Shamrock Hotel opening March 17 is a part. The fact that the job is being done in the best way is suggested by the specifications, which include wrought iron in eleven different services. Drainage lines, downspouts, fire lines, condenser water lines, condensate returns, exhaust lines, hot and cold water lines over 3 inches, air lines, and swimming pool piping, are Byers Wrought Iron pipe, in sizes from %-inch to 20-inch.

Every one of these services carries a corrosive threat—and every one represents a time-tried wrought iron application. Surveys of old buildings, made in a number of areas, have shown wrought iron pipe still serving in heating and plumbing lines after periods of 40 to 50 years. The same surveys revealed many cases where pipe made of low-first-cost materials in newer buildings had failed in a fraction of that time.

Wrought iron's unusual serviceability comes from its unusual character. Tiny threads of glass-like silicate slag, threaded through the body of high-purity iron, halt and "detour" corrosive attack. They also anchor the initial protective film, which shields the underlying metal. tive, Wes

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Our bulletin, "Wrought Iron for Piping Systems" gives a digest of the experience of designers with wrought iron in building services. Ask for a complimentary copy.

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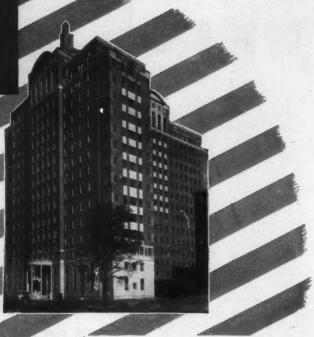
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Party Differences Fade as Congress Tackles Housing Measures • BRAB Executive Committee Announced • Truman Cuts VA Hospital Program

True to predictions, the Administration lost no time in applying the pressure to its own anti-inflation and housing programs once Congress settled down to work in the 81st session. Inauguration seemed to mark the starting date. A week after President Truman took the oath of office Congress had before it half a dozen major housing bills and both of the Banking Committees had approved a seven-months extension of voluntary allocations of scarce materials beyond March 1.

Democratic leaders announced they would try to get through Congress stand-by powers for the President to impose compulsory price, wage and allocation controls — part of the muchheralded anti-inflation pattern. All emphasis seemed to be on stepping up the legislative tempo, and bills having to do with rent controls, housing, export controls and allocations all were caught in this sudden draft of pressure.

(About the same time came the announcement that the Administration was readying a bill to create a Columbia River Authority, seen as further evidence of an all-embracing effort to revamp and "strengthen" laws having to do with construction matters.)

Party Cleavages Closing Up

Observers watched the party cleavages slip away in the first significant test of power in the House; 49 Republicans had voted with the Democrats to liberalize the House Rules Committee, the body that bottled up the housing bill in the 80th Congress. With that obstacle removed, the 81st Congress is generally expected to enact a comprehensive measure aimed at freer government financing guarantees and including the construction of public housing units. Builders favor the former provision, oppose the latter.

Further evidencing an area of interparty agreement on the broad housing issues, Senator Robert Taft's followers and Administration supporters ignored differences long enough to agree on the fundamental methods of attacking the housing shortage legislatively.

Housing Bills Much Alike

When the bills of both parties had been unmasked, they were found to be remarkably alike in principle, differing essentially in the following points: the number of public housing units to be constructed, amount of capital grant outlays, and tax exemption for local bonds. Other points of difference noted: rate of construction of public housing units, length of program, and amortization period. The Administration and Republican bills approached the problem of home shortages along parallel lines in respect to slum clearance, farm housing, research and changes in Federal Housing Administration operations.

Summed up, both major parties jumped in to foster comprehensive housing measures, the Republicans making a somewhat softer approach toward the same end.

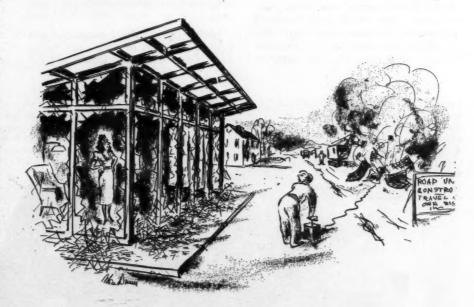
Banking Committees of both houses of Congress worked over the rent and housing proposal concurrently. A Senate Banking Subcommittee, under Sparkman of Alabama, started hearings on the housing bills almost immediately early in February— while the House Committee rushed its consideration of extending rent controls, in strengthened form, for two years beyond March 31. The agreement was for each of the committees to take up the other subject when it had finished with its initial hearing. This was arranged in an effort to get the bills on the floor as soon as possible.

Throughout the legislation proposed runs an emphasis on more housing at lower sales and rental figures. Stressing this phase particularly is the Administration's own suggestion for amending the National Housing Act. This was introduced by the Banking Committee chairman, Senator Maybank of South Carolina, and Rep. Spence of Kentucky, clearly marking it for committee support. Dealing with the mortgage insurance programs and the secondary market program, it would, in brief:

1. Provide direct loans to veterans' housing cooperatives if private lending institutions failed to do the job. This is an entirely new proposal.

2. Exempt cooperatives, rental housing projects and low-cost homes built for sale from the present 50 per cent limitation on the amount of loans which the Federal National Mortgage Association can buy from any one mortgagee. This would have the effect of permitting the federal government to purchase without limit mortgages on low-priced housing.

3. Continue government insurance up to 90 per cent of 40-year, 4 per cent interest loans on nonprofit cooperative (Continued on page 10)



"Sorry, lady-"

-Drawn for the RECORD by Alan Dunn

The use of Asphalt Tile in Modern Multiple Housing Projects

By Edwin H. Mittelbusher, Architect

MODERN FLOORING TECHNIQUES:

No. 4 in a series of articles on the use of asphalt tile flooring prepared by leading architects and building authorities for the information of the architectual and building professions.

THE TILE-TEX COMPANY, INC. pioneer maker of asphalt tile.

The design of a rental housing project is secondary only to the financing pattern. The selection of each and every detail of construction, and the selection of each and every material is influenced thereby. The physical security for long term loans, by that I mean 27 to 32 year loans, must fulfill certain fundamental requisites and standards, some of which are dictated to us by the lenders, others by the myriad of building ordinance, and still others imposed upon us by the future tenants themselves.

We arrive, eventually then, at an area or range within which we must design. It is necessary, in order to obtain a fair return, that both construction, operating, and maintenance costs be consistent with the rental income expectancy. The fullest possible advantage must be taken of

all the factors involved.

In the 366 unit rental project now under construction in LaGrange Park, there is about 360,000 square feet of floor area or surface (not including basement laundry, storage and boiler room area).

These floors consist of a 2½" concrete slab poured in place over light weight steel beams. The choice of a floor covering for these concrete floors received our utmost attention for many months.

We are faced primarily with a maintenance problem. In addition to that, we were concerned with the original cost of installation or first cost.

In this project there are 32 garden type apartments, in which the floors are about 2'-0" below grade. A floor material, such as asphalt tile, which resists moisture is required in these units.

Then last but not least in importance was the matter of floor color and its effect on the apartment color scheme. With these four basic and fundamental requirements in mind, we selected asphalt tile as the material which would best fulfill and satisfy every one of these standards and many more.

MAINTENANCE

Plain soap and water mopping clean it easily. The dirt is never absorbed into the material itself but stays on the surface where it is easy to remove. An occasional waxing will bring out the rich colors although this is not necessary. We chose Greaseproof Asphalt Tile for the ground floor

Reading from left to right,
Charles E. Joern, President of
Wm. Joern & Sons, Builders;
Edwin H. Mittelbusher,
Architect; and Elmer M.
Larson, General Supt. for
Wm. Joern & Sons... one
of many discussions concerning "The Homestead."

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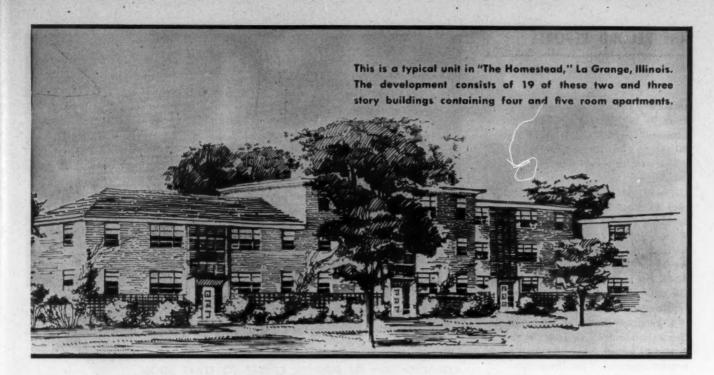
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kitchens because it is grease proof, very seldom stains, and resists the passage of moisture. Replacement of tile is comparatively simple if unforseen damage should occur in certain areas.

LOW FIRST COST

Asphalt Tile flooring is one of the lowest cost floor coverings available. The preparation of the surface for the concrete sub-floor is a very simple operation consisting only of troweling the concrete slabs to a smooth level surface in preparation for the mastic adhesive. The individual tiles can then be rapidly set in place, cleaned and ready for use immediately thereafter. Apartments are ready for occupancy in a matter of a few hours.

COLOR

We have selected a marbleized deep

brown color for the living rooms and bedrooms, and a very light gray for the kitchen floors to harmonize with the cabinets and counter-tops. These floors will blend in with the driftwood finish of the mill-work and the aluminum sash. These color schemes, being somewhat neutral, will give the tenants the maximum utility as well as the least problem insofar as blending in with their present or new furniture, rugs, draperies, etc., is concerned. These are very real considerations which definitely affect rentability and in our experience we have found that asphalt tile has received the general acclaim and acceptance required of floor coverings in this type of dwelling unit.

LONG WEAR AND LONG LIFE

When the matter of long life was

given our attention, we examined asphalt tile floors that had been subjected to hard wear and traffic in stores and corridors for at least fifteen years. Upon close examination we came to the conclusion that this type of floor was practically "wear-proof."

RESILIENCY AND COMFORT

Figures indicate that the average housewife walks 25 miles per year making beds. This means that unless theflooris extremely resilient and comfortable, she wouldn't have enough energy left to complete the remaining household duties required of her. Asphalt tile is unusually resilient and less fatiguing than other type of floors. It is quiet as well, and provides a certain amount of sound-proofing, which is an important consideration in housing projects.

Tile-Tex* Asphalt Tile floors have been in use for more than twenty years. This quality asphalt tile has convincingly demonstrated its ability to perform satisfactorily in many different types of applications where wear is beavy and budgets are limited. For more information, or reprints of this article, write The Tile-Tex Company, Inc. (subsidiary of The Flintkote Company), Chicago Heights, Illinois. Sales offices in Chicago, New York, Los Angeles, New Orleans, Toronto and Montreal.

The TILE-TEX Company, Inc. CHICAGO HEIGHTS, ILLINOIS

*REGISTERED TRADEMARK OF THE TILE-TEX COMPANY, INC.



This "aerial rendering" shows the entire "Homestead" project. There are 17 acres, 19 buildings, 366 four and five room apartments and 100 garages. Notice the careful planning of streets to minimize traffic hazards and provide "off-the-street" parking.



THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 7)

ownership housing projects but increase from 95 per cent to 100 per cent the insurance of such loans where at least 80 per cent of the members of the cooperative concerned are veterans of World War II. (Maximum amount of the mortgage in the case of the 90 per cent loan would remain at \$8100 per family dwelling, or \$1800 per room. In the case of the 100 per cent loan, maximum amount of the mortgage would be \$9000 per family dwelling or \$2000 per room. In all these instances the insurance would be based on current replacement costs.

4. Increase the total insurance authorization under Title II of the present Act by \$1 billion. Use of the fund would require approval of the President.

It is obvious that this piece of legislation, drawn under the guidance of Raymond M. Foley, Housing and Home Finance Agency administrator, would greatly liberalize the use of government credit for financing and the construction of lower cost homes.

(Continued on page 12)



Architects' model of the University section of New York University-Bellevue Medical Center. The 20-story University Hospital is at right, Hall of Residence at extreme left

CONSTRUCTION OF MEDICAL CENTER TO START SOON

Details of new definitive architectural plans for the new University section of the New York University-Bellevue Medical Center, announced in mid-January, indicate a total cost of about \$32,744,000 for the University's share of the Center. The plans now

call for facilities for two medical schools, a 600-bed University Hospital designed primarily to serve patients in the middle-income brackets, and related clinics. Architects for the project are Skidmore, Owings & Merrill of New York. Construction is expected to begin this spring.

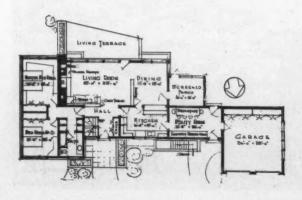
NEWS FROM CANADA

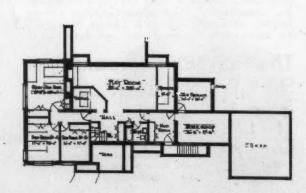
By John Caulfield Smith



Stone and frame house (plans below) now under construction in Port Credit, Ont., 10 miles from Toronto, for Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Hewson. Designed by E. C. S. Cox, Architect, it faces south, overlooks a golf course, and combines one and two story height

(News continued on page 146)

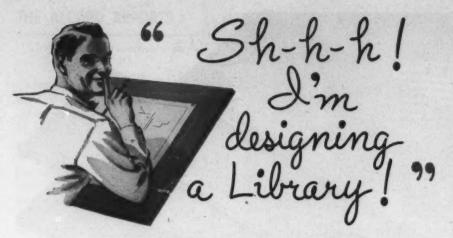




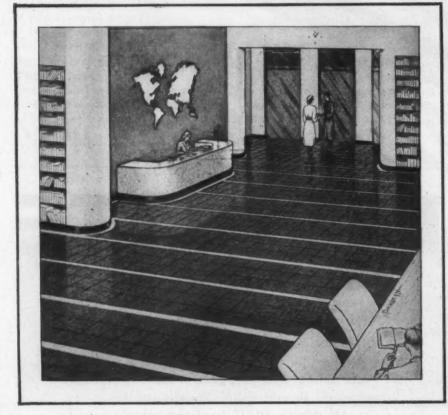




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"and I need quiet . . . both here and in the library. That's why I'm specifying Hood Rubber Tile Flooring. Its resiliency assures quiet and comfort. The harmonizing colors enhance my decorating scheme, and they'll stay fresh and bright for a lifetime!"



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even under the most grueling service (10 years continuous use in a Boston Department Store). And the wide color variety means added charm and beauty for every interior. For complete information see Sweet's or write for full color catalog today.

RUBBER TILE



ASPHALT TILE

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 10)

Lower Cost Homes Materializing

Meanwhile the National Association of Home Builders is pointing with pride to the sucess of its efforts to increase the number of lower-cost homes being built. Of more than one million units of all types added to the housing supply in 1948, N.A.H.B. reports, thousands were of the Economy House variety and sold for \$4500 to \$8500. Two of every five homes purchased last year were bought by families with income of less than \$3000, and four out of five by families with incomes under \$5000. Eighty per cent of all houses sold went for less than \$10,000 while the average purchase price paid by veterans for houses, old and new, was \$7600.

N.A.H.B. is proud of these figures, contending that home builders — private home builders — are meeting the needs of relatively low-income families.

Agencies of government, incidentally, have been speeding up their plans to bring down the cost of home construction. A meeting of those concerned with the HHFA drive - officials of both government and industry groups - was held in January and field sessions aimed at taking the gospel of economic home building to the men who handle actual construction details, to the architect, the contractor, supplier, etc., began on February 8. An effort will be made to hold similar meetings in every city in the country of 10,000 population or over. The U.S. Chamber of Commerce is cooperating and local FHA officials are handling details of the conclaves.

Housing Research Programmed

New attention also is being given to research on housing. A significant move in this field is the recent appointment of Joseph H. Orendorff as Director of Design and Methods in HHFA's Division of Standardized Building Codes and Materials. Mr. Orendorff had temporarily handled administration of management and disposition policies for the war-built Lanham Act housing and now returns to the Division to supervise the development of modular construction research involving standardized dimensions for building materials. This is certain to be an expanding activity under present agency plans. The Housing Act of 1948 authorized the HHFA to create the Division for advancing adop-

(Continued on page 14)



- Conserves up to 95% of normal water demand

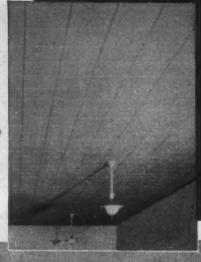
Because of their efficient design, Marlo Cooling Towers utilize water as the precious, costly commodity that it is... And, in large or modest installations, the other Marlo quality features are important too. Sump tank, frame, eliminators, wheels and scrolls are hot-dip galvanized; scroll and panels are mastic-coated for double protection... Bronze inspection-panel hardware for unfailing accessibility. Marlo evaporative condensers are available in 3 to 100-ton capacities that provide combinations for infinite requirements.

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Put a ceiling on noise with

†Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.



*Based on room size 15' x 15'

Johns-Manville FIBRETONE CEILINGS

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 12)

tion of standardized building codes and standardized dimensions and methods. Officials expect this work to increase its strides immeasurably under legislation now before Congress.

A few weeks ago Mr. Foley announced the completion of arrangements, involving the signing of a \$10,000 contract, whereby the National Research Council will act in an advisory capacity to the Division's research program on building techniques. National Council committees are composed of leading scientists and engineers from industry, educational and nonprofit organizations. Therefore this bridges the gap more effectively between government and industry research.

Making the announcement of the contract, Mr. Foley said: "Greater use of standardized parts, and improved methods of building are constructive policies, adoption of which would help in the solution of the problem of costs in the house building industry."

BRAB Pulse Is Quickened

Closer coordination of all research in construction was promised when members of the Building Research Advisory Board met in Washington in mid-February. This meeting breathed new life into the organization. BRAB was first thought of in the fall of 1946, was organized then and has been growing slowly since that time. The Board is a group of industry and government people interested in coordinating and advancing the research idea. It seeks eventually to get cooperation from all layers of industry, from the producers of building materials who now may be carrying on their own research projects in isolated and unknown instances. Bringing together information of these research activities, and making their benefits available to the construction industry as a whole, can go a long way toward improving building techniques - and lowering costs at the same time.

That is the aim. It is emphasized that BRAB intends to do no researching itself. The general chairman is Dr. Frank B. Jewett, a former president of the National Academy of Sciences. His executive committee is composed of Walter A. Taylor, director of research and education for the American Institute of Architects; Harry C. Plummer,

(Continued on page 16)

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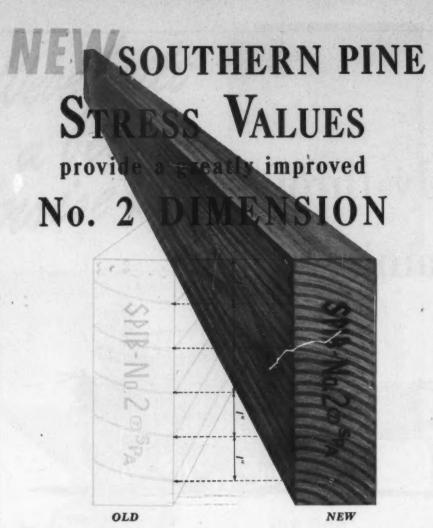
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Possessing greater load-bearing strength than previous No. 2, this new grade of Southern Pine framing is better qualified for residential and light commercial construction. Proper seasoning is a definite provision, by which this material is pre-shrunk and may be used with safety for longer spans than heretofore.

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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 14)

director of engineering and research for the Structural Clay Products Institute; Dr. C. F. Rassweiler, vice president in charge of research development for Johns-Manville Corp.; W. E. Reynolds, commissioner of the Public Buildings Administration; and Prof. William H. Scheick, coordinator of the Small Homes Council at the University of Illinois.

The form that BRAB activities will take from now on was more clearly defined at the Washington session. It may take its future operative clue from the National Highway Research Board, a group that has grown in 25 years to be a most valuable implementation instrument serving the highway industry. It is realized that the functions of the building industry are much different and in themselves diversified, but BRAB will grow into such an implementing body.

VA Hospital Program Cut

The architectural profession, along with all other segments of the building industry, was surprised by the President's sudden decision to cut back the Veterans Administration hospital construction program rather drastically. Mr. Truman revealed without previous indication that he had ordered the program slashed to the extent of 16,000 beds, both temporary and emergency types. Several firms throughout the country were caught in the midst of preparing plans and specifications for those hospitals struck from the list.

VA said the proposed construction of 24 new hospitals and reduction of the size of 14 others were involved in the mandate.

Repercussions are expected in Congress before the appropriation bills are passed. While Administrator Carl R. Gray, Jr., of the veterans' agency announced that the curtailed building program would not deny hospitalization to any service-connected veteran, the protest pressure on congressmen from their constituents is severe.

Veterans' organizations were quick to announce their opposition to the decision. The American Legion expressed this attitude when it announced: "At a time when there are two million veterans of both World Wars being compensated for service-incurred and aggra-

(Continued on page 18)

HERE convenient switch gives complete On-Off control HERE, too, independent On and Off switching and HERE, complete control of remote light HERE, a small G-E remote-control relay

Now, add dream-home lighting at budget-home cost!

Exciting, New General Electric Remote Control Wiring System Makes Multi-point Switching Practical, Economical

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With G-E remote control the homeowner no longer makes his nightly trip to check the cellar lights. He just pushes a button—in the living room, in the hall, or even in the bedroom—and he knows that troublesome cellar light is out. Garage lights, outside lights, the attic fan—all can be turned On or Off anywhere and everywhere in the house that's wired with the General Electric remote control wiring system. And, in every room, multi-point switching can put control of the lights in that room at every entranceway, even next to easychairs or other convenient spots. And the really amazing part of the remote control story is that it's designed to go in easily and economically.

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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 16)

vated disabilities, when thousands of new claims are pending adjudication, and when nearly 15,000 veterans are awaiting hospital admission, we will strenuously fight curtailment of the VA hospital construction program."

(Note: VA itself estimates that the amount lost through the cutback order was nearly \$10 million. That is, \$1.4 million in site acquisition expenditures, and between \$7 million and \$8 million spent on all technical services including preparation of plans and specifications. The decision to reduce, of course, will result in an immense saving in construction costs otherwise charged to the VA program. Administrator Gray estimated this at \$280 million.)

The Administration had one argument (Continued on page 20)

FLIOT CROSS

Eliot Cross, Architect, and founder of the New York real estate investment firm of Webb & Knapp, Inc., died on January 23 in Princeton, N. J., following a long illness. He was 65.

Mr. Cross was a practicing architect in New York for 40 years. He and his brother, John W. Cross, founded the architectural firm of Cross & Cross in 1907, and designed some of New York City's best-known buildings, among them the Hotel Barclay, Doctors Hospital, the Postum Building, the Harriman Building, and the new Tiffany & Company building on Fifth Avenue at 57th Street. The firm was dissolved in 1942.

In 1922 Mr. Cross, with P. Seward Webb and the late Robert C. Knapp, founded Webb & Knapp, serving as chairman of the firm's board of directors from its founding until 1947 when ill health forced him to retire.

HENRY E. RICHARDS

Henry E. Richards, alumnus of Harvard University with the class of 1869 and of Massachusetts Institute of Technology with the class of 1871, died at his home in Gardiner, Me., on January 26 at the age of 100.

An architect by profession, Mr. Richards practiced in Boston for seven years following his graduation from M.I.T., and then moved to Gardiner, where he was for many years head of the Richards Paper Company.

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18

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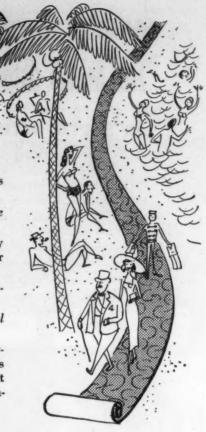
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Abrasive Floor Plate—Billets, Plates, Sheets (alloy and special grades)



THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 18)

for its decision: the saving on steel to result from cancellation of \$280 million worth of heavy construction. The rift between the White House and steel producers over additional capacity, how much should be built and by whom, was growing in extent as the President pressed for power to put the federal government in a position to build steel plants should industry fail to take advantage of federal loans he proposed to extend for the purpose.

The publicly-announced reason for the reduction in the hospital construction program was this—re-evaluation since the end of the war has shown that estimated needs for hospital beds were "considerably larger than actually has proven necessary." Sixty-four individual projects not under contract at the time were surveyed in reaching the decision to drop 24 entirely and reduce 14 others.

The announcement came at a time when production prospects for most building materials, excluding steel and aluminum, are better than at any other time since the end of the war. The Producers' Council is confident that there will be an adequate supply to satisfy the volume of construction of all types anticipated in 1949.

Iron and steel companies spent \$583 million in 1948 to expand and improve production facilities. The figure will increase to \$627 million in 1949. Some producers have ventured the opinion that the 1949 requirements might actually be met in all major fields with the exception of transportation.

Federal Grants Promised Building

Large amounts of money in the form of federal grants are included in building construction bills introduced in the 81st Congress. The large scale federal aid to education bill which lost out in the last session and is being pushed again now, does not contain specific funds for building purposes. This fact has brought out a number of suggestions for direct federal grants to be used in school building construction alone. Foremost among these is the House bill authored by Rep. Joseph W. Martin, Jr., former GOP House Speaker. It would commit the government to an annual outlay of \$300 million over a three-year period and require state and local governments to match the

(Continued on page 22)



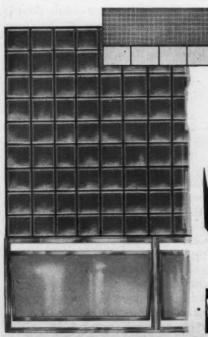
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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 20)

federal grants on a 50-50 basis. Altogether, this calls for a school building program nearing the \$2 billion figure over the three years.

Important in the Martin legislation is the fact that it gives state education departments authority to determine priorities for school buildings. This enhanced its chances for passage by removing a common area for criticism—federal regulation of the school systems.

The name of Senator Robert Taft gives strength to a measure introduced by four Senators; this would double the volume of construction of non-federal hospitals in the program administered by the U.S. Public Health Service under the Hill-Burton hospital construction act. Sponsoring the bill with Taft are Senators Ellender (La.), Hill (Ala.), and Smith (N.J.).

In addition to increasing federal grants for hospital and health center construction from \$75 million annually to \$150 million, the Senate bill provides for:

- 1. Extending the time of operation of the program another five years beyond 1949, making a total of eight years instead of the five originally specified.
- 2. Placing allotments of federal funds for individual projects on the same basis of "variable need" as that now determining the overall allotment to any state
- 3. An extra \$1.2 million in federal money for research and experiment.
- Federal funds to aid states in administration of hospitals and health centers.

The first specific indication of the nation's school construction and equipment needs has been given by the Federal Works Agency's Office of Economic Research. Following several months of work on the subject, this Office places total overall requirements, in terms of 1947 cost, at \$11 billion. This amount will have to be spent before the current critical shortage in classroom space for public elementary and secondary education can be overcome.

The extremely large backlog reflects a long period of underbuilding and persistent accumulation of needs through the past several years. Architects specializing in school buildings will be coping with this increasing work when

(Continued on page 160)

Is there a nesbitt thermal blanket in your schoolroom?



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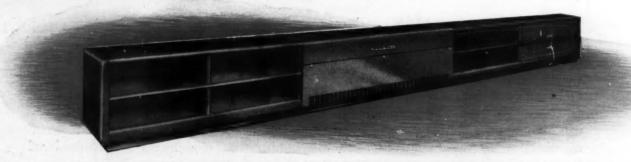
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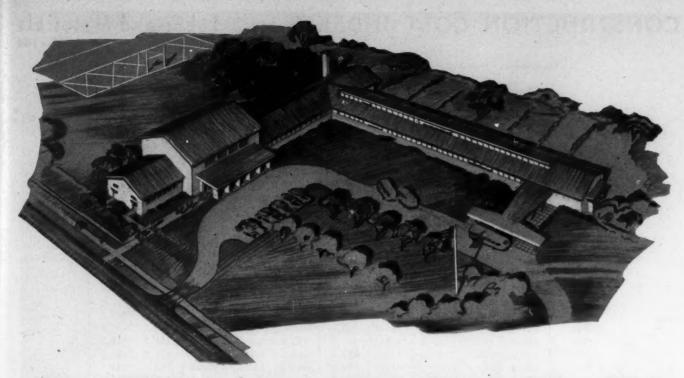
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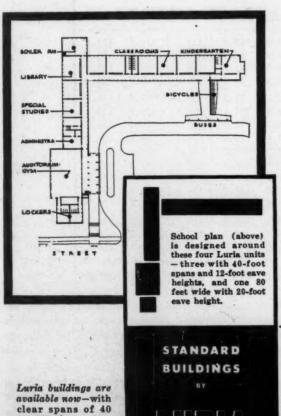
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to 100 feet, eave heights of 12 to 20 feet, and any desired length in in-

crements of 20 feet

CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES

Labor and Materials

United States average 1925-1929 = 100

Presented by Clyde Shute, manager, Statistical and Research Division, F. W. Dodge Corporation, from data compiled by E. H. Boeckh & Associates, Inc.

NEW YORK

ATLANTA

	Residential		Apts., Hotels, Office Bldgs. Brick	Commercial and Factory Buildings Brick Brick		Residential		Apts., Hotels, Office Bldgs. Brick	Commercial and Factory Buildings Brick Brick	
Period	Brick	Frame	and Concr.	and Concr.	and Steel	Brick	Frame	and Concr.	and Concr.	and Steel
1920	136.1	136.9	123.3	123.6	122.6	122.8	122.9	108.6	109.8	105.7
1925	121.5	122.8	111.4	113.3	110.3	86.4	85.0	.88.6	92.5	83.4
1930	127.0	126.7	124.1	128.0	123.6	82.1	80.9	84.5	86.1	83.6
1935	93.8	91.3	104.7	108.5	105.5	72.3	67.9	84.0	87.1	85.1
1939	123.5	122.4	130.7	133.4	130.1	86.3	83.1	95.1	97.4	94.7
1940	126.3	125.1	132.2	135.1	131.4	91.0	89.0	96.9	98.5	97.5
1941	134.5	135.1	135.1	137.2	134.5	97.5	96.1	99.9	101.4	100.8
1942	139.1	140.7	137.9	139.3	137.1	102.8	102.5	104.4	104.9	105.1
1943	142.5	144.5	140.2	141.7	139.0	109.2	109.8	108.5	108.1	108.7
1944	153.1	154.3	149.6	152.6	149.6	123.2	124.5	117.3	117.2	118.2
1945	160.5	161.7	156.3	158.0	155.4	132.1	133.9	123.2	122.8	123.3
1946	181.8	182.4	177.2	179.0	174.8	148.1	149.2	136.8	136.4	135.1
1947	219.3	222.0	207.6	207.5	203.8	180.4	184.0	158.1	157.1	158.0
Oct. 1948	257.5	257.8	248.1	252.2	246.6	204.8	207.7	186.5	185.8	184.7
Nov. 1948	256.1	256.0	247.8	252.0	246.2	202.7	205.0	186.1	185.6	184.2
Dec. 1948	252.6	251.5	247.2	251.6	245.3	199.2	200.5	188.5	185.2	183.3
Dec. 1746	232.0		rease ove		243.3	177.2		rease ove		103.3
Dec. 1948	104.5	105.5	89.1	88.6	88.6	130.8	141.3	98.2	90.1	93.6
Dec. 1746	104.3	103.3	07.1	00.0	00.0	130.6	141.3	70.2	70.1	73.0
	ST. LOUIS				SAN FRANCISCO					
1920	118.1	121.1	112.1	110.7	113.1	108.8	107.5	115.2	115.1	122.1
1925	118.6	118.4	116.3	118.1	114.4	91.0	86.5	99.5	102.1	98.0
1930	108.9	108.3	112.4	115.3	111.3	90.8	86.8	100.4	104.9	100.4
1935	95.1	90.1	104.1	108.3	105.4	89.5	84.5	96.4	103.7	99.7
1939	110.2	107.0	118.7	119.8	119.0	105.6	99.3	117.4	121.9	116.5
1940	112.6	110.1	119.3	120.3	119.4	106.4	101.2	116.3	120.1	115.5
1941	118.8	118.0	121.2	121.7	122.2	116.3	112.9	120.5	123.4	124.3
1942	124.5	123.3	126.9	128.6	126.9	123.6	120.1	127.5	129.3	130.8
1943	128.2	126.4	131.2	133.3	130.3	131.3	127.7	133.2	136.6	136.3
1944	138.4	138.4	135.7	136.7	136.6	139.4	137.1	139.4	142.0	142.4
1945	152.8	152.3	146.2	148.5	145.6	146.2	144.3	144.5	146.8	147.9
1946	167.1	167.4	159.1	161.1	158.1	159.7	157.5	157.9	159.3	160.0
1947	202.4	203.8	183.9	184.2	184.0	193.1	191.6	183.7	186.8	186.9
Oct. 1948	233.9	236.7	215.9	218.3	215.7	225.6	223.3	216.2	221.7	219.9
Nov. 1948	231.5	233.6	215.5	218.0	215.1	224.2	221.5	215.9	221.5	219.5
Dec. 1948	227.6	228.6	214.8	217.6	214.1	220.7	217.0	215.3	221.1	218.6
			rease ove					rease ove		
Dec. 1948	106.5	, -	81.0		79.9	109.0		83.4		87.6

The index numbers shown are for combined material and labor costs. The indexes for each separate type of construction relate to the United States average for 1926–29 for that particular type — considered 100.

Cost comparisons, as percentage differences for any particular type of construction, are possible between localities, or periods of time within the same city, by dividing the difference between the two index numbers by one of them; i.e.: index for city A = 110 index for city B = 95

(both indexes must be for the same type of construction).

Then: costs in A are approximately 16 per cent higher than in B.

$$\frac{110-95}{95} = 0.158$$

Conversely: costs in B are approximately 14 per cent lower than in A.

$$\frac{110-95}{110} = 0.136$$

Cost comparisons cannot be made between different types of construction because the index numbers for each type relate to a different U. S. average for 1926-29.

Material prices and wage rates used in the current indexes make no allowance for payments in excess of published list prices, thus indexes reflect minimum costs and not necessarily actual costs.

These index numbers will appear whenever changes are significant.



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REQUIRED READING

LE CORBUSIER AGAIN

Concerning Town Planning. By Le Corbusier. Translated by Clive Entwistle. The Yale University Press (New Haven, Conn.), 1948. 53/4 by 83/8 in. 128 pp., illus. \$2.75.

The publishers of this first English translation of Le Corbusier's Propos d'urbanisme call it that indefatigable and prolific author's "most important postwar book," and perhaps it is. Certainly it is one of his most interesting, packed full of typical Le Corbusier-isms and drawings.

"Towns are born, and grow throughout the ages; they deform under the assaults of life." From that introductory sentence all the way through to the final conclusion reached, this is a volume carefully calculated to stimulate and intrigue the imagination of its reader. It takes the form of replies to a series of 18 questions put to Le Corbusier in 1944 by an English source, and it takes the opportunity once again to expound the philosophies of town planning which for years have been synonymous with the name of their author.

CITY PLANNING

Planning the Modern City. By Harold MacLean Lewis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (440 Fourth Ave., New York 16), 1949. 7½ by 10¼ in. Two volumes: Vol. I, xxi + 284 pp.; Vol. II, xii + 224 pp.; illus. \$6.00 each.

Subtitled "A Modern Treatment Based on the Planning of the Modern City by Nelson P. Lewis," these two volumes are inherently a revised edition of the text first published in 1916, but the revision has been so extensive that the present work ranks as a new publication. Its author is the son of Nelson P. Lewis, author of the original volume.

Following several introductory chapters defining city planning and describing its goals, Volume I of the present edition plunges into such subjects as population distribution and trends, land surveys, zoning, transportation, development of shopping centers. Planning trends both here and abroad are discussed, and the mechanics of planning are thoroughly described. Volume II takes up neighborhood and community planning, housing, redevelopment of blighted areas, and special planning problems such as airport location, parking and decentralization of industry. A final section is devoted to legal, economic and administrative problems. Maps, diagrams, photos and drawings abound throughout both volumes.

Arranged as it is with questions and reference lists at the end of each chapter, the book is ideally suited for classroom use as well as for independent study.

Mr. Lewis has adhered closely to the planning principles laid down by his father, but has replaced references, brought statistics up to date, and added new chapters and much new material. The result is a book which very likely will be a standard text for some time.

NEIGHBORHOOD STANDARDS

Planning the Neighborhood. By the American Public Health Association Committee on the Hygiene of Housing. Public Administration Service (1313 E. 60th St., Chicago 7, 111.), 1948. 7¾ by 10½ in. viii + 90 pp. \$2.50.

Based upon the authority, standards and findings of the American Public Health Association Committee on the Hygiene of Housing, planning the neighborhood is concerned with criteria for the environment of residential areas — with the physical setting in which homes should be located. It includes basic health standards which may direct the planning of the residential neighborhood, and the Committee's recommendations for the selection and development of sites.

Intended to reach several groups (personnel of planning and zoning boards, architects, builders, producers of building materials, government building program authorities, etc.), this brief volume is admittedly not a manual of design, but "a formulation of those principles and standards which the technician will use in combinations to be determined by him in the course of his design solutions."

ENVIRONMENTAL SANITATION

Public Health Engineering: Vol. I. By Earle B. Phelps. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (440 Fourth Ave., New York 16), 1948. 5¾ by 8½ in. ix + 655 pp., illus. \$7.50.

In this highly technical book, written primarily for the public health engineer, the architect will find much information not readily available to him elsewhere. For instance, there is a detailed chapter on the air supply of enclosed places, which includes such items as air pollution by human occupancy and the effect of industrial operations. Another chapter deals with heating, ventilation and air conditioning needs and practice, and another with lighting. Still others treat sewage disposal, swimming pool requirements, and rural sanitation.



"Dactyllic Frustum." From "Geo-Metric Verse" by Gerald Lynton Kaufman, A.I.A.

ARCHITECTONICS IN RHYME

Geo-metric Verse. By Gerald Lynton Kaufman. The Beechhurst Press (296 Broadway, New York 7), 1948. 5 by 6½ in. 64 pp., illus. \$1.50.

"Poetry forms in mathematics Written mostly for fanatics" -Squarody or Ellipsonnet? Kaufman waxes glib upon it! Dactyllic Frustum, Short Pantoum Dissipate the darkest gloom. If your sense of humor's failing Concaverse will ease the ailing, While Cubicouplets or Convextasy Obviate neuro-perplextasy. Growl because you have a headache? Kaufman's cure will be an earthquake To shake your ills But quick: no pills. For there's indeed no whim pedantic In this volume's gyro-antic. Let's give a rousing cheer, I say, For Mr. Kaufman, A.I.A.!

LATIN AMERICAN ART

A Guide to the Art of Latin America. Edited by Robert C. Smith and Elizabeth Wilder. No. 21 in the Latin American Series of The Library of Congress. Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C., 5¾ by 9 in. 480 pp. \$1.50.

Architects participating in the tour to Mexico following the A.I.A. Convention in Houston this month will welcome this extensive bibliography listing some 5000 books and articles on the art of the 20 Latin American republics and Puerto Rico.

The bibliography is divided into three chronological periods: the Colonial Period, the 19th Century, and the Contemporary Period. A preliminary section lists general works covering the whole field, and texts dealing with two or more periods. For each period there are three preliminary groupings: Latin America,

(Continued on page 30)

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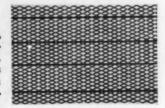


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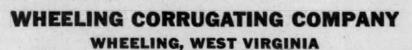
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REQUIRED READING

(Continued from page 28)

South America, Central America and the West Indies. These are followed by sections for each country, subdivided into subjects such as architecture, graphic arts, painting, sculpture, and so on. This simple pattern makes it easy to find exactly the kind of reference desired.

HOSPITALS

The Hospital Building: Seminar Addresses at the 1947 A.I.A. Convention. Compiled and Edited by Walter A. Taylor. The American Institute of Architects (The Octagon, Washington 6, D. C.), 1948. 8½ by 11 in. 72 pp., illus. To members of the A.I.A., \$1.00; to non-members, \$2.00.

In answer to repeated demands, the lectures given at the Hospital Seminars at the 1947 A.I.A. Convention have now been compiled in book form, supplemented by a comprehensive bibliography for the subjects covered and additional data and notes reprinted from the A.I.A. Bulletin. The result is a compact volume which no architect interested in hospital construction can afford to miss.

Subjects covered include: Administrative Aspects of Hospital Design; Programming for Hospital Design; Schematic Plans for Hospitals (with diagrams); The Elements of the Hospital; Hospital Construction, Detailing, Finishes, and Equipment. Authors include some of the foremost hospital architects and medical authorities in the country.

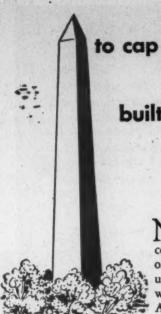
IDEAS FOR THE HOME

Home Furnishing. By Anna Hong Rutt. 2nd Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (440 Fourth Ave., New York 16), 1948. 6 by 9 in. viii + 508 pp., illus. \$6.00.

This new edition of Mrs. Rutt's basic text on home furnishing contains much material not included in the earlier edition, noticeably the entirely new chapters on landscaping, house planning, and exterior house design.

The book was written as a textbook for classes in home planning and furnishing as well as a general guide for homemakers and interior decorators. It is, therefore, both simply written and greatly detailed. Even so, architects may well find it interesting per se, and certainly will want to be familiar with it for the sake of their clients, many of whom are likely to have studied it assiduously.

The book is lavishly illustrated, and covers its subject all the way from foundations to flower arrangements.



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İ		Sheathing Material	Relative Rigidity	Relative Strength					
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		HORIZONTAL with LET-IN BRACES	1.5	2.2					
		1/4" PLYWOOD NAILED	2.0	2.8					
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For details on PlyScord use and application, see Sweet's File, Architectural, or write for the new 1949 Basic Plywood Catalog. Also available is a new booklet, "The Wood of 1,000 Uses". Douglas Fir Plywood Association, Tacoma 2, Washington.



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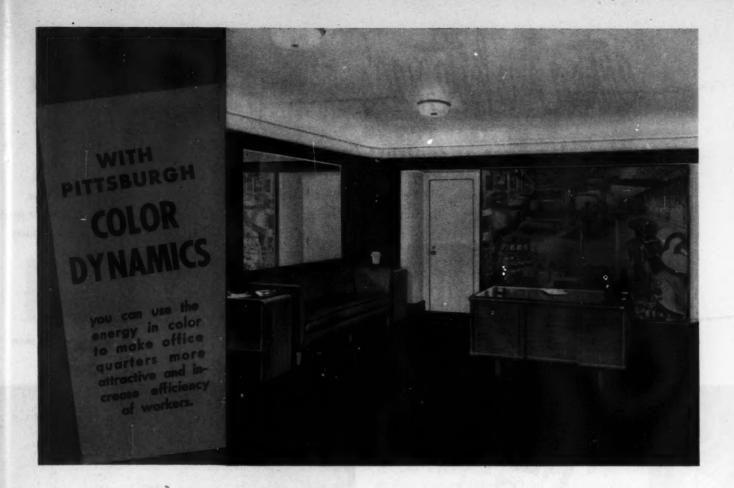
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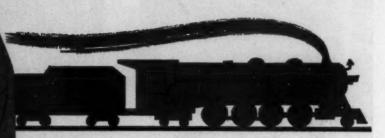
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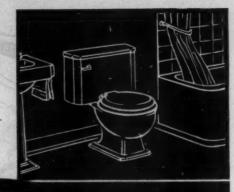
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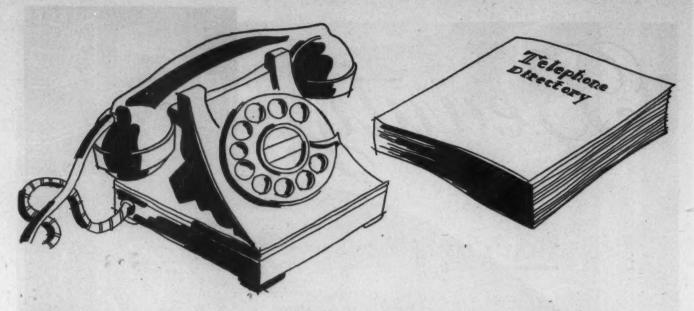


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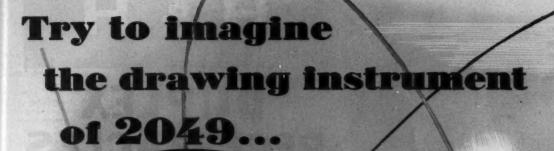
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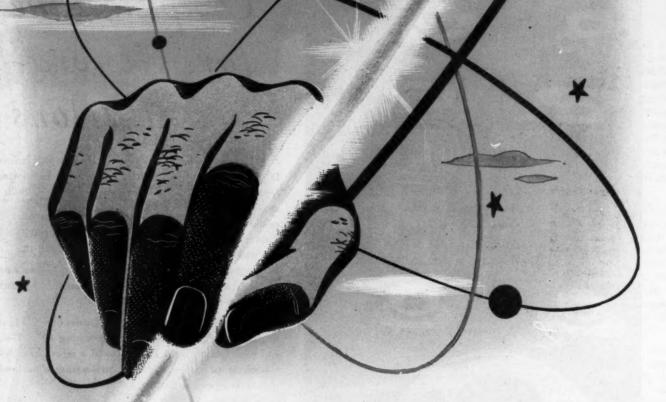
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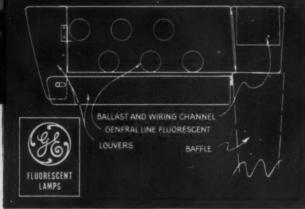
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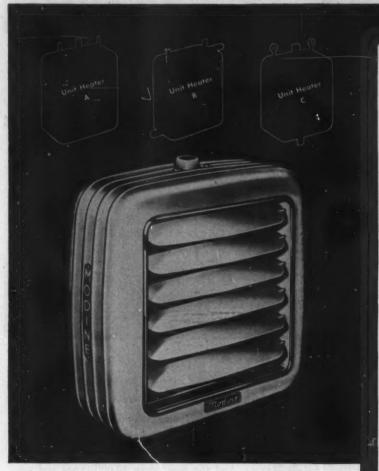






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When you look before you buy, you'll see why Modine leads the field. Call your Modine Representative for further details. He's listed in the "Where-to-Buy-it" section of your phone book. Or write direct for Modine's new 52-page catalog. Modine Manufacturing Company, 1510 Dekoven Avenue, Racine, Wisconsin.

MODINE MAKES THIS SPECIAL OFFER!



Now you can check Modine's quality features ... without leaving your office. Call your Modine Representative today to show you an actual Modine Unit Heater ... to explain its advantages in de-

tail. You'll like its attractive appearance, sound engineering, rugged construction. Examine Modine—compare it with other unit heaters before you make your decision.



MOTOR AND FAN

MOTOR PROTECTED FROM CONDENSER RADIANT HEAT

HARMONIZES WITH MODERN INTERIORS

Look at Modine Power!

See how motors must meet rigid performance requirements before they can team up with Modine Unit Heaters. Check motor's heavy-duty, totally enclosed construction. See how it's rubber-mounted, noise-proofed for silent service.



HORIZONTAL VE

VERTICAL

POWER-THROW

Look at Modine Line!

See how Modine's complete line of three distinct types and 47 basic capacities can solve your specific space heating problems. Find out how there's a Modine Unit Heater for every industrial or commercial need.

Modine unit heaters

LAWSON PRESENTS IMPORTANT NEW ADVANTAGES IN MODERN BATHROOM CABINETS BUNUERIZING

AFTER FORMING NOW! LAWSON BATHROOM CABINETS are Bonderized AFTER FORMING! AND they cost not a penny more! AFTER FORMING provides 100% Bonderized protection to every point of surface; all edges and drilled holes are positively protected against rust and corrosion. The advantages of Bonderizing AFTER FORMING give Lawson Cabinets important new selling appeals.

- onderizing AFTER FORMING protects
- el finish is bonded to metal at

★BONDERIZING is a special chemical process sponsored by the Parker Rust Proof Company. It converts the metal surface to a thin layer of tiny phosphate

This mechanical giant Bonderizes all surfaces and edges of Lawson Cabinets after they are formed . . . after all shearing, drilling and forming of the cabinet body. Enamel finish is securely bonded with the metal.

crystals integral with the metal itself, making a perfect gripping surface for the enamel. Bonderizing shields the metal from moisture and its damaging effects.

RATHROOM CABINETS

THE F. H. LAWSON CO.

802 EVANS ST.

CINCINNATI 4, O.

Established 1816

THE WORLD'S LARGEST BUILDER OF BATHROOM CABINETS

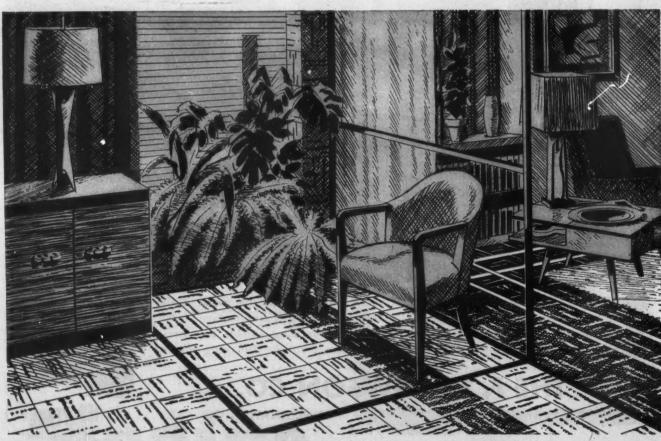
Lawson

133 YEARS

new direction win housing new direction housing

- PLOOR DESIGNING is now a more important factor—because of Kentile. Kentile's 23 colors and 5 feature strip colors are combined so easily in countless designs that architects can now plan floors which are original, effective and in perfect harmony with all other elements.
- CLEANABILITY achieves a new importance with the new, improved formulation of Kentile, especially in kitchens and foyers.
- SMOOTH SURFACED Kentile floors are preferred by more and more women today, even in bedrooms and living rooms, because Kentile floors make house cleaning so much easier.
- POURED CONCRETE slabs, with or without imbedded radiant heating, are helping to solve America's need for low cost housing —and with Kentile on top the house becomes a Home.
- because Kentile can now be applied on sound double wood floors with T & G top boards not over 3" wide.
- **ECONOMY** is synonomous with Kentile because it is so low priced and installation is so fast and simple.





DAVID E. KENNEDY, INC.

Brooklyn 15, N. Y. New York 1, N. Y. Boston 16, Mass. Washington 6, D. C. Kansas City 8, Ma. Chicago 32, III.

Atlanta 3, Ga.
- Cleveland 14, Ohio

Denver 4, Colo. Los Angeles 21, Cal. For sink sure sink satisfaction!

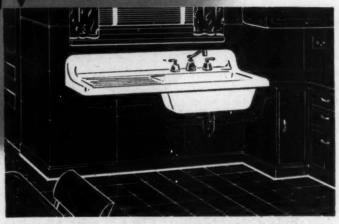




BUILT-IN COUNTER TOP installations are no problem to the Richmond line of fine enameled sinks. Shown here is the Shelton, plate No. 2115, a flat rim sink with double compartments—drilled for supply fittings. Sizes 32° x 21° and 42° x 21°.

DESIGNED FOR BEAUTY AND EFFICIENCY—Richmond ledgeback sinks with single or double drainboards are ideal for base cabinet installations in the most modern of kitchens. Drilled for deck-type supply fittings with hose and spray. Model shown is the Servilla, plate No. 1535, available in two sizes, 54° x 25° and 60° x 25°.

WHEN ECONOMY of space and cost is paramount, Richmond wall hung units, such as the Sewanee shown here, are just the thing. Unit illustrated as a modern roll-rim sink with single drainboard. Drilled for combination fittings and large strainer. Right drainboard (plate No. 1552) or left drainboard (plate No. 1550), both 42° x 25°.



Specify and install RICHMOND Enameled Cast Iron Sinks...

Sinks for any situation: Wall hung, for counter top, for base cabinets—left, right or double drainboard—single or double compartment. Whether your job is large or small,

Richmond has just the sink for you...Versatile design, acidresisting enamel and rugged cast iron construction guarantee you a superior installation—one that assures customer satisfaction.





Vitreous at its best is embodied in the Richmond line of fine lavatories.

See your wholesaler or MAIL COUPON TODAY	AR-
Richmond Radiator Company 19 East 47th Street, New York 17, N. Y.	
I am interested in further information Enameled Cast Iron sinks. Please send m obligations, of course.	on the Richmond e full details. No
Name . ,	
Company	



Specify Columbia Window Shades — and you get everything you could ask of a shade, plus a name that's known and trusted by millions of users.

Specify COLUMBIA PYROXYLIN — and you get *more* of everything you want! It's a super shade, Columbia's best! Check it point by point!

Columbia Window Shades and Venetian Blinds are sold only through Columbia Authorized Dealers—leading department and furniture stores and shade shops. May we send you samples of PYROXYLIN Window Shades and the name of the Columbia Authorized Dealer nearest you? Write today.

- Ask a Columbia Authorized Dealer -

Columbia
WINDOW SHADES
AND VENETIAN BLINDS

ACTUALLY PAY A PROFIT! Pyroxylin shades, because they're top quality, wear longer than the usual shade life expectancy...allow low maintenance costs...actually make a profit for you, as one large user puts it.

lere's what

METLWAL

user says:

CUT REPLACEMENTS — PYROXYLIN IS WASHABLE! Takes to actual scrubbing — repeated washings—fabric remains firm and sturdy, colors stay fresh. It's waterproof, too, to rain, steam, dampness.

FORGET PINHOLES OR CRACKS! Pyroxylin shades are made on such a closely-woven base, without filler, that they're impervious to cracks and pinholes. Better, longer wear!

COLOR SCHEMING — TAKE YOUR CHOICE! Match or harmonize Pyroxylin with any color plans...14 solid colors, including high-fashion pastels and decorator darks. Duplex combinations, also. Popular PRINTED shades.

VELVET-SMOOTH TO OPERATE! Columbia's shade rollers, made in Columbia's own plant, take care of that! Dependable, silent service throughout Pyroxylin's career.

PIGMY TO GIANT SIZES! Your Columbia Authorized Dealer will make these fine shades to your exact window sizes.

THE COLUMBIA MILLS, INC. . 428 SOUTH WARREN STREET, SYRACUSE 2, N. Y.



Here's what METLWAL user says:

French, Shriner & Urner chose METLWALS

for beauty, movability, durability

CH SHRINER & URNER

QUALITY PER'S SHOKE IN TO. HARR.

"The M-P METLWAL installation in our offices certainly exceeds our expectations ...

...We decided to purchase your partitions since the qualities we sought were so markedly embodied in them...

...The completeness of the erec-tion and final appearance of mod-ern simplicity and exceptional wood grain finish have more than justified our investment...

...We have received many favorable comments from visitors."



Mr. B. M. Shriner, President French, Shriner & Urner Boston, Mass.

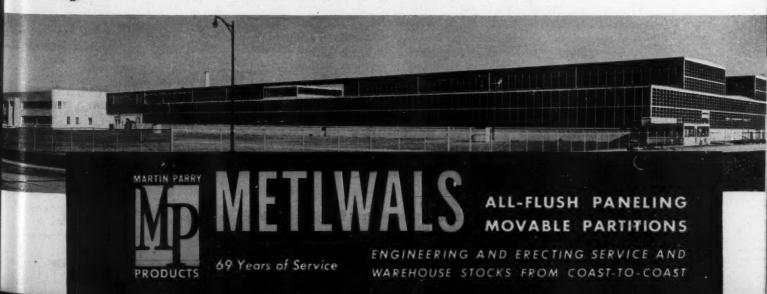
METLWAL Partitions and Paneling have a lot to offer! Metlwals alone combine distinctive beauty—simple construction-easy maintenanceand rapid installation. They're factory-finished in rich wood grain reproductions or baked enamel . . . will not reflect harsh, metallic light ... will not chip, crack or craze ... are Bonderized against rust.

METLWALS are installed in four easy steps by erection crews . . . (1) attach floor and ceiling channels; (2) insert studs in channels; (3) snap on panels; (4) slip on base. One man can handle a full-size panel. All parts and panels can be cut on the job. No need for plaster in new construction. No filler boards or patchwork. Only a few standard parts from warehouse stock. And Martin-Parry's modern production facilities, in our huge new Toledo plant (one wing shown below), insure uniform panels for interchangeability . . . long-wearing installations that hold maintenance costs to a new low!



Write teday for your copy of our latest catalog A-3, containing METLWAL specifications, drawings and installation photographs. See how METL-WAL ean help you plan beautiful interiors. Send for information to: Martin-Parry Corporation,

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Every clock in the building or plant showing the same uniform time to the second; signals ringing in synchronism according to any schedule; time recorders and time stamps uniform with system time—this is the new IBM Electric Time System with Electronic Self-regulation.

This is the great advance in time control which utilizes electronic principles. Clocks are merely connected to the nearest 60-cycle AC current, and are self-regulated

continuously and automatically day after day, year after year, WITHOUT SPECIAL CLOCK WIRING.

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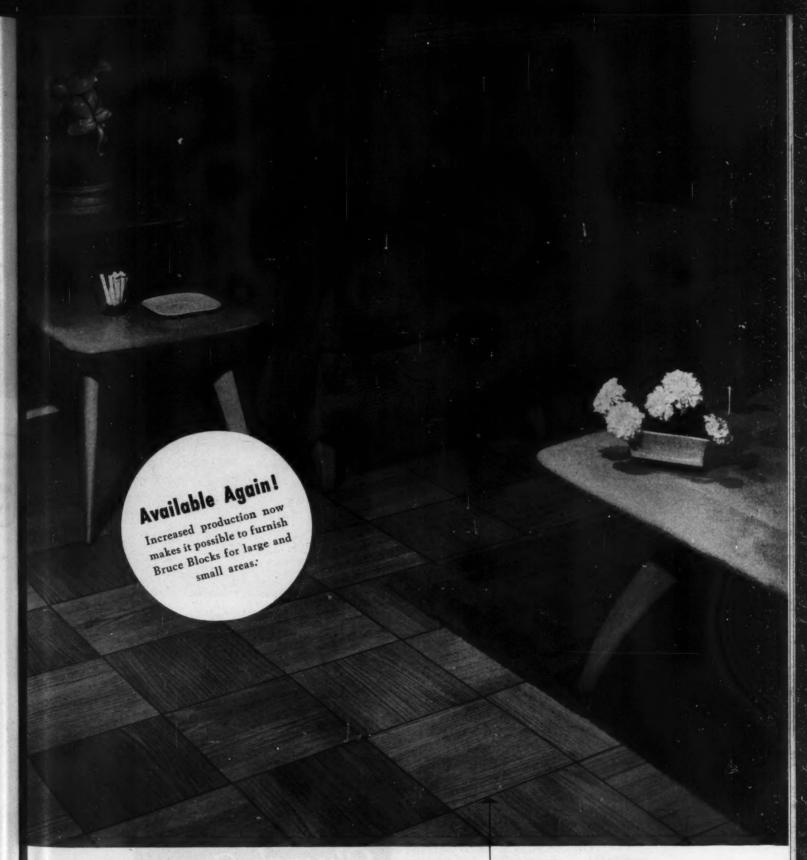
International Business Machines Corporation, World Headquarters Building, 590 Madison Avenue, New York 22, N. Y.

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replaced ... easy over con-

See our



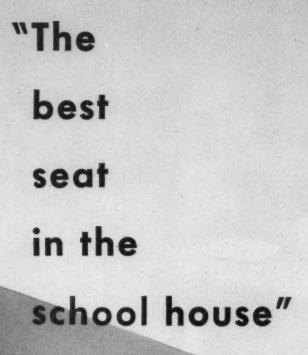
For modern beauty • • • for long-time economy in apartments, homes, offices, stores, schools

This modern hardwood floor will last the lifetime of a home or building. Thus it's far more economical than floors or floor coverings that must be replaced every few years. It's a quiet, resilient, warm, comfortable floor ... easy to keep clean and beautiful. Installation is simple: laid in mastic over concrete, or nailed over wood subfloor.



Bruce Block

See our catalog in Sweet's, or write: E. L. BRUCE CO., MEMPHIS, TENN. · World's Largest Maker of Hardwood Floors



Church Mol-Tex Seats are the preferred choice for schools because they give lasting service and complete satisfaction. Built to take plenty of punishment, they always retain their gleaming, attractive appearance. Specify Church Mol-Tex—the first cost is the last cost. They never need replacing.



CHURCH MOL-TEX SEAT



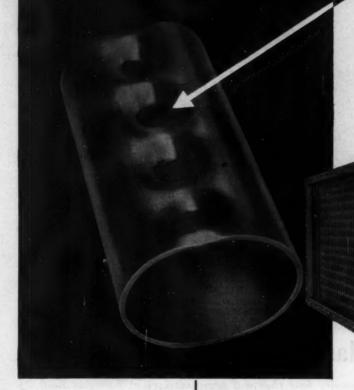
Division of American Rabiator & Standard Sanitary Corporat

Serving home and industry

AMERICAN-STANDARD . AMERICAN BLOWER . CHURCH SEATS . DETROIT LUBRICATOR . KEWANEE BOILER . ROSS HEATER . TONAWANDA IRON

Pardon the intrusion

···but it makes a better coil!



Blast coils take quite a beating, especially during the critical warm-up period. During the first three minutes of operation, unequal expansion places heavy stresses on the core—stresses that can cause eventual breakdown of the average coil.

McQuay blast coils are engineered to put the load on the heavy wall headers rather than on the thin wall tubes. McQuay headers in turn are designed to compensate for these stresses by flexing with the expanding or contracting core.

Flexible eliptube headers with intruded tube holes mean longer coil life despite operational rigors. Ripple-Fin construction with plate-type fins locked to tubes by hydraulic expansion means maximum heat transfer efficiency year after year. For all coil requirements and especially for high pressure applications it's good planning to specify McQuay. Representatives in principal cities, or write McQuay, Inc., 1605 Broadway Street N.E., Minneapolis 13, Minnesota.

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HEATING . AIR CONDITIONING . REFRIGERATION

intruded tube holes -

elliptical headers—two reasons why McQuay

blast coils last longer.

Inherent flexibility of the

eliptube header plus the semi-bellows effect of

the intruded tube holes

puts warm-up loads

where they belong—on the header and not on

the core of the coil.

ROOF DATA ON THE BROADWAY DEPARTMENT STORE . LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

Architect: Albert B. Gardner, Los Angeles Roof Deck: Concrete Slope: Flat deck Roof Insulation: Fiberglas* Roof Insulation, 60,000 square feet of 13/16" material, used in two layers. Roofing: 4-ply 15# and gravel.



Outstanding Reasons for specifying Fiberglas Roof Insulation



"The Design of Insulated Roofs"

This 36-page manual contains a wealth of information on the design of roof structures, and gives full details on the structures, and gives full details on the proper specification of Fiberglas Roof Insulation. A.I.A. File No. 37. If you do not have a copy, write us today. Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation, Dept. 831, Toledo 1, Ohio . . . In Canada: Fiberglas Canada Ltd., Toronto, Ontario.

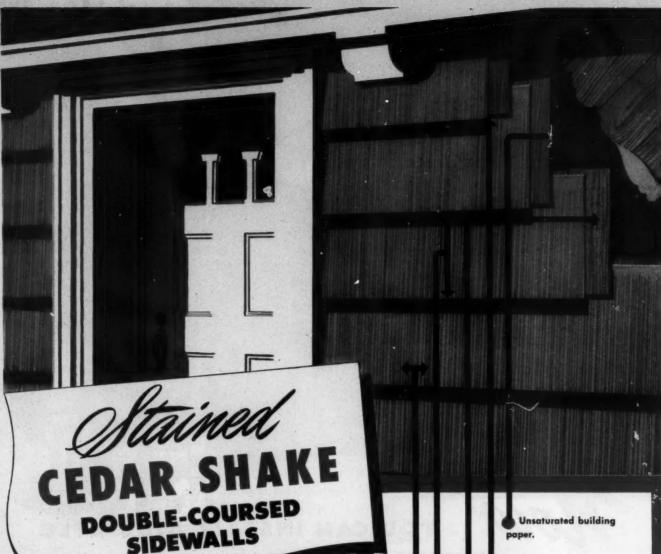
- Exceptionally low thermal conductance of Fiberglas Roof Insulation contributes markedly to interior comfort and heating economy. Permits use of minimum thickness for any desired degree of protection.
 - •Virtual immunity to moisture. Its glass fibers will not rot or decay. (Accelerated weathering tests in an independent laboratory prove that Fiberglas Board, after the equivalent of 75 years service, retains the characteristics of a satisfactory insulation.)
 - Dimensional stability. Fiberglas Roof Insulation will not swell, shrink, warp or buckle. Recent technological improvements permit a substantial increase in rigidity without affecting its high insulating efficiency.
 - Low weight. Weighs only 1.31 lbs. per square foot in 1" thickness; adds no significant dead load to the structure.
 - · Competitive cost. Fiberglas Roof Insulation is competitive in price with most ordinary materials, costs no more to install.

Whenever you want these qualities, you can specify Fiberglas with complete confidence.

OWENS-CORNING

BUILDING MATERIALS

BUILDING INSULATION . ACCUSTICAL TILE AND BOARD . ROOF INSULATION . MEMBRANE FABRIC . ALSO BASIC MATERIALS FOR SIDING, ETC.



Utilize this modern, versatile treatment for exterior sidewalls to achieve economy, beauty and durability. Pre-stained cedar shakes are being specified with increasing frequency because they offer the advantages of true parallel edges, machine-squared butts and attractive "combed" groove surface resembling natural hand split shake texture. Dip-staining while still dry from the kilns assures deep penetration of the protective, life-giving stains; and adds surface seal to eliminate expansion and contraction of shakes after application.

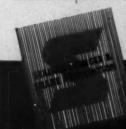
Modular exposure (optional from 8" to 16") of double-coursed shake sidewalls offers the architect greater flexibility of design, and the utilization of inexpensive "undercoursing" grade shingles for the concealed layers makes the double-coursing method of application truly economical. Tight joints, unbroken horizontal shadow lines, color variety and simplicity of application are inherent in Stained Cedar Shakes for homes of all sizes.

Outer course is laid 1/4" lower than the concealed layer.

Unstained Red Label, No. 3 or undercoursing Grade Shingles are used for the under course.

Weather exposures may be varied to achieve many desirable architectural effects. Sixteen-inch shakes may be exposed up to 12" to the weather. Eighteeninch shakes allow exposures as great as 14" to the weather. Twenty-four-inch shakes allow 16" exposures.

Two rust-resistant, small head 5d nails per shake for outer course, applied 2" above buttline and %" from edges. Use a third nail in shingles wider than eight inches. Joints are tight or spaced.



REFER TO SWEET'S FILE 8b/7a

for complete details and specifications

ASSOCIATED MANUFACTURERS



SYSTEMS WITH COPPER OR STEEL PIPE

THRUSH Adjustable Supply Tees for perfectly balanced one-pipe heating, are now available in bronze for solder connections as well as cast iron. You may offer the many advantages of the Ajustaflo System with either copper or steel pipe installations. Heating efficiency is improved because just the right amount of water may be diverted to each radiator. Convenient exterior lever adjustment determines the amount of hot water passing from the main through each radiator. This assures uniform heating in every room. Flow of water through the main is increased . . . not throttled . . . when branch flow is cut down by this method.



SCHLAGE



Chicago's Wester Momental Hospital

prohitects. Figure, F. et and Rolkinson

Cambridge Design

SCHLAGE

LOCK COMPANY

THE CHARGE OF LAFTY VIRK

Prominent architect selects KIMSUL* for low cost, high insulating efficiency

The dramatic new home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Buckner, overlooking the Pacific Ocean, near Carmel, California. Jon Konigshofer, Designer and Builder. Kimberly-Clark Corporation Neenah, Wisconsin

Gentlemen:

Our experience with Kimsul insulation during the past few years has been most satisfactory. We found it particularly suitable for the Buckner house, a very special project of ours in Carmel, California.

In addition to fulfilling the wishes of our client, we wanted to prove that low-cost homes can be erected in a short period of time and still be attractively designed. We therefore selected Kimsul for its low cost and high insulating efficiency. As usual, it proved to be exceptionally easy to install, and helped to keep construction moving along rapidly.

As you can see, the Buckner house has many unusual features which have created considerable interest all over the country. Naturally, we are very proud of it and hope to build many more houses just as interesting and dramatic in design. And, of course, we'll continue to use Kimsul insulation.

Very truly yours

Jon Konigshofer
Jon Konigshofer

Jon Konigshofer Designer and Builder



Designers and builders of every type home across the country are discovering that it pays more to insulate with KIMSUL. For KIMSUL offers an exceptional combination of low cost and high insulating efficiency (0.27).

KIMSUL is the only many-layer stitched blanket insulation, and provides an entirely different kind of comfort. "Kimsul comfort" means uniform temperatures throughout every room in the house! No thick spots—no thin spots where heat can leak out. Kimsul comes in light, handy compressed rolls, so it's easier and more profitable to install. No need for skilled workmen or expensive machinery. And the fire-resistant Pyrogard.

cover is an exclusive feature of this fine insulation.

For further information and free technical literature, see your KIMSUL dealer. Or simply write to:

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KIMSUL Division . Neenah, Wisconsin

America's Finest New Homes
Are Insulated With KIMSUL!



*T. M. Rez. U. S. & Can. Pat. Off.

"fuse box" is now...

FUSELESS!
SHOCKPROOF!
SHOCKPROOF!
AUTOMATIC!



THERMAL-MAGNETIC CIRCUIT BREAKER
For use in load centers up to 16 single poles
or a combination of single and double poles
totaling 16 poles maximum. Capacities:
15-20-30-40-50 amps; for 120 and 120/240
mits AC service only.



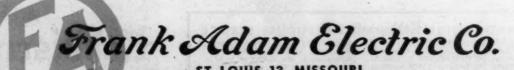
Automatic thermal trip for use in load centers, 6 circuits or less. Also for oil barner or stoker protection... or sobere smaller capacity circuit breakers are desired. Capacities: 10-15-20-30 amps.; 120 mls. A. caraire and since to be.

THAT'S RIGHT! When short circuits or dangerous overloads occur, the Thermal-Magnetic action of the ® THERMAG Circuit Breaker Load Center instantly and automatically opens the circuit and trips the circuit breaker handle to "off" position. Then, safely and conveniently, a simple flip of the handle to "on" position restores the circuit to normal operation. And there is nothing to replace!

On harmless momentary overload, the *thermal* action of the individual circuit breaker maintains the circuit without needless interruption of service.

In cases of smaller capacity requirements, the new **(3)** JUNIOR Circuit Breaker Load Center provides *automatic* protection for small residences, garages, stores, etc.

For more information, consult your @ Representative (he's listed in Sweet's) or write for Bulletins No. 202 and 203.



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Roddiscraft Symbol of Quality for over 50 Years

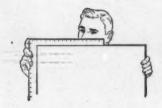
HARDWOOD PLYWOOD FIR PLYWOOD FORMICA



Belt sanded to satin smoothness



Edges clean as a whistle



Corners . . . precision true

The knowledge and experience gained through more than fifty years of working with wood is built into Roddiscraft plywood. You can see the difference in faces, edges, corners-it's a quality product.

You know Roddiscraft knows your needs when

you deal with our warehouses. They are servicecenters equipped and stocked to meet the needs of customers in each area.

This combination of quality products and service keyed to your needs is a Roddiscraft tradition.

Fir Plywood

Available in both interior and exterior grades. Complete warehouse stocks in standard sizes and thicknesses.

Roddiscraft Hardwood Plywood

Lumber and veneer core - available in a variety of domestic and foreign woods. Standard sizes and thicknesses available for immediate delivery from warehouse stocks.

Formica sheet stock available in a wide rariety of colors and patterns.

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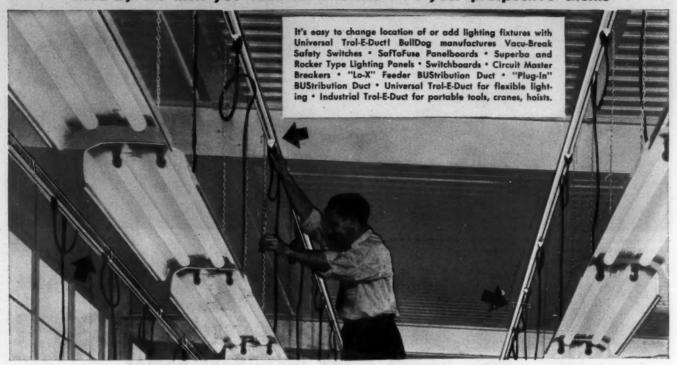
DEALERS IN ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES

Roddis Plywood Corporation

MARSHFIELD, WISCONSIN

- ARCHITECTS and ENGINEERS -

This message will also appear in a broad list of publications that are read by the men you seek to influence . . . your prospective clients



Highlights on low lighting costs

Have you ever looked into the cost of a simple job like moving or adding a fixture in an ordinary lighting system?

First, there are new materials—wire, conduit, junction box, outlet box, hangers, etc.; then, labor expense for splicing, threading, bending, taping, etc.; finally, loss of production while power is shut off for connections.

There is no need to see profits drain away like this. Plug the leak with BullDog Universal Trol-E-Duct.

BullDog Universal Trol-E-Duct is a flexible electrical system providing current where you want it, when you want it. Every inch of the enclosed copper bus bars in Universal Trol-E-Duct can be utilized as an outlet for lighting fixtures. You can plug in for current at any point along its slotted duct. Bus bar capacity: 50 Amps., 250 Volts.

BullDog Universal Trol-E-Duct is 100% salvable, thus lends itself to major or minor plant changes. Simply dismantle prefabricated parts and reinstall to meet your new requirements. Not a single piece need be scrapped.

Ask your local BullDog Field Engineer to show you a Universal Trol-E-Duct installation in your own neighborhood.

BuilDog Field Engineers welcome the opportunity to sit in with you during the early planning stages of a building project. Their knowledge of electrical distribution layout can mean savings in installation costs, as well as efficiency and reliability in actual operation. Why not take advantage of this service?

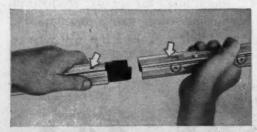
BULLDOG ELECTRIC PRODUCTS COMPANY

DETROIT 32, MICHIGAN • FIELD OFFICES IN ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES
IN CANADA: BULLDOG ELECTRIC PRODUCTS OF CANADA, LTD., TORONTO

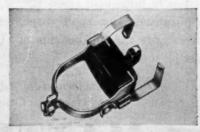


BULLDOG

HEADQUARTERS FOR ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION



BullDog Universal Trol-E-Duct is prefabricated in one to ten foot lengths for easy installation. A variety of couplings with specialized purposes join sections. Connections slip together; no nuts or bolts.



Terminal Twistout Plug, one of several types used to tap current from Universal Trol-E-Duct. Duct also accommodates movable trolley-type outlets.



inserting a twistout plug is easy. Contact end is inserted in slot and twisted. "L"shaped supporting fingers slide easily over top of duct.

D



This Indiana housing development features "Century" Asbestos-Cement Siding on first stories, with K&M "Century" Apac board used as skirting at the foundations.



On this attractive home, "Century" Siding creates a pleasing effect, while blending with other materials.

For low-cost housing developments or individual homes...

K&M "Century"

Asbestos-Cement Siding

provides maximum protection

with beauty and simplicity



No. 57 "Century" Asbestos-Cement Siding supplied in shell white or graytone, straight or wavy buttline styles.

When you specify "Century" Asbestos-Cement Siding, you provide a trim, attractive appearance . . . while guaranteeing a practical, fire-weather-and-rot-resisting exterior that will actually toughen with age.

"Century" Siding has a deep-grained, weathered cypress finish that effectively duplicates wood... with thick butts that cast the deep shadow line your clients desire. It resists attacks by rodents and termites, never needs protective painting.

In computing your costs, remember "Century" Asbestos-Cement Siding comes in large unit sizes, 12" x 24", which make for speedy, economical application. Any good carpenter can install them easily and quickly. Investigate the full benefits of "Century" Siding. Your letter will receive our prompt attention.

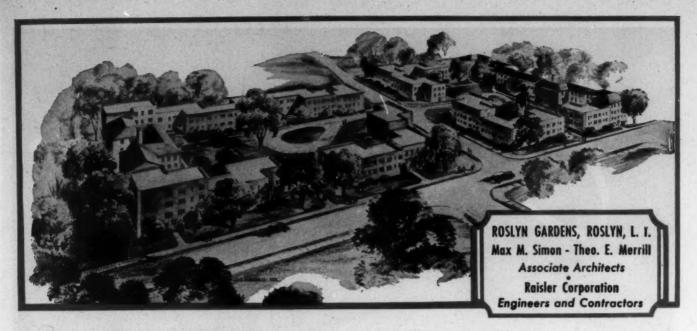
Original manufacturers of Asbestos-Cement Shingles in this Country

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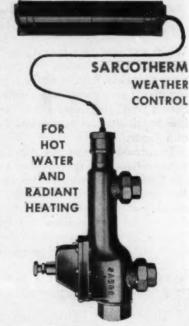
Another BIG APARTMENT PROJECT SELECTS SARCOTHERM

Simplified Heat Control

The engineers of this six acre F.H.A. development, providing 217 moderate priced apartments, assured utmost heating comfort by deciding on Sarcotherm Control for the forced hot water system.

"Simplicity and Low Cost" were again the deciding factors. More and more engineers are realizing that the luxury of a control that modulates for both outside and inside temperatures is also an economy—in first cost, in fuel, and in maintenance costs.

Sarcotherm has thrived on comparisons. On plans, on price, in service, the more you compare, the better Sarcotherm looks. Why not see some of the many jobs in your territory?





Sarcotherm

SARCOTHERM CONTROLS, INC. • Empire State Bldg. • NEW YORK 1, N. Y.

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Hundreds of homes have been built ground Servel ALL-YEAR Air Conditioning

When you plan new homes around Servel All-Year Air Conditioning, you not only provide your clients or buyers with a heating and cooling plant; you give them comfort. For, with a Servel unit, the home owner can control his indoor climate the year round . . . at the flick of a finger.

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Get the facts on Servel All-Year Air Conditioning from your local Gas Company or Servel dealer. Or write direct to Servel, Inc., 8902 Morton Ave., Evansville 20, Indiana.



Conditioning unit, and we are always proud to have visitors come in," writes Mr. G. W. Athey of 1106 W. York Street, Enid. 5 Newcomb Boulevard, New Orleans.



OKLAHOMA. "Our entire family praises our Servel All-Year Air LOUISIANA. "We are very much satisfied with our investment in a Servel All-Year Air Conditioner," states Clay W. Beckner,

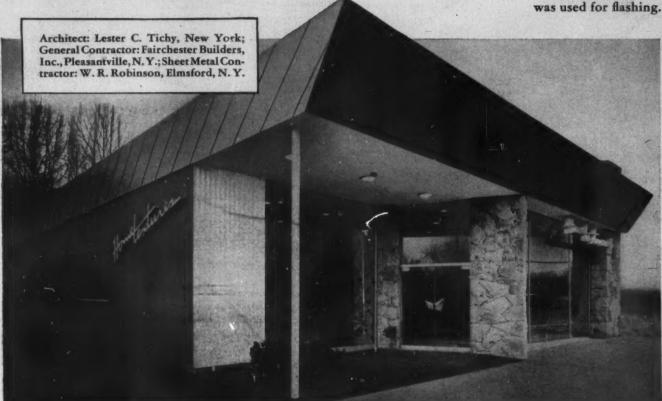


MARKET DESTRUCTORS KOUM FOR

TEXAS. "We keep our home cool all summer and warm all winter with Servel All-Year Air Conditioning," comments Mr. Nelson Waggener, 7700 Mockingbird Lane, Dallas.

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Note the facing of Revere 20 oz. cold rolled copper, in sheets approximately 2'x4', which goes around 3 sides of this modern store building. The copper will be allowed to age naturally, and at all stages (particularly after the patina develops) will harmonize with the chocolate brown siding. 16 oz. Revere Copper



Colorful and lasting beauty is provided by the sheet copper facing around the new Home Textures store in White Plains, New York. In addition, both original cost and maintenance of the copper facing are extremely low.

This new building is another striking proof of the versatility of Revere Sheet Copper—the metal that is equally suitable for modern or traditional architecture ... for big jobs or small jobs ... indoors or outdoors. In fact, it makes sense to rely on copper whenever you want beautiful and lasting sheet metal construction.

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manual of sheet copper construction has been widely distributed to architects and sheet metal contractors, and there is probably a copy in your files. Be sure to refer to it as your guide to fine and durable sheet copper construction.

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Photo by Ezra Stoller: Pictorial Services.

Design flexibility of tile makes possible such imaginative applications as this kitchen. Carl Koch, Architect, designed it for his own home at Snake Hill, Belmont, Massachusetts.

Sparkling tile colors can be used in modern arrangements or patterns to enhance any decorative theme. And, you know that colors won't fade or darken because tile's beauty is fired-in for a lifetime of loveliness.

Easy to clean and keep clean, tile never needs waxing, polishing or refinishing. Homeowners appreciate, too, the fact that water rolls off without leaving stubborn, streaky blemishes.

The Tile Council of America was formed in January 1945 to provide a central source of information about floor and wall tile, and to sponsor research and development projects designed to increase the usefulness of tile in all types of private and public building.

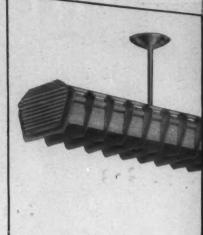
Bright and efficient, clay tile for floors, walls and countertops keeps its fresh, spic-and-span appearance for a lifetime. Exposure to heat or cold, dampness or dryness will not affect clay tile.

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For specific information regarding available types, sizes and colors, see *Sweets Architectural or E-C-A File*. THE TILE COUNCIL OF AMERICA, Room 3401: 10 East 40th Street, New York 16, N. Y. Room 433: 727 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles, California.

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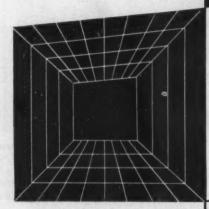
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REASONS WHY ONE ARCHITECT CHOSE

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3 ECONOMY

Exterior view of school. Electrical wiring is installed through factory-punched holes in frame members.



Interior view of school under construction. Note how wood collateral is nailed directly to metal framing.

Here is what Benjamin Kenneth Wyatt, architect for the Robstown, Texas and other school buildings, says about Stran-Steel Framing:

"We have used Stran-Steel construction in several recent school buildings.

"Besides being most flexible for modern design, providing light cantilevered construction, thin window mullions used with collateral materials, economical suspended furring, Stran-Steel offers great rigidity with speed of erection for greater economy.

"Being able to nail to Stran-Steel framing gives the economy of wood framing for dry wall construction (Knox School) also eliminates furring for metal lath (Robstown Schools) in plaster construction. Fire-safety and long life is of paramount importance in school building construction, and incombustible Stran-Steel framework meets both of these requirements."

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Stran-Steel framing for Robstown Elementary School.



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A-5240-AL LUMINAIRE*—Aluminum side-panels and transverse louvers distinguish this unit. Side-panels are longitudinally embossed for added appearance and strength. Efficiency—78%.

A-5240-ST LUMINAIRE*—Entire unit is 20 gauge sheetsteel. Transverse louvers and longitudinal reflectors are baked-on white enamel. Embossed side-panels are baked-on metallic silver-finish. Efficiency—03%.

Die-formed, metal parts assure precision fit, maximum rigidity and strength. One-piece construction with open bottom allows ready access to wiring channels from below when installing the luminaires. Medallion silhouettes of President Monroe, superimposed over cross-quills, add a decorative note to the ends and conceal knockouts used for continuous-runs.

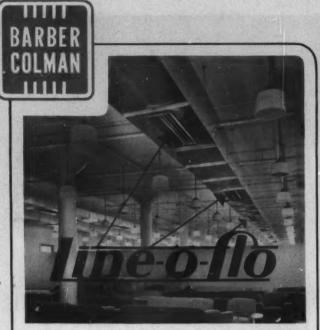
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Illustration of continuous-strip "LL"
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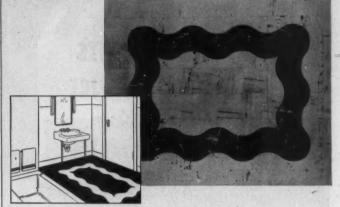
the ceiling of a hotel dining room.

LITERATURE

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... It is easy with wall-mounted toilets like this one. Once over with a damp cloth, and Crane school fixtures shine like new.

Shown: the 3-468
Lowall Closet.





D

One of a series of papers prepared by leading authorities on air conditioning. The opinions and methods presented are their own and are not necessarily endorsed by Kinetic Chemicals, Inc.

AIR CONDITIONING THE MODERN SPECIALTY SHOP

by Bruce Jacobi, Chief Engineer, Lerner Stores Corporation, New York.



Bruce Jacobi, a graduate engineer of Carnegie Institute of Technology, has complete control of design and installation of air conditioning systems in chain of 200 stores in 42 states. He is a member of the A.S.H.V.E.

Because women spend from 20 minutes to well over an hour in the average specialty shop, air conditioning serves a double purpose. It affords both comfort for customers and protection for merchandise. Ordinarily, without air conditioning, merchandise losses may run high owing to handling, perspiration, staining and the like. A "pre-cooled" customer who tries on a dress seldom damages it.

STORE ENTRANCE DOORS

One of the most critical points in cooling or heating the busy store is at the entranceway. Adequate provision for this area facilitates conditioning the main sales area.

Doors are opened so frequently in most shops that cooling loads must be calculated on the assumption that they are *constantly* open. For this reason it is necessary to develop a positive air pressure at the entrance and to provide for exfiltration of air into the store lobby. This may be accomplished by adjusting the return air damper on the sales floor until a positive pressure condition is obtained at the doorway.

In tall buildings, a stack effect is frequently prevalent. In such cases, the return air damper adjustment may be insufficient to effect suitable exfiltration into the lobby. A supply outlet above the entrance, however, can be designed to deliver sufficient air to blanket infiltration.

Heating during cold months is as important as cooling during the warm periods. For the cold seasons, a booster heating coil—controlled by a



Store entranceway showing front door booster system, utilizing high velocity ejectors.

thermostat located near the doors—may be placed in a supply duct at the entrance. In some instances, a thermostatically controlled unit heater can be recessed in the wall near the entrance. Care should be taken to avoid insufficient, or excessive, heating, at this point.

Multiple entrances in wider stores will require a separate centrifugal blower installed in the hung ceiling above the entrance, or in the basement below it. A separate duct system with cooling and heating coils and high velocity ejectors, installed along the entire width, is most effective.

AIR DISTRIBUTION

Air distribution presents a different problem for each store. It is contended by many that wall type grilles frequently interfere with decorative plans and that, like light sources, air outlets should not be apparent. Hung ceilings allow for architectural blending of lighting fixtures with the air outlets, and the use of ceiling air dispersal points permits designing a draftless type of distribution.

SYSTEMS

In larger stores with installations of 50 tons or more, two or more separate air conditioning units, each complete in itself, will provide better results than one large, central unit with a single blower. The separate units increase flexibility and allow greater ease of operation. In the event that one unit becomes inoperative, the other continues to function and the store will not then be entirely without air conditioning. Several small units also permit by-passing one into another if required during a breakdown period. Although more expensive to install, the savings over a period of years, obtained through flexibility of operation and better air conditioning, more than offset initial costs.

An air conditioning system does not improve with age and use. It is therefore desirable to install a system slightly larger than design calculations indicate to overcome inefficiencies which may develop, such as dirt collection on coils or normal wearing of mechanical parts.

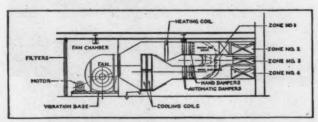
FITTING ROOMS

This area has a more concentrated occupancy than any other part of the store. Generally it is enclosed with a low ceiling and is separated from the sales area. Customers spend more time here than in other areas.

It is desirable to install a separate zone from the fan outlet into the fitting room area. A booster coil connected to a small condensing unit may be installed within this duct and a booster coil may also be placed in it. The area usually requires slightly higher temperature than other parts of the store because customers disrobe while trying on various garments. A two or three degree differential has been found satisfactory in most cases.

It is important that a sufficient amount of outside air be circulated in fitting rooms to prevent odors. This air must be rapidly exhausted, discarded and not re-circulated.

DOUBLE PLENUM SYSTEM



Typical elevation illustrating the double plenum system. Note cooling and heating coils.

Zoning is important where more than one sales floor is encountered. Recently, many stores have been designed with the double plenum hot and cold deck, blow through system (see diagram). Thermostatically controlled dampers regulate conditions in each zone. The double plenum system has the advantage of concentrating all air conditioning equipment in one room. It possesses a vast amount of flexibility in being able to divert heat-

ing and cooling loads from regions where they are less required to areas in which there is a heavy concentration.

LIGHTING and SHOW WINDOWS

Lighting in most stores is designed to maintain a level of 35 to 50 footcandles. Because of color distortion in apparel shops, fluorescent lighting is generally confined to decorative treatments and incandescent lighting is used as a primary source. Consideration should be given to the popular trend of eliminating show window backings. Where formerly an insulated partition sepa-



Air conditioning outlet in modern, backless window which extends into the main sales area.

rated show windows from sales areas, today the windows of many stores are part of the general sales area.

Windows are normally lighted along their periphery with 150 watts per running foot. In addition, during the cooling season the solar effect upon the window, with increased cooling load, must be considered. Conversely, heat loss is experienced during the colder periods of the year. Glass of low thermal conductivity aids in reducing this condition.

To overcome increased loads, air outlets are required within display window areas. These provide comfort for window trimmers and also provide protection for materials that are affected by extremes of heat or cold. A concealed blower and heating coil above the window ceiling, so placed that air is directed against the glass, will prevent frosting and objectionable condensation . . . keeping the window clear at all times.

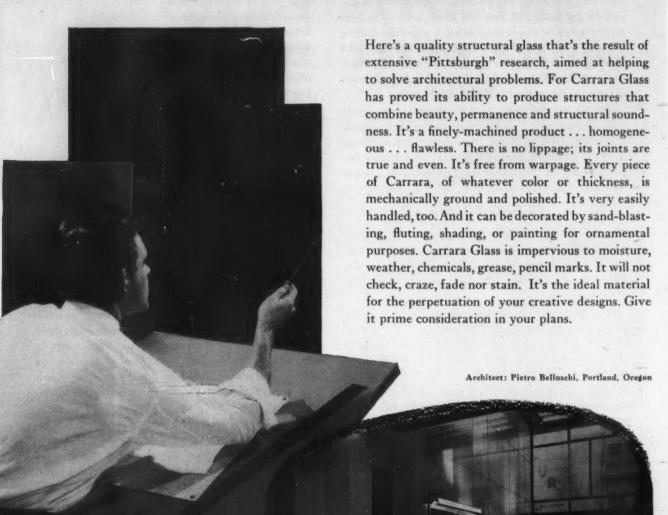
In specifying air conditioning equipment for modern stores, restaurants, theaters, and other public gathering places, it is well to be certain that the recommended equipment is designed to utilize "Freon" refrigerants. These refrigerants are safe . . . nontoxic, nonflammable, nonexplosive, noncorrosive, anhydrous, and are as pure as scientific methods of manufacture can produce. They assure dependable, economical operation of the system and aid in prolonging its useful life. Kinetic Chemicals, Inc., Tenth and Market Sts., Wilmington 98, Delaware.



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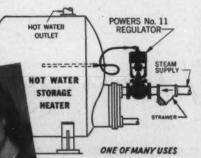
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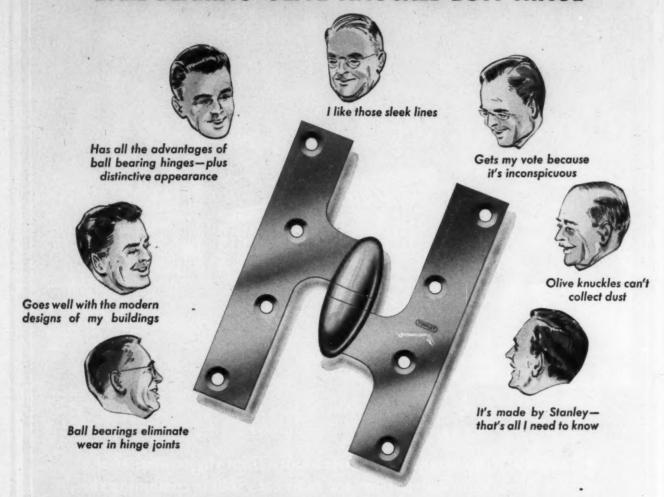
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RECORD

REVELATION BY COMPETITION

When you come to think of it (and we hope you will), the designs submitted in competition are most revealing — and in more ways than one. They disclose present architectural virtues, vices and significant trends, as well as discovering a modicum of hidden talent. They are worth far more than a casual glance and a dismissal with a note of personal approval or rejection. The designs inherently reflect and express current influences, philosophies, tastes, theories, educational emphases, esthetic tenets — and these, rather than the designs themselves, are food for thought. They thus reveal much of the present state of architectural design — and are portents of its future. They may even suggest that it is time to take stock of the current approaches and emphases with an eye to clarifying our own thinking and establishing a new or reaffirmed direction.

It is natural, in part because of the forward-looking sponsorship of the competition, that one should find no designs that hark back to period stylism. All are in the vernacular and idioms of the present. It is not difficult, however, to find the sources of inspiration (or imitation) for most of the designs; the great tradition of architecture — eclecticism — is still evident. The designers no longer choose the masses, molding and mannerisms of Brunelleschi, Bramante, Sanmicheli and Vignola, but select as models the works of Mies, Wright, Corbusier, Gropius, Breuer or other modern masters.

As has always been the case, some designers use their chosen precedent intelligently, others adopt unthinkingly forms or details from the latest magazine-featured building. Novelty of design rather than appropriateness of form to purpose too often proves more intriguing to the young (or old) disciple whose mental processes do not involve analysis.

Too few designs show minds and hands thoroughly trained to plan for use — to analyze the activities to be housed and the character of the space and facilities to serve them. It takes imagination as well as logic to provide an environment that is both thoroughly convenient in use and a joy to experience. Too many plans submitted seemed to be exercises in abstract pattern rather than indications of thoughtfully organized space for people to use and enjoy.

This preoccupation with form may indicate the current dominance of the esthetic interest in architecture rather than the materialistic, scientific, or so-called "functional." Such an interest may augur well for the future of the fine art of architecture, whether one expects or hopes the developments will tend toward "monumentality," "the new empiricism," "indigenous localism," the "organic" or what have you.

Whether or not you find that any of the designs chosen by the jury solve the problem of a Mid-Western community center "which will arouse civic pride as well as serve its particular function," we commend to your attention the designs and the jury report and comment as indications of the influences of present educational methods, current periodicals, and professional design leadership on the younger generation whose genius or talent will not always be hidden.

Leweth K. Stowell

HIDDEN TALENT COMPETITION

REPORT OF THE JURY

Joseph Hudnut, Chairman



The jurors are puzzled by a plan. In the usual order, Wallace K. Harrison (hiding Morris Ketchum), Eero Saarinen, Mies van der Rohe, and Dean Hudnut. Below: Mr. Ketchum is no longer hidden



The jury looks up at a design still in the running. From left to right, Morris Ketchum, Ludwig Mies van der Rohe, Eero Saarinen, Wallace K. Harrison and Dean Joseph Hudnut



APPROXIMATELY 500 designs were submitted in the Hidden Talent Competition. These came from every part of the country and furnished as a whole an arresting presentation of the attitude and the ideals of our younger designers in the field of architecture.

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In general it can not be said that the impression created by these designs is an inspiring one. Most of the designs were humdrum in the extreme and the quantity of gold which they unearthed seemed shockingly disproportionate to the dross. Most of the competitors seemed well satisfied to present a practical or commonsense arrangement of the elements and then to clothe these with the familiar clichés of modernism. Rare, indeed, was the designer who attempted to draw from the work to be done and the method to be used that organic form and expression which are the essentials of good design.

The jury gave First Prize to the design of Mr. Joseph Yusuru Fujikawa, of Chicago, because it seemed to them that the design he submitted did possess that kind of organic order which has its source directly in the purpose of the building and in its structure.

It may be thought that a design which is symmetrical in its space arrangement and as simple as the Parthenon in its outward aspects could not be called modern, but to the jury it seemed quite obvious that this symmetry of space was not forced upon the program from some academic source and that the simplicity of the enframement was arrived at through a sincere desire to achieve an expression consistent with the idea of community participation. After all, the requirements of the building were very simple and certainly did not require that torturing of space into all manner of strange relationships and forms which was characteristic of at least half of the designs submitted and it seemed to the jury that no expression could be more suitable for the life of the community than classic purity in outward form. Community life is not expressed in extreme individuality but rather

HIDDEN TALENT COMPETITION

The Jury, beginning its work January 7th, 1949. Final decisions were made on the 8th. Seated, Philip C. Johnson, Professional Adviser (Museum of Modern Art); Ludwig Mies van der Rohe, Director, Department of Architecture, Illinois Institute of Technology. Standing, left to right: Wallace K. Harrison, Director of Planning, United Nations Headquarters; Eero Saarinen, winner of Jefferson National Memorial Competition; Kenneth K. Stowell, Professional Adviser (ARCHITECTURAL RECORD); Morris Ketchum, author "Shops and Stores"; Joseph Hudnut, Dean, Graduate School of Design, Harvard University, Chairman of Jury



in that serene universality which we associate with Greek architecture and which it should be our effort to recapture and make visible in terms of our own technologies.

The Second Prize — a design submitted by Mr. G. Lee Everidge, of Oklahoma City — would seem at first glance to present a curious contrast to the design given First Prize. Certainly it lacks the classic restraint and dignity of the First Prize entry. The jury nevertheless felt that more than one form of expression might be appropriate to the program and that a design based upon the exploitation of present-day structural techniques and upon an ordering of space which is in every way simple and organic might deserve almost equal consideration with the more abstract beauty of the design awarded First Prize. The relationship of lounge, lobby and auditorium is admirable and if the relation of the structure to the spatial pattern is somewhat arbitrary it does not, at any rate, do violence to good sense in planning and construction. There is about the Second Prize design a certain sculptural quality which gives it great interest. Its esthetic might be defined as structural baroque — a form of expression certainly not wholly uncongenial to a mechanized civilization. Some members of the jury could not accept the use of a costly and conspicuous ramp as a means of access to general purpose rooms in a balcony, but it must be admitted that this feature is a source of vitality and interest in the design.

The Third Prize, submitted by Mr. Edward Chase Weren, of Bloomfield Hills, is a design which in many ways achieves the more classic qualities of the design given First Prize. Mr. Weren's design is indeed the most original in conception among those submitted and it combines in a striking way novelty of esthetic expression and excellent judgment in the arrangement of plans. The lounge is so placed as to command wide vistas into the surrounding park, while the elements placed to

right and left are enclosed in a double enframement—first of glass and then of stone. This contrast of open centre and enclosed areas might well result in a pattern of great distinction and beauty. The sense of enclosure would play against the open vistas in a charming manner, and the quality of lighting, especially that of the auditorium, would be not only novel but certainly most satisfying. It may be that in the Third Prize design there is lacking that sense of the community which seemed to the jury to be an essential in the expression to be given the building. Community life could hardly be expressed in an enclosure of blank stone walls. Perhaps also the intimate quality of the interior spaces would be more suitable for a residence than for a public building.

The design submitted by Herbert S. Johnson, of Gainesville, Florida, was given Fourth Place since it offered a plan which seemed logical, even if somewhat more loosely organized than the designs previously mentioned. Mr. Johnson has exploited two of the favorite clichés in modern design; namely, the butterfly roof and the court open through the roof. These were once interesting devices but it must be said frankly that they have lost something of their novelty after 100,000 repetitions.

The design awarded Fifth Place submitted by Mr. William R. Reed, of Chicago, won the jury by its daring originality and the boldness of its attack upon the problem. Had the theme been other than that of a community centre, this design would have received a higher rating; but the jury found it hard to reconcile the design with the requirements or the expression of a midwestern community.

The design of Mr. Louis F. Mammier, of Brooklyn, New York, would have received a higher place, had it not been for the strange inconsistency of judgment which weighted a row of metal columns with a wall of rubble masonry. Mr. Mammier's plan is excellent, not only because of its good sense but also because of a feeling of organic unity throughout the enclosed spaces, and its exterior has a reticence combined with a bold exploitation of modern techniques which is admirable.

The design submitted by Mr. Clifford G. Foreman, of Homestead, Pennsylvania, shows competence in the organization of facilities but seems a little complex in its outward forms for so small a building.

The design of Mr. Edward Fearney, of Gainesville, Florida, held the jury's attention for a considerable period of time, and his design was considered one of the most original and daring among those submitted—especially in its management of flowing space—but as a whole it lacked those practical qualities which were obviously essential to the program.

The design submitted by Mr. Spero Paul Daltas, of Boston, is that of a man who is especially sensitive to spatial values; and that of Mr. George Rafferty, of St. Paul, pleased the jury by its clarity in plan, organization and exterior expression.

Elnor M. Hoops, of Pontiac, Michigan submitted a plan showing very great promise but it was not sufficiently studied; and the design of Mary Ellen Linberger, of Brooklyn, although admirable in directness of organization, was held to be somewhat too Spartan in exploitation of exterior elements.

The design of James V. Hirsch, of St. Paul, was much too busy in plan for so simple a building, giving on the exterior an effect more suited to a commercial building than a building devoted to civic use.

It was the feeling of the jury that the Museum of Modern Art and the Architectural Record have rendered an important service to the architectural profession in the conduct of this competition, which was in every way exceptionally well managed. We hope that the experiment will be repeated frequently.

A Few Thoughts about the Hidden Talent Competition

By Eero Saarinen

I would like to add a few thoughts to the Jury's report. It seems to me that the outcome of the competition can be taken as a statement that there are certain aspects of architecture that should be emphasized—simplicity, the need for an over-all concept in a building, a clear structural system, and, in some cases, the need for a certain formality. I wholeheartedly concur with this, but I also can see the danger in an emphasis on these aspects too early in the design of the building. One runs the risk of designing from the outside in. I therefore would like to emphasize the one thing that is fundamental in any of these expressions of architecture: whatever the expression may be, its roots should be in life itself—the way the building is used and a love for the people who use it.

To illustrate what I mean, I would like to focus on one plan. In my opinion, the plan by Clifford G.

Foreman has these qualities to a high degree, I think more so than many placed higher than his. His plan is a clean, simple, unsophisticated plan, and one can tell that he understands the life and the problems around a community building as they occur in actual life. One can tell that, while designing the building, he imagined himself entering the building and using the lounge, the game room, etc. In a community house, there is the problem of both separation and cancentration. Small committees and meetings need to be closed off; but for other accasions, such as dances, much of the space should be thrown together. Mr. Foreman has understood this part of the problem well. Office, coat room, fireplaces, storage spaces, toilets, etc., are all located well in relation to the normal activities of the community house. Perhaps the only criticism I have is the location and size of

the kitchen. A larger kitchen located to serve one or two of the small rooms as well as the auditorium pleases many a sewing circle. While cost was not a limitation of the program, still we cannot divorce economy from architecture. I think it is to Mr. Foreman's credit that he did not embark upon an extravagant solution. Few communities could afford anything but a modest solution; and if they could, they would add more usable space instead of architecture. It is unfortunate that the over-all mass of the building, as well as its exterior treatment with too complicated roofs, is not up to the standard of the very livable, honest plan.

I am not writing this in the spirit of a minority report, because we were all pretty much in agreement on the Jury. I am writing it more as a postscript on my thinking about the competition.

E. S.

HIDDEN TALENT COMPETITION WINNERS

FIRST PRIZE

Joseph Yusuru Fujikawa Chicago, III.

SECOND PRIZE

G. Lee Everidge Oklahoma City, Okla.

THIRD PRIZE

Edward Chase Weren Bloomfield Hills, Mich.

HONORABLE MENTIONS

Herbert S. Johnson Gainesville, Fla. William R. Reed Chicago, III. Louis F. Mammier Brooklyn, N. Y. Clifford G. Foreman Homestead, Pa. Edward M. Fearney

Gainesville, Fla.

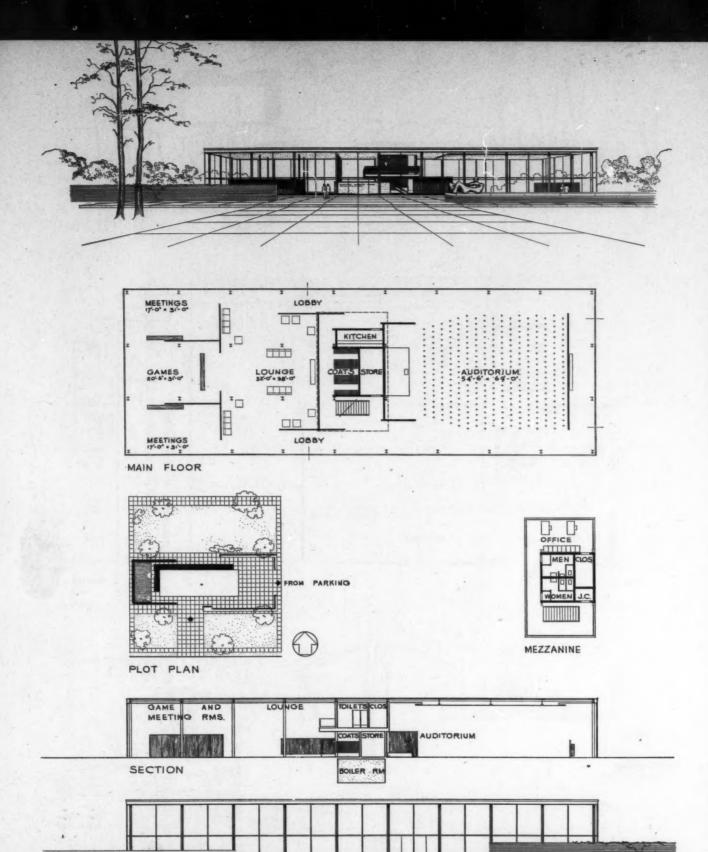
Spero Paul Daltas Boston, Mass. George E. Rafferty St. Paul, Minn. Elnor M. Hoops Pontiac, Mich. Mary Ellen Linberger Brooklyn, N. Y. James V. Hirsch St. Paul, Minn

Arthur C. Giorchino
New York, N. Y.
James Philip Storm
San Francisco, Cal.
Jules Gregory
New York, N. Y.
Jules Gregory
New York, N. Y.
John David Parrish
New Orleans, La.

ADDITIONAL PRIZES

cino Claude M. Pendley, Jr.
Austin, Tex

Charles A. Woehrl, Jr.
Knoxville, Tenn.
Harold C. Rose
Gainesville, Fla.
Vanu Gopalji Bhuta
Bloomfield Hills, Mich.
ish James H. Hofmann
Oakland, Cal.



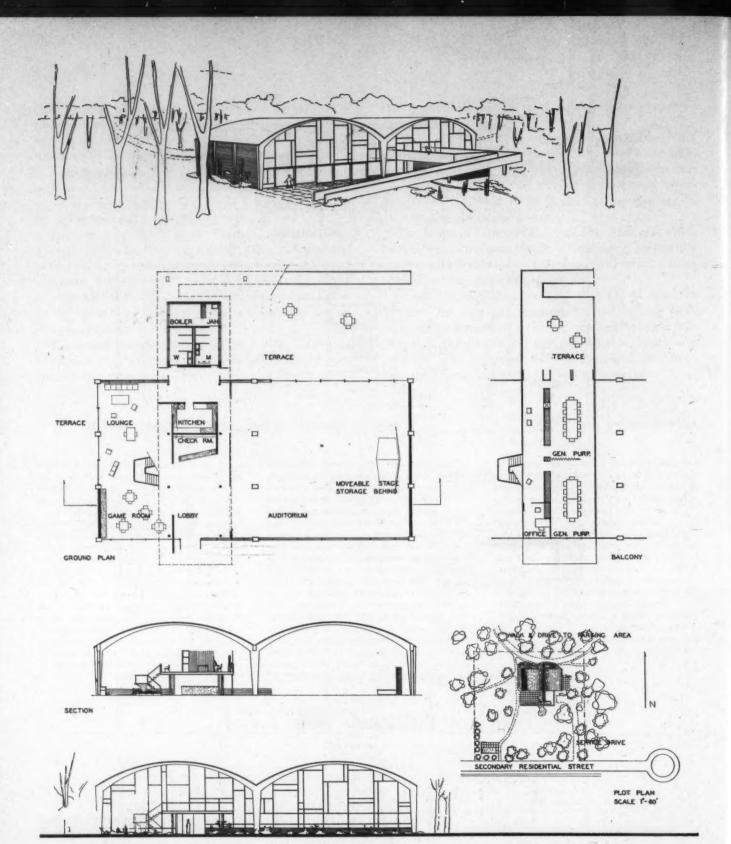
NORTH ELEVATION

FIRST PRIZE: \$1000.00

Joseph Y. Fujikawa, Chicago, Illinois

Born in 1922, attended the University of Southern California 1939–42, and then went to Illinois Institute of Technology where he received his degree B.S. in Architecture in 1944. He served in the United States Army 1944–45 and since 1946 has been in the office of Ludwig Mies van der Rohe, and also has been doing graduate work at Illinois Tech.





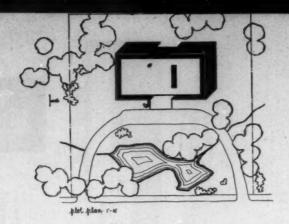


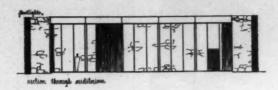


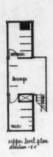
SECOND PRIZE: \$750.00

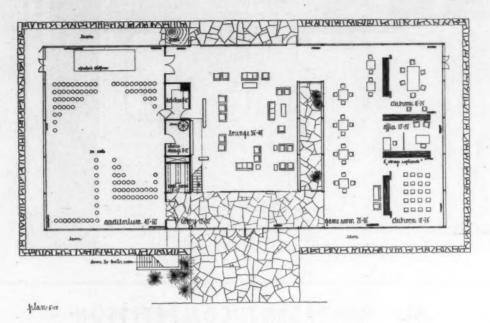
G. J. Lee Everidge, Oklahoma City, Okla.

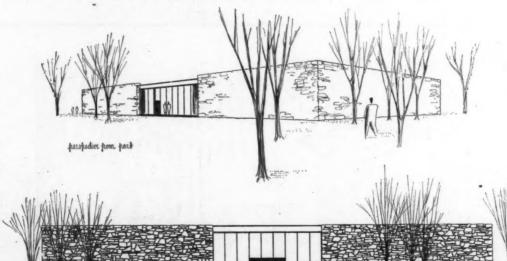
Of part Choctaw Indian descent, he was born in Oklahoma in 1926; studied architecture at University of Oklahoma 1943. After serving in the Army Air Corps 1944–45, returned to University of Oklahoma, then moved to North Carolina State College to continue his studies with the same faculty which went to organize the new School of Design at North Carolina











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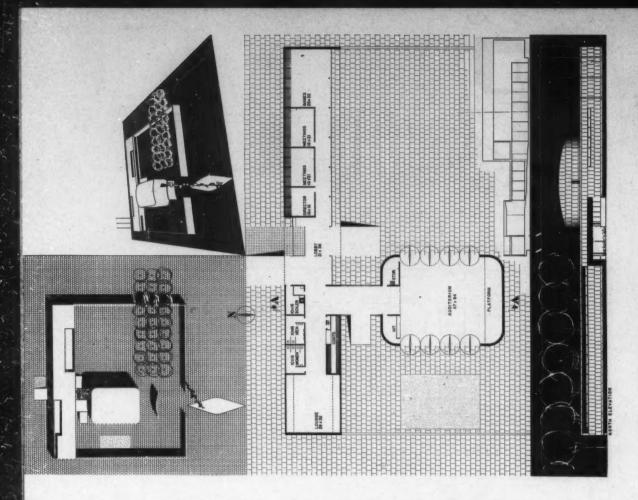
THIRD PRIZE: \$500.00

south elevation.

Edward Chase Weren, Bloomfield Hills, Mich.

A native New Yorker, born in 1920, he received his secondary education at Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, received his A.B. at Harvard College, 1942. Served as a lieutenant in the U. S. Naval Reserve 1942–46, received his degree of B. Arch. 1948 at Harvard University where he was awarded the A.I.A. School Medal. Was associated with the architectural firm of Ketchum, Gina and Sharp, and is at present with Saarinen, Saarinen and Associates



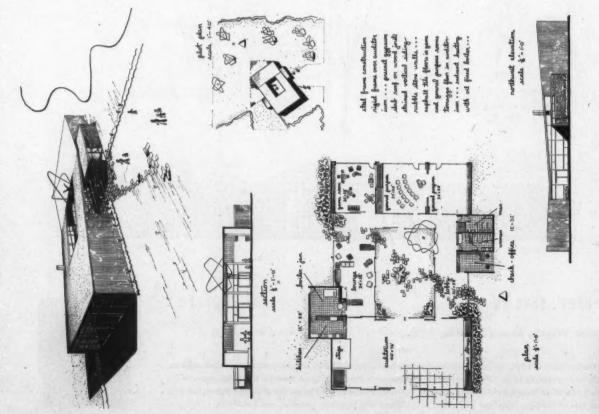


HONORABLE MENTION: \$50.00

William R. Reed. Moved from Cincinnati where he was born in 1922, to Chicago in 1930, where he later entered the American Conservatory of Music. He attended Harvard University, 1940, the Institute of Design, 1941; and served with the Arny Air Force from 1943-46. He is associated with Robert Bruce Tague, A.I.A., and is currently remodeling a Chicago building as his office.



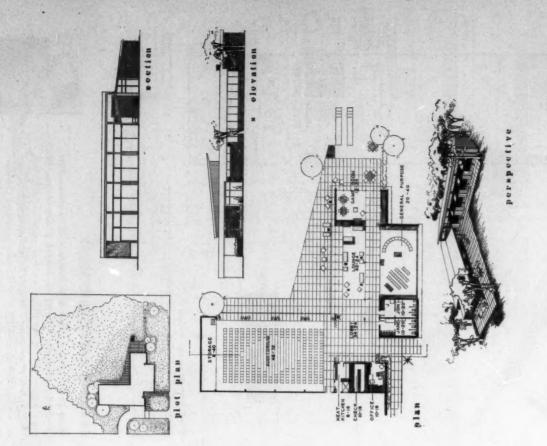
HIDDEN TALENT COMPETITION



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HONORABLE MENTION: \$50.00

Herbert Johnson. Born in Chicago 28 years ago, he attended Chicago Latin School, and the Asheville School, Asheville, North Carolina, before entering the University of Florida, College of Architecture and Allied Arts. He served three years with the Seabees in both European and Pacific Theaters of the war, married, and returned to the University of Florida in 1946.

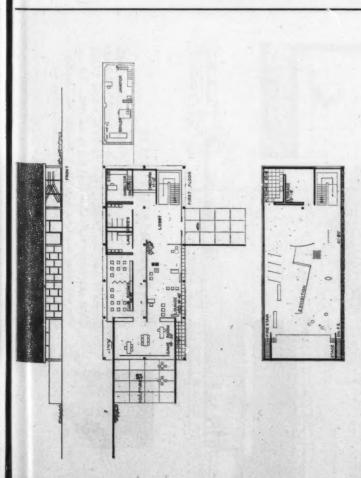


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HONORABLE MENTION: \$50.00

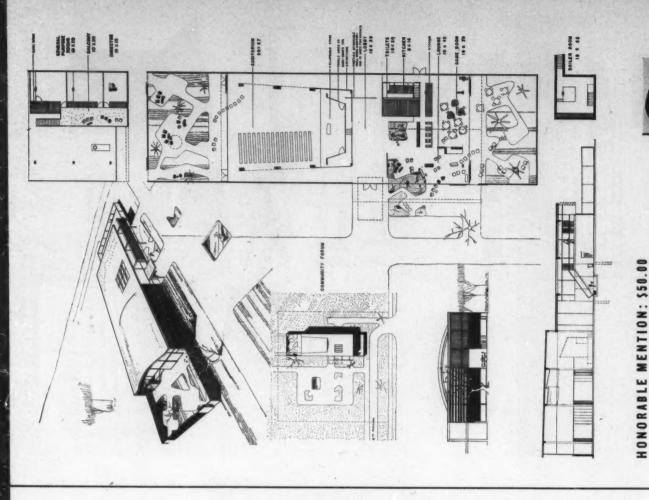
Clifford G. Foreman. A Pennsylvanian, born in 1926 in Pittsburgh, he received his secondary education in Homestead, Pennsylvania, and is now a student in the Department of Architecture of Carnegie Institute of Technology



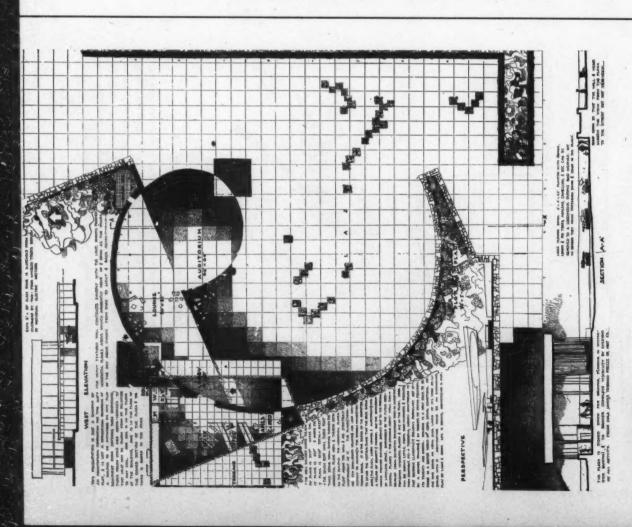
HONORABLE MENTION: \$50.00

Louis F. Mammier. Born and educated in New York state (son of Louis E. Mammier, architect), he graduated from Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, with degree of B. Arch. in 1948. He received 1st prize in Brooklyn A.L.A. Design Competition, 1947. He served with the U. S. Area Engineers at Steward Air Field, Newburgh, New York; and is now with architects Lorimer Rich and Robbins Conn





HIDDEN TALENT COMPETITION



HONORABLE MENTION: \$50.00

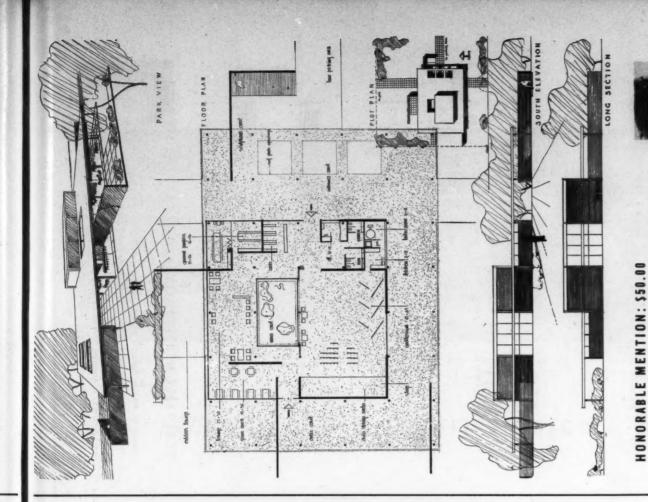
Was with Dickey Associates, Architects, in Honolulu, now teaching in Edward M. Fearney, A.I.A. Born in 1915 in Providence, Rhode Island, he attended Brown University, but transferred to Carnegie Institute of Technology, B. Arch. 1939. Served as Marine Aviation Cadet, and worked in Newfoundland and on the Alaska Highway. the University of Florida, College of Architecture and Allied Arts



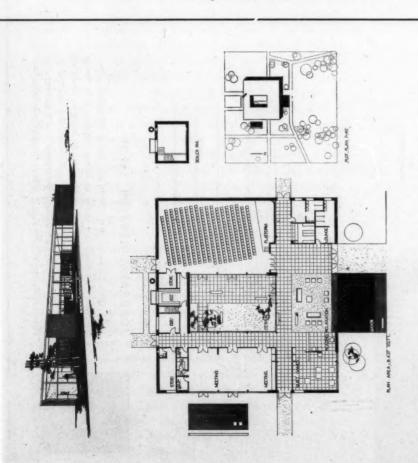
Spero Paul Daltas. A native of St. Paul, age 28, he attended the







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HONORABLE MENTION; \$50.00

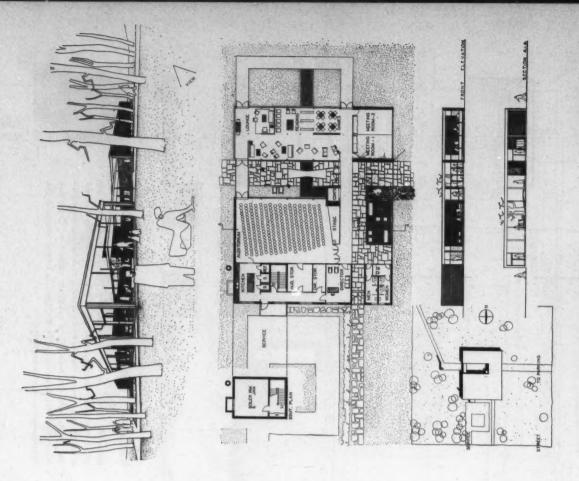
George E. Rafferty. A native of St. Paul, Minnesota, born 1917, he graduated in architecture at the University of Minnesota 1942. He was a sergeant in the Air Corps and an instructor 1942–46. He is a designer with Ingemann, Bergstedt, and Cavin, Jr., architects, in St. Paul, and an instructor in design at the University of Minnesota

she shares with her husband, a graduate student at Cranbrook Academy of Art, Bloomfield Hills, Michigan, an intense interest in the

development of modern architecture

Einer M. Heeps. Born in Brooklyn, New York, in 1924, she graduated from Middlebury College, Vermont, in 1946, having majored in liberal arts. Though she has had no formal architectural education



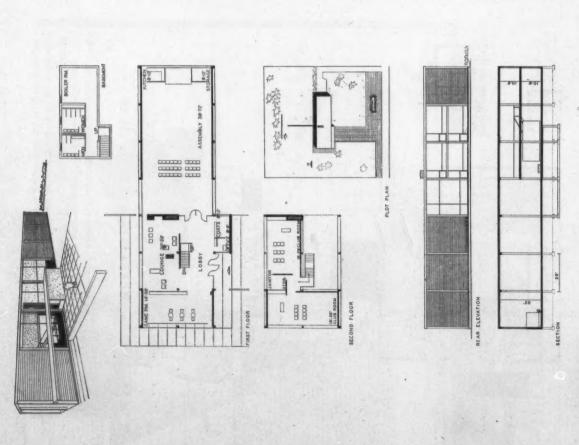




HONORABLE MENTION: \$50.00

James V. Hirsch. Born in Madford, Wisconsin 25 years ago, he studied at the University of Minnesota, graduating with distinction in 1947 with a degree B. Arch. He served in Europe as a sergeant in the Infantry 12th Armored Division 1943–46, and is now a designer with Ingemann, Bergstedt and Cavin, Jr., of St. Paul, Minnesota

HIDDEN TALENT COMPETITION





HONORABLE MENTION: \$50.00

Mary Ellen Linberger. In 1926 she was born in Youngstown, Ohio. She took the liberal arts course at Rosary College, River Forest, Illinois, 1943–45, before going to Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, where she is now a senior in the department of architecture. She received the Pratt Alumni award, "outstanding junior student", 1948, and received an honorable mention in the New York State Housing Competition 1948

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ARCHITECT-ENGINEER OFFICES, PEORIA, ILLINOIS

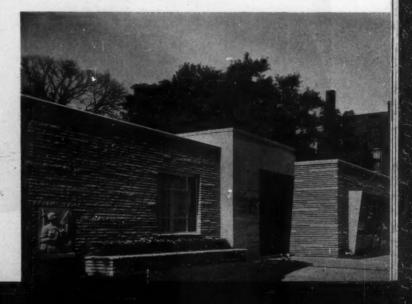
WHEN this architectural firm expanded to the point of designing its own building, it chose an outlying site, about a mile from the center of the city, on a fairly prominent hillside. The building is placed to be seen from a considerable distance, and is floodlighted at night. The building was designed to provide exceptionally good working conditions for a total personnel of 36; besides 8 architects, there are 5 licensed engineers, 18 draftsmen and superintendents, a delineator and 4 stenographers or accountants, including as a not-unimportant part of the facilities, parking space for the employees' cars. Scruggs and Hammond were the landscape architects. The heating and air conditioning system includes several innovations, some experimental. Heating combines radiant heating with forced warm air, permitting a large volume of ventilating air to be circulated. The duct work is divided into two zones, so that different exposures may be separately heated or cooled. To reduce water consumption in the cooling period, an evaporative condenser was installed with the compressor. Dehumidification is exceptionally important for hot Illinois weather, especially in a drafting room, where humidity hampers drawing. Air handling equipment can supply 100 per cent fresh air, when weather conditions are propitious. A tri-ethylolene vaporizer is installed in the ventilation system on an experimental basis, in the belief that it may cut down absenteeism due to colds. The architects point out that it frequently has had this result. So far, however, no definite conclusions have been reached regarding its effectiveness in this particular office.

Office Building of J. Fletcher Lankton

John N. Ziegele and Associates

Architects and Engineers

Exterior is of Indiana limestone, backed with insulating concrete block. Large pieces of stone are shot sawed: ashlar is of long pieces of two different thicknesses





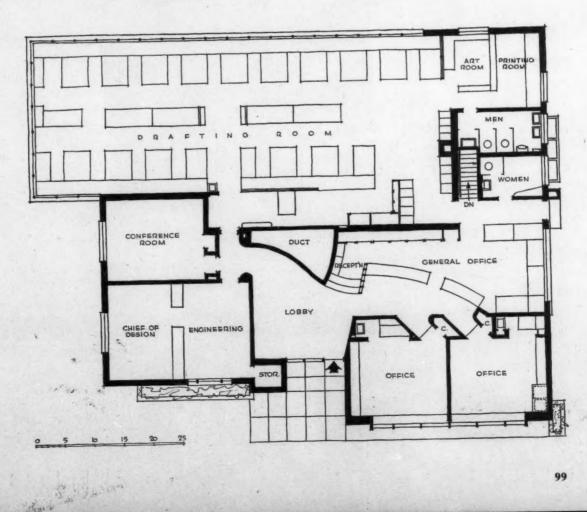
Above: view of reception room, looking toward entrance. Right: conference room. Below: general office, looking toward receptionist's desk and waiting room. Indirect lighting of the display renderings is effectively arranged in connection with the cabinets

Drafting room walls are the concrete blocks, painted with two coats of resin emulsion paints in other rooms the block is plastered and painted. All ceilings are acoustic tile; floors are rubber tile, except in executive offices where carpet is used. The basement contains, besides air conditioning equipment, a model shop, dead files, and an employees' lunch room, where the coffee making equipment is always much appreciated









So you're going to

Victo

6 Offi Mai Moi

MEXICO

against the rich background of former periods. So here are a few candid shots of recent buildings and a decorative and useful map (overpage) showing their locations and other points of interest, prepared by Susanne Wasson-Tucker especially for ARCHITECTURAL RECORD and your edification







Office Building, Victor de la Lama, Architect

Hotel Prado (opened 1948, 660 rooms), Carlos Obregon Santacilia, Architect

Left, Office Building, Pani & del Moral, Architects. Right, Office Building, Marie Pani, Architect

Office Building for Eastern Airlines, Juan Sordo Madaleno & Augusto Alvarez, Architects (1947)

Numbers refer to locations indicated on the map (overpage)



Office Building, Marie Pani and Enrique del Moral, Architects



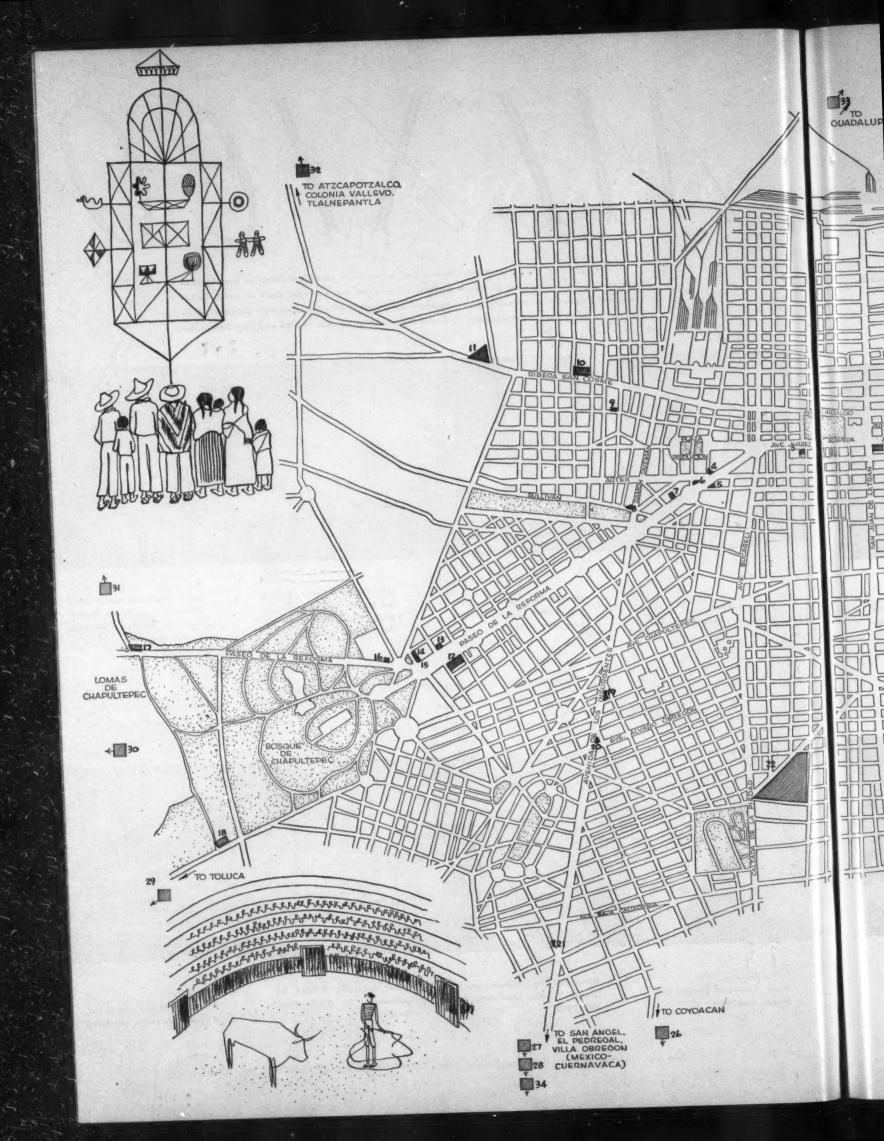
Office Building "Edificio Continental," Carlos Lazo, Architect (1948)

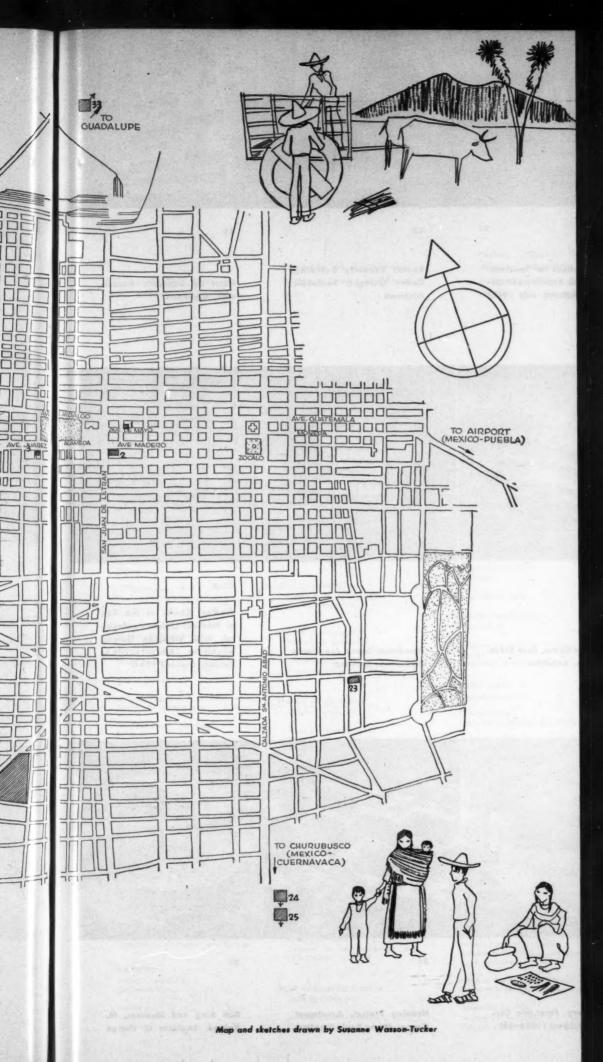


Hotel (partially hidden by billboards) by Mario Pani, Architect



Apartment House and Shops, Augusto Alvarez, Architect













10

Students' Center, ''San Cosmo," Enrique Yañoz, Architect (1947) 11

Normal School for Touchers, Mario Pani, Architect (ARCHI-TECTURAL RECORD, July 1947) 13

Social Socurity Building, Carlos Obregon Santacilia, Architect 13

Hotel by Ingeniers Associates, Architects

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14

Office Building, Rámon Marcos, Architect -75

Apartment House, Juan Sordo Madaleno, Architect 16

Apartment House, Juan Sordo Madaleno, Architect 22-A

Medical Center of the City of Mexico: Children's Hospital, José Villagrán Gercia, Architect (ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, October 1944)









22-B

Medical Center of the City of Mexico: Cardiological Institute, José Villagrán Garcia, Architect (1948). 23

Mait Factory, Fernando Cervantes, Architect (1945–48)

26

Housing Project, Apartment Group, Mario Pani, Architect 27

Bull Ring and Stadium, M. Roland, Engineer in charge









Hill House, Max Cette and John McAndrew, Architects

Residence of Carles Laze, Architect, Lomas de Chapultepec

Factory "Crown Cork de Mexico," Gonzalez Reyna and Arozarena, Architects

Residence, Augusto Alvarez, Architect and owner (1948)

A BRIEF LIST OF SOME OF THE ARCHITECTS

AND NEW BUILDINGS IN MEXICO D. F.

AUGUSTO ALVAREZ

Calle de Mississippi 31

Apartment House Alfonso Herrera 11

Office Building Paseo de la Reforma and

Office Building Avenida de los Insurgentes and Tonalá

Office Building Avenida de los Insurgentes

Office buildings while associated with

Own Residence, "San Angel," Simon Yarto 11

"ARTECNICA"

Avenida Juarez 88

"Turf Club" 18 Kilometers from the City on the way to Toluca

LUIS BARRAGAN

Paseo de la Reforma 137

Garden on the Pedregal, and Development of Private Residences Pedregal

Avenida Juarez 76

Malt Factory Calzada de Cuitlahuac and Boturini

MAX CETTO

Avenida Juarez 139 Coyoacan D. F.

Residence Calle Tornel Tacubaya

Guerrero 10 San Angel D. F. (with John McAndrew)

CARLOS CONTRERAS

Edificio la Nacional 1004 Avenida Juarez No. 4

VICTOR DE LA LAMA

Office Building Avenida de Mayo and Condesa

ENRICO DE LA MORA

Avenida Juarez 30

General Hospital, Medical Center of the City of Mexico Calzada de la Piedad and Pasteu

Center for Mothers and Infants Calzada de Madereros and Guer-navaca Railroad

ENRIQUE DEL MORAL

Paseo de la Reforma 503 Pavilion for Infectious Diseases,

Medical Center of the City of Mexico Calzada de la Piedad and Pasteur

Office Buildings (with Mario Pani)

JUAN DE MADARIAGA

Apartment House Avenida de los Insurgentes and

JOSÉ VILLAGRÁN GARCÍA

Calle de Palma 30

Medica Center of the City of Mexico Calzada de la Piedad and Pasteur

Maternity Pavilion Children's Pavilion
Cardiological Pavilion

Tuberculosis Sanatorium

"Costa Rica" School

INDUSTRIA NACIONAL S. A.

Ruiz Galinde

Industrial Development, Housing, Recreation Guadelupe, Road to Pachuca

Avenida Sonora 80

Office Building Paseo de la Reforma, near Paris

Residence Sierra Leona 374 Lomas de Chapultepec

LUIS MACGREGOR

Military Hospital Avenida del Castillo Lomas de Chapultepec

JUAN SORDO MADALENO

Avenida Morelos 110

Paseo de la Reforma and Calzada Gral Mariano
Office buildings, while associated with Augusto Alvarez

MARIO PANI

Paseo de la Reforma 503

Normal School for Teachers Calzada Mexico-Tacuba and Avenida

National Conservatory of Music Paseo de la Reforma and Moliere

Emergency Pavilian, Medical Center of the City of Mexico Calzada de la Piedad and Pasteur Hotel Van Sullivan and Ramón Gutzmân

Office Building Paseo de la Reforma and Artes

Office Building Paseo de la Reforma and Francia

Church Calle de Leibnitz

Housing Project Avenida Coyoacan and Cuevas

GONZALEZ REYNA and AROZARENA

Avenida Juarez 56

Factory "Crown Cork de Mexico" Colonia Vallejo

Textile Factories Atzapozalco

GIL ROBLES

Filmstudios Calzada de Mexico a Tlalpam

M. ROLAND

Engineer in charge Bull Ring and Stadium Avenida de los Insurgentes

CARLOS OBREGON SANTACILIA

Calle Lisboa 22

Hotel Prado Avenida Juarez and Luis Moya

Social Security Building Paseo de la Reforma and Toledo

ENRIQUE YAÑEZ

Calle-de Emparan 35

Students Center "San Cosme" Centro Escolar Ribera de San Cosme Avenida Ribera de San Cosme and



George P. Turner, Designer

"DESIGN FOR LIVING-WITH KIDS"

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. George P. Turner, La Canada, Calif.

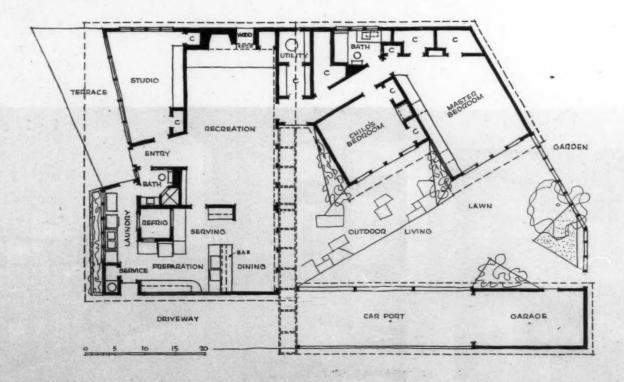


When the Turners decided to design their own house their central idea was what they call a "Design for Living — with Kids." The youngsters were not to be "pigeonholed," yet every member of the family was to have his share of privacy. A study of the plan on the opposite page will show how successfully the necessary compromises were worked out.

The house was designed by Mr. Turner himself, a radiant heating engineer, who made every nook and cranny conform exactly to the requirements and preferences of his family. The kitchen, for example (see photos, next page), seems to be unusually workable, organized as it is into zones of preparation, etc., grouped around a special refrigeration unit designed and built by Mr. Turner. A happy feature while the children are young is the clear view of the sand box and play area obtainable from the kitchen.



Julius Shulman Photos





Every room in the house opens to the patio, seen in the two views above (left, the living room; right, the bedroom wing). The carport, a corner of which is shown in the small view above, doubles as a lanai. The kitchen (below) is organized into working areas grouped around a departmentalized refrigeration unit combining all required temperature zones; a breakfast bar separates kitchen and dining area (below, left). Lighting throughout the house is predominantly indirect, and much special equipment is built in





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Julius Shulman Photos

The master bedroom (above) looks directly out to the children's sandbox, which will be converted to a reflecting pool when the children have outgrown it. Below: the built-in dressing table and storage unit in the master bedroom. Interior finish is natural redwood and painted or stained plywood; exterior is redwood siding. Windows are aluminum double hung; floor coverings are asphalt tile and hemp matting. Heating, of course, is radiant. Careful orientation shades every room from the hot Southern California afternoon sun



AND SCHOOL COSTS

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD'S BUILDING TYPES STUDY NUMBER 147

What about school costs? How are costs affected by school planning? Can a modern "finger-plan" school be built within the same price range as a conventional school, or are its advantages bought at a price premium? How does a single-story school compare in cost with a two-story school?

These and other cost questions are important today. The first half of the century has brought some enormous improvements in school standards. Meanwhile the birthrate has outrun us, and so have the costs of materials, labor, taxes, and overhead organization. We have to remember: better schools for all children!

In last year's school study, the RECORD concentrated entirely on standards, chiefly those of the visual environment in school. Mr. Clapp, of the Michigan Department of Public Instruction, expressed the opinion then that such standards could be obtained in the "cold-winter"

eastern states as well as the "warm-winter" west. We now open this question to research.

To start things, Alonzo Harriman and Philip Gatz, school architects of the saving state of Maine, have made a thorough study herewith presented. It contains some surprises. One of these is the great effect on cost of room height as compared to span. Incidentally, the champion performer among school plans to date, in their calculation, is the one-story plan with double-loaded corridor, and a trussed pitched roof.

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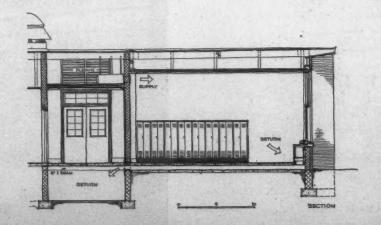
cla

Among examples shown are some striking cases of schools built at low cost. But standards have also been advancing. Among executed examples, we show two more "top-lighted" schools — one of them Ernest J. Kump's improvement over last year's model, and another the contribution of Wm. Arild Johnson in the Northwest; also the remarkable "portables," p. 128.

Low maintenance cost of ceramic tile is combined with utility of corkboard nailing strip, in Quaker Ridge School, N. Y. by Howard S. Patterson, Architect and Francis 'Keally, Associate



To eliminate costly crawl space and "slab on grade," the floor of this New Jersey school was made of a concrete slab, on which were laid rows of concrete block, 3 ft. on centers, running from window wall to corridor. On these was stretched steel lath supporting another 2-in. slab, eliminating form work. The hollow space was used as return ducts for air originally supplied from plenum over corridor, by means of univents. This eliminates exterior-wall crawl space, reduces piping, wall boxes, grilles. A finned tube under windows is auxiliary heat source. Alexander Merchant & Sons, Architects



A COST STUDY OF SCHOOL PLAN TYPES

By Alonzo J. Harriman *

EDITORS' NOTE: READ WELL BEFORE USING!

Here at last is a method of testing school plans for comparative structural cost, using real figures. These have been assembled by the partners in an architectural firm that has designed successful schools over a period of 69 years in Maine, the frugal, cold-winter State.

What the authors have done is to collect those unit costs which are significant in establishing the comparative structural cost, per square foot and per classroom, of various accepted plan arrangements. They themselves explain carefully how this has been done.

Authors and editors both wish it clearly understood, however, that figures given do not, in general, represent total building costs and cannot be used to estimate what the final cost of a school building, or part of a building, of any given size or type should be. They are useful only as a basis of comparison among plan arrangements.

We believe that the authors have demonstrated a splendid working method. Although the actual figures would be modified in different localities, the method is one which any reader can set up for himself, filling in with correct figures for his locality, and come to a sound result.

We believe there is a strong presumption in favor of the authors' general conclusions, on a country-wide basis, and there are some interesting surprises among these conclusions. Editorial commentary has been added where the Maine situations seem to be specialized, and we invite the further commentary of our readers.

Further studies will be published by the same authors adding factors of upkeep and maintenance, and of mechanical equipment such as heating and lighting.

The Editor

THROUGH an intimate association with schoolhouse Construction over a period of the past 29 years, I am convinced that it is the community, and not the building committee, that determines whether an architect continues doing schools. And no matter how good a completed schoolhouse may be, if it has cost too much, they mever forget it.

As we all know, this country's need for new school construction is astronomical, and funds are hard to get. If we can help the community get one or two classrooms more for the same money, by sound engineering planning, we justify the human usefulness of our profession.

My partner, Philip Gatz, has analyzed the contractor's cost sheet for every school that we have built, and the figures which follow are taken directly from the current cost sheets of contractors. Since our purpose is to study the effect of different plan arrangements on structural cost, and not to establish the full final cost of any one school, the figures in the table on the next page cover materials and labor only. They do not include overhead or fees of any kind.

This first installment of our study is in two parts. In the first part, we compare a typical section, composed of a corridor with either one or two adjoining classrooms of standard length (varying the other dimensions), and again the same thing in two stories.

Basis of Cost Comparison of One-Story Types (Non-fireproof)

Floor area of unit considered includes one half corridor for double units shown, and whole corridor for single units.

Construction cost analysis, in general, is based on level of ground floor as the starting point and includes side walls, roof, corridor walls, one end partition in each classroom, wood stud partitions, ceilings strapped with wood strapping, walls and ceiling covered with gypsum board, painted.

The material and labor prices used to arrive at estimated square foot cost are net without overhead or profit.

The square foot prices indicated are to be used only as a basis of comparison between different types of construction.

The assumption has been made that the foundation and ground floor construction will not materially affect the relative costs of the various types so that the cost of these items is not reflected in the square foot comparison.

The assumption has also been made that the cost of heating, plumbing and electrical installations is an independent cost factor of the various types so that the cost of the same is not included in this square foot comparison.

Basis of Cost Comparison of Two-Story Types (Semi-fireproof)

Floor area of unit considered includes adjoining corridor.

Construction cost analysis, in general, is based on level of ground floor as the starting point and includes side walls, upper floor, roof, corridor, lath and plaster ceiling and one end partition in each classroom of semifireproof construction.

The square foot prices indicated are to be used only as a basis of comparison between different types of construction.

The assumption that foundations, ground floor construction, heating, plumbing and electrical installations will not affect the relative cost of the various types has been made in this comparison, the same as in the case of one-story non-fireproof types. These costs are not included in the square foot comparisons.

^{*} Figures compiled by Philip Gatz, partner of Mr. Harriman, Alanzo J. Harriman Inc. Architects
• Engineers

GROUP 1.

Schools with double-loaded corridor and unilateral daylighting; classrooms facing approximately east and west, in 1-story or 2-story buildings

TYPE OF

CONSTRUCTION

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EA 1792 .		March .	AREA 1984*			ARSA 2304*	an even

TYPE 1. Non-fireproof

Roof construction: wood joist, wood-sheathed deck, rigid insulation covered with 20-yr. tar and gravel roofing

Side-wall construction: concrete to window sill, steel frame, directional glass block, metal sash and hopper vents

Corridor walls: bearing wood stud partition

Per sq. ft.* \$3.52	Per sq. ft\$3.59	Per sq. ft\$3.63
		the problem who have be used to
Per classroom\$3156	Per classroom\$3.554	Per classroom \$4182

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TYPE 2. Non-fireproof

Roof construction: steel open-web joist with wood nailers, wood-sheathed deck, rigid insulation covered with 20-yr. tar and gravel roofing

Side-wall construction: concrete to window sill, steel frame, directional glass block, metal sash and hopper vents

Corridor walls: steel frame and wood stud partition

With variable clear ceiling height, see sections at top of page				
Per sq. ft\$3.60 Per classroom\$3575	Per sq. ft\$3.65 Per classroom\$4207			
With constant clear ceiling height 11 ft. (for comparison only)				
Per sq. ft\$3.44 Per classroom\$3416	Per sq. ft\$3.26 Per classroom\$3.726			
	Per sq. ft\$3.60 Per classroom\$3.575 With constant clear ceiling h Per sq. ft\$3.44			

TYPE 3. Semi-fireproof

Floor construction (2nd floor): open-web steel joist with $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. concrete slab, with metal-lath and plaster ceiling applied directly to bottom of joist. Corridor reinforced concrete slab exposed on ceiling side

Roof construction: same as floor except roof is insulated with 1-in. rigid insulation covered with 20-yr, tar and gravel roofing

Side-wall construction: concrete to ground-floor window-sill, steel frame, directional glass block, metal sash and hopper vents, spandrel construction corrugated asbestos applied over asbestos-surfaced insulation board

Corridor walls: Load-bearing masonry block, having exposed surfaces painted

9		0.9
9	3.11	13.0
Common Application	With variable clear ceiling hei	ght, see sections immediately above
	Per sq. ft\$4.04	Per sq. ft\$4.10
Per sq. ft\$3.97	Per classroom\$4009	Per classroom\$4731
Per classroom\$3560	With constant clear ceiling he	eight 11 ft. (for comparison only)
	Per sq. ft\$3.85	Per sq. ft\$3.65
	Dan alassana : \$2016	B

TYPE X

Roof construction: steel open-web joists with wood nailers, wood-sheathed deck, rigid insulation covered with 20-yr. tar and gravel roofing. Continuous metal skylight Exterior side wall construction: concrete to window sill, steel frame, wood sash glazed with clear glass, no glass block

Corridor walls: steel frame, wood studs under, clear glass over

Corridor ceiling: wood joists, insulation with batts, covered on underside with gypsum board

er sq. ft\$4.16	
er classroom\$4799	1

AUTHOR'S CONCLUSIONS FROM

ANALYSIS OF PLAN TYPES

(TABLE I)

1. An analysis of the square foot costs of the constant height building shows that in all cases the square foot cost *decreases* with an increase of the span.

As the span increases, and the height remains constant, the additional roof cost is not sufficient to offset the lower resultant cost per square foot of the total building area.

2. An analysis of the square foot cost of the classroom with a variable height shows an increase in cost as the span increases. The height in this case varies

Schools with single-loaded corridor and bilateral daylighting; classrooms facing GROUP 2. approximately north, in 1-story or 2-story buildings t TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION Type 1. Non-fireproof Roof construction: wood joist, wood-sheathed deck, rigid insulation covered with 20-yr. tar and gravel roofing Per sq. ft.....\$3.62 Per sq. ft......\$3.50 Per sq. ft.....\$3.63 Classroom exterior side-wall construction: concrete, steel frame, wood sash, single-glazed with clear glass Per classroom....\$3703 Per classroom \$3917 Per classroom....\$4648 Corridor wall of classroom: wood frame, clear glass above, wood stud partition below Exterior corridor wall: concrete, wood frame, wood sash above TYPE 2. Non-fireproof Roof construction: steel joist with wood nailers, rigid insulation covered with 20-yr, tar and gravel roofing Classroom exterior side wall construction: concrete, steel Per sq. ft.....\$4.47 Per sq. ft.....\$4.23 Per sq. ft.....\$4.32 frame, wood sash, single-glazed with clear glass Per classroom....\$4588 Per classroom \$4741 Per classroom....\$5528 Corridor wall of classroom: same as Type 1 above Exterior corridor wall construction: same as Type 1 above TYPE 3. Semi-fireproof Floor construction (2nd floor): open web steel joist, with 21/2-in. concrete slab, with metal lath and plaster applied directly to the bottom of joist. Corridor, reinforced concrete slab exposed on ceiling side Roof construction: same as floor, except that roof is insulated with 1-in. rigid insulation covered with 20-yr. tar and gravel roofing Exterior side-wall construction of classrooms: concrete to ground-floor window sill, steel frame, wood sash single-Per sq. ft.....\$4.69 Per sq. ft.....\$4.58 Per sq. ft.....\$4.60 glazed, and hopper vents, spandrel construction corrugated asbestos applied over asbestos-surfaced insulation board Per classroom....\$4823 Per classroom.....\$5143 Per classroom....\$6065 Exterior side-wall construction of corridors: same as classroom Corridor walls of classrooms: wood stud partition with clear glass wood sash over

FOOTNOTES, opposite page and this page.

Costs per square foot of floor area.

† Schools of Group 2 conform to code in some States but not in others. So far as performance is concerned, in producing a high-quality environment for children, these schools would seem to be at least on a par with Group 1,

and many architects consider them superior (Ed.)

** Some of the roofs on this page were drawn with thinner construction
above corridors, some with equal thickness throughou: The discrepancy was inadvertent. Mr. Harriman believes that economy is reater, in his region, in a roof of equal thickness throughout, for this plan _/pe.

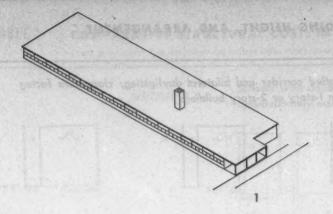
in accordance with the recommendation of the National Council or the state law.

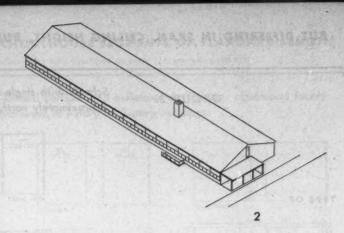
As the height increases in proportion to the span, in accordance with state law and national code, the additional roof and wall cost is great enough to more than offset the lower resultant cost per square foot of the total building area.

3. This would seem to indicate that a typical building similar to Type X, with a pitched roof and bilaterally lighted, and a minimum height at the eaves, would be the most economical type of schoolhouse to build.

We would suggest classroom floors 24 ft. by 36 ft. and an eaves' height of 9 or 10 feet, and a height at corridor wall under skylight of 121/2 feet to classroom ceiling. This building would have a continuous skylight similar to Type X.

4. In all cases shown here, wood construction is cheaper than steel. It should be noted that over 30-ft. classroom span steel will probably be cheaper than wood.





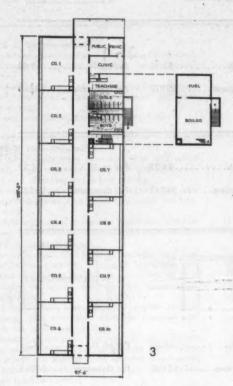


TABLE 2:

SCHOOL COST COMPARISON

One-story Semi-fireproof,
One-story Combustible Roof
and Two-story Semi-fireproof

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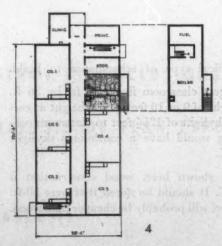
This comparison is based on identical construction in both the one- and twostory semi-fireproof buildings, employing poured concrete to the first floor window sills, steel sash set in the steel building frame with glass block above, and corrugated asbestos cement spandrels over wood studding insulated with batts in the two-story building. The second floor and roof construction are poured concrete slabs over bar joists in classroom areas, with poured concrete slabs spanning between concrete corridor walls for both second floor and roof.

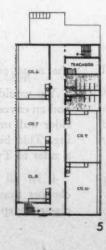
First floor in either building is poured concrete over fill, using framed slabs over the boiler room. Ceilings in semi-fireproof buildings are lath and plaster and in combustible buildings are of acoustic tile. Floors are of asphalt tile. The roof is insulated with fiber board over concrete for semi-fireproof construction. Batt insulation is used in ceiling of combustible building.

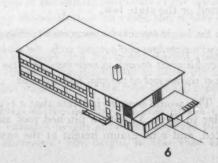
The wood roof used in the one-story combustible roof building is composed of light wood trusses 24 in. o.c., covered with tongue and grooved sheathing and slate surface asphalt shingles. The corridor wall in this type is wood studs covered with ½-in. gypsum board on both sides.

Above: 1. Semi-fireproof one-story school; 2. one-story school with combustible roof; 3. plan used in computing both Below: 4, first-floor plan, and 5. second-floor plan of two-story semi-fireproof school seen in (6)

COST	One-story	One-story Com-	Two-story
ESTIMATES	Semi-fireproof	bustible Roof	Semi-fireproof
Total Cost	\$194,564	\$189,142	\$203,437
Total Area	13,660 sq. ft.	13,660 sq. ft.	16,214 sq. ft.
Cost sq. ft.	\$ 14.25	\$ 13.84	\$ 12.54
Cost per classroom	1946	1891	2034



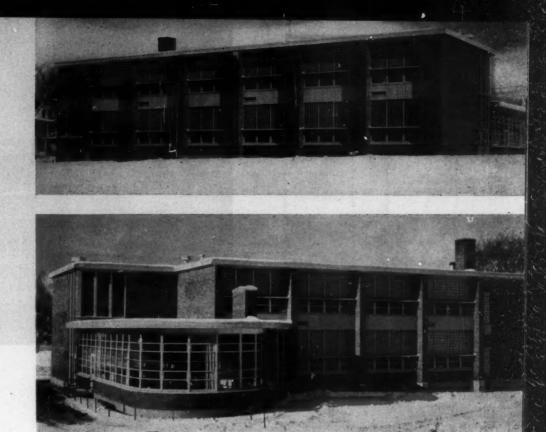




Brewer School, Maine, by the same architect, is of concrete frame, with exterior facing and brick piers of Canadian brick. Glass block (directional) are in steel frames carried over steel operating windows making up vision strip. Spandrels of corrugated asbestos backed by insulation help to make the wall texture rich and interesting at low cost. Let in 1947 at \$9.91 per sq. ft. Projecting wing houses kindergarten

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AUTHOR'S CONCLUSIONS ON COSTS IN TABLE 2

A further breakdown will follow in the April issue

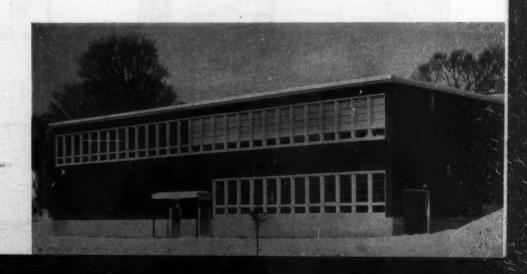
1. An analysis of total cost of two-story semi-fireproof, one-story semi-fireproof and one-story combustible shows a saving of 4.3 per cent in favor of the one-story building.

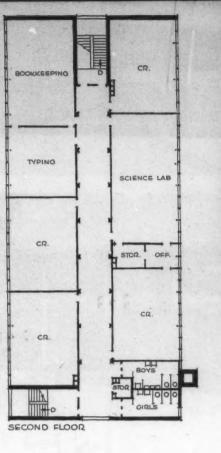
The same one-story building with combustible roof shows a further saving by use of combustible roof of 2.7 per cent or a total saving of 7 per cent between the one-story combustible roof and two-story semi-fireproof building.

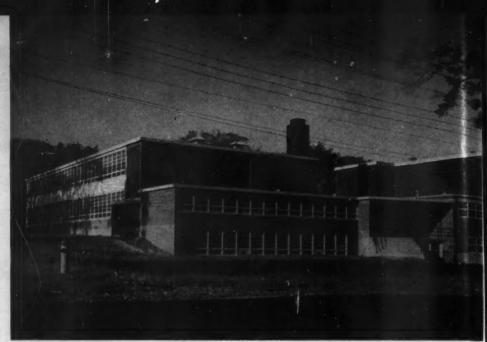
- 2. In general, the one-story plan shows a saving in the net area due to the omission of stairs.
- 3. The following factors show an increase in construction cost:

A. In the one-story building Excavation Foundation Walls Roofing Heating and Ventilating B. In the two-story building
Concrete floor construction
Masonry
Carpentry
Steel Frame
Ceramic Tile

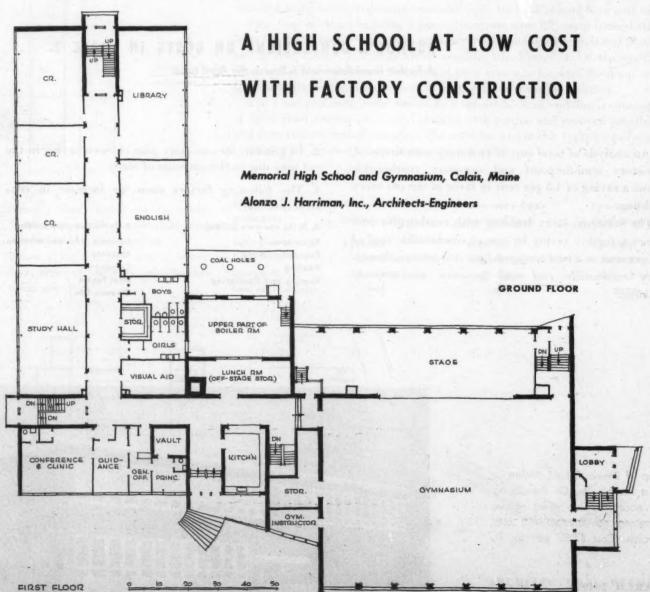
Shop of Brewer School, Maine, is on a sloping site. On the sloping site each floor has direct egress, permitting non-fireproof mill construction. Cost \$7.37 per sq. ft.







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Clarence H. White Photos

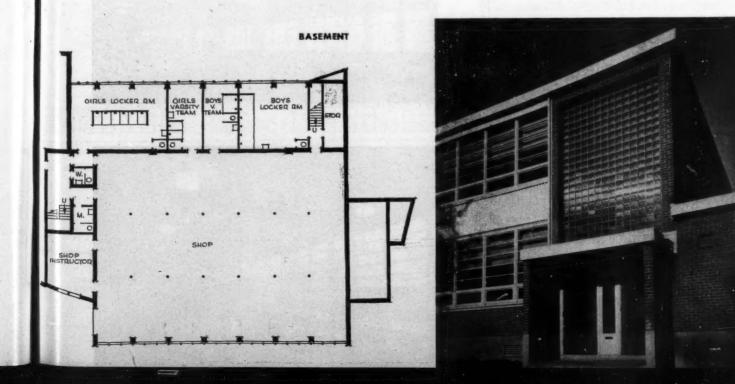


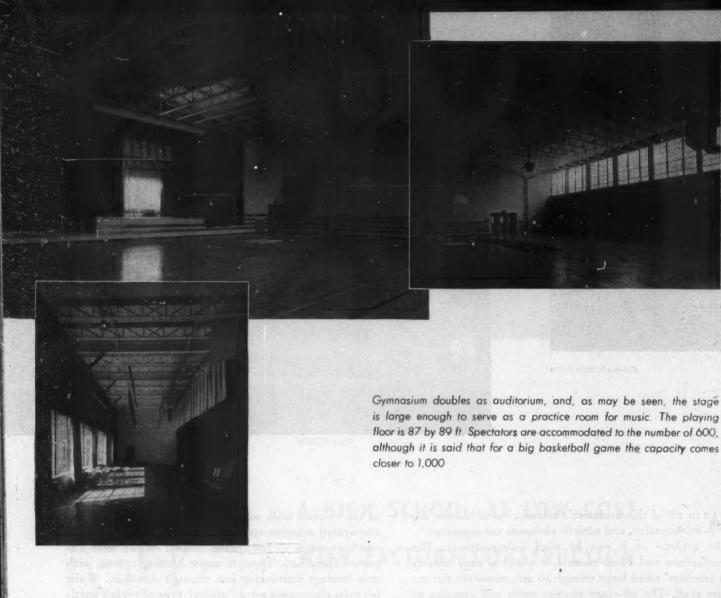
As IN all of this architect's schools, the academic, administrative, and athletic elements are separated—the athletic so it can be used independently. The conference and clinic room (see plan) is used also as a teachers' room large enough to accommodate the entire staff. The off-stage storage room still remains as cafeteria and lunch room; two sittings take care of all students who remain for lunch. The last-minute demand for an instructor's room between kitchen and gym gave the architect a little trouble with his front.

Structure is of concrete frame, using lally columns

at the exterior wall, so that the wall together with the corrugated asbestos spandrels carries no roof load, and windows reach to full ceiling height. Bricks were imported Canadian. There is vapor heating system with unit heaters ventilating out through corridors. Walls between classrooms are a "utility" type of prefab partitions, faced with Transite both sides, and "standing up very well," giving some flexibility.

Built in 1946–47, the total building cost \$9.10 per sq. ft. or 81 cents per cu. ft. including gymnasium. Without gymnasium the figures were \$10.55 and 81 cents.





Clarence H. White Photos

A large school shop, seen to the right, occupies the area underneath the gymnasium floor; the other rooms are a typical classroom and science laboratory. In both may be seen the lally-column supports under concrete beams, which permit windows to extend up to the ceiling

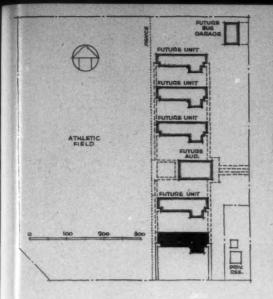
Clarence H. White Photos





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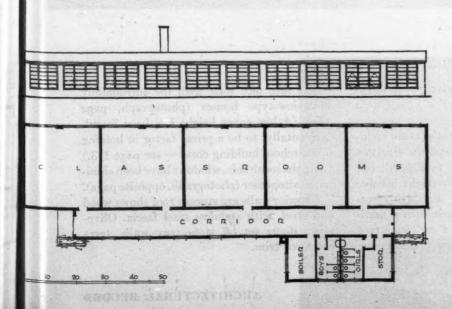
BETTER SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT, LOWER COST

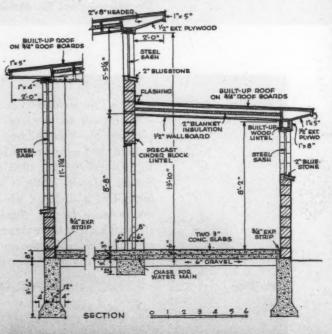
Milan School, Michigan

Walter T. Anicka, Archifect

ONE of a group of rural schools, this is reported by the architect as having cost only \$6.34 per sq. ft., 51 cents per cu. ft., or \$7,360 per classroom, "complete with various bookshelves and cases but exclusive of asphalt tile floor." No sacrifice was made in essentials of good environment; on the contrary, classrooms are square, large; have ample bilateral daylight; have radiant heat (wrought iron pipe in floors). Cost-saving methods: (a) cinder block walls entirely on modular grid; (b) "absolutely no cutting of block, wood ceiling joist, or oversize wallboard (finished with cold-water paint)"; (c) low rural labor cost; (d) "well detailed plans, easily interpreted by small rural contractors." Another nearby school, almost complete, by the same architect, shows a contract cost of \$7.86 per sq. ft. with more complete finish - structural tile toilet partitions; lockers; acoustical plastered ceilings; asphalt tile floor. The Milan school has just been completed.









WEST

A CHILD-SCALED SCHOOL IN A FRESH MODEL

Shoreview School, San Mateo, California

By Ernest J. Kump & Mark Falk

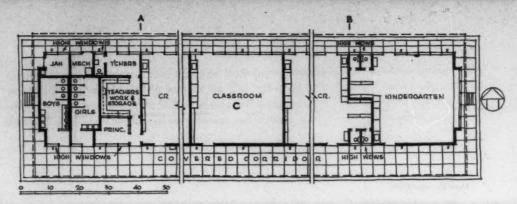
AGAIN this architect has given a vivid expression to the idea of a school as a pleasant place for children.

Like the Laurel School by the same architect (RECORD, Jan., 1948) and the Barstow School (March, 1948), it is toplighted; but instead of a skylight, which might involve maintenance factors, there is a high clerestory. This has been managed with a minimum disturbance to the quiet sheltering roof lines; and the low eaves height brings the

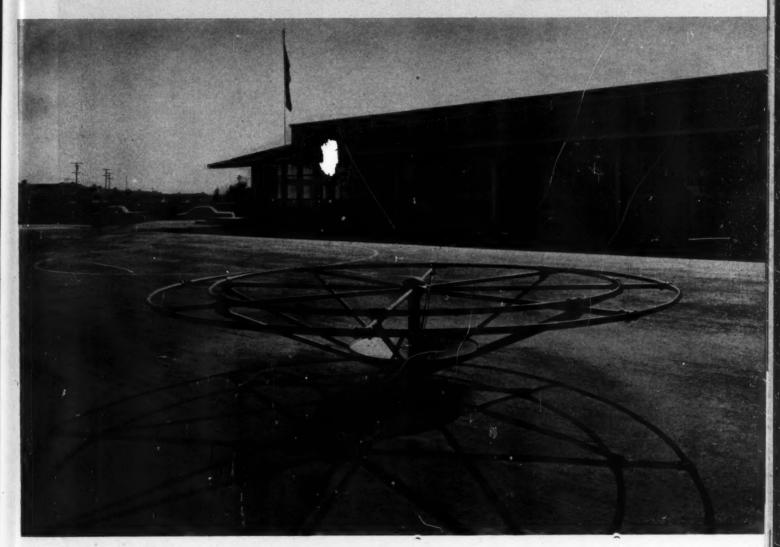
school into nice scale with the surrounding bungalow-type houses (photograph, page 123). (A low eaves height has been found, incidentally, to be a prime factor in holding down school building costs — see page 113.)

On the south side, windows have been eliminated altogether (photograph, opposite page).

Exterior walls are stucco; roof shows wood and steel, with stainless steel fascia. Olivegreen doors set off stone-gray walls, terra cotta red trim.



Telescoped plan. Between "A" and "B" there are five classrooms similar to "C"



Roger Sturtevant Photos



Roger Sturtevant Photos



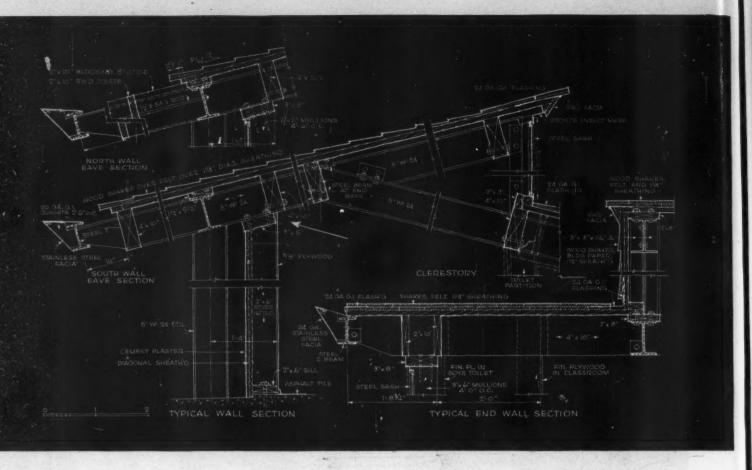
The very excellence of Mr. Sturtevant's photography in conveying how the interior is put together has one disadvantage. The lens subtends a wider angle than the main field of view of the child's eye; the ceiling and the clerestory light are far less prominent in the child's normal way of looking. Because the "top light" is well above the 60° central cone of vision of seated children

looking straight across the room, the architect has omitted any baffles to screen off the glare of the sky. Such baffles, he contends, add initial cost and maintenance; and he prefers to use the restraining effect of tempered obscure glass up above. In other schools of the same model, now under construction, there has been restored a set of south transom windows.

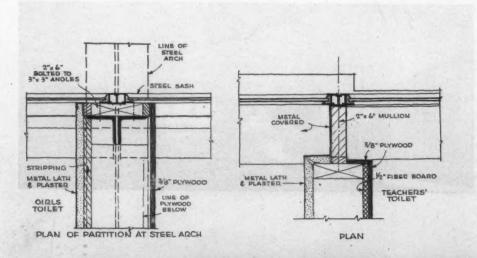
Opposite page, typical classroom; this page, kindergarten, both looking east. Interior walls are plywood, floor asphalt tile, ceiling acoustic tile. The soft effect of the fireproof curtain suggests that more use might be made in the U.S. of drapes and awnings, as is done in Switzerland and Scandinavian countries. The glare of white houses seen through windows is to be screened by planting

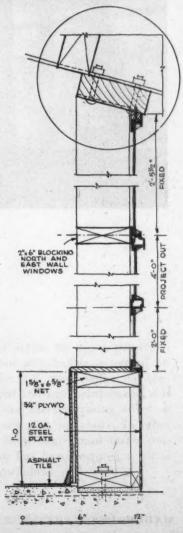


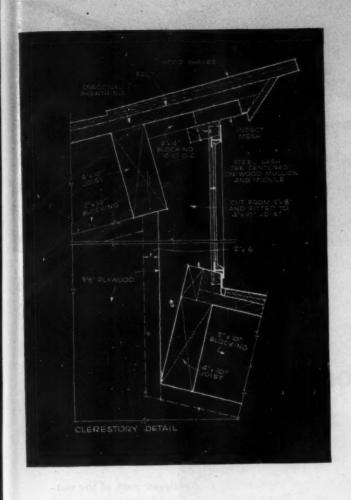




Above are seen typical sections. The section at the right is of the north window wall. The way the slanted top plate (in the circle) fits against the roof arch may be seen by comparison with the corresponding plate of the south wall (arrow in top drawing). The structure is of rigid steel frames at 16-ft. spacing; the roof deck is carried on wood purlins. (Roof was covered with asphalt shingles instead of wood shakes as seen in drawing.) Drawings at bottom of page show how partitions are connected; and photographs give a clear indication of the way the structural frame is kept independent of all walls and partitions for flexibility. South overhang (small photo, opposite page) is solid because no windows; the latticed overhang to the north admits more light to windows while cutting glare. Note stainless steel fascia



















William Arild Johnson & Associates, Architects

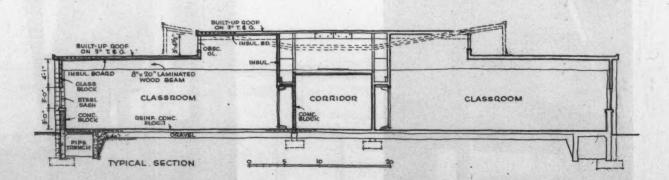
TRANSVERSE FRAMING MAKES TOP DAYLIGHT ECONOMICAL

Schools in Edmonds, Washington

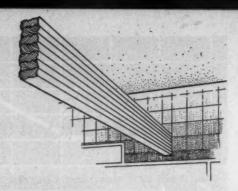
In the Pacific Northwest, as well as the Bay Region, there has been some desire to bring the open, California, side-corridor in out of the weather, and to "double-load" it for economy. Yet square classrooms are retained for teaching convenience and shortening of the building length. Auxiliary top-lighting is then needed for inside areas of the wide-span classroom. In San Francisco, Frank Wynkoop achieved this by a kind of "monitor" system supported on a heavy longitudinal steel girder (RECORD, June, 1945). Here we see, instead, the monitor carried on a series of transverse beams of laminated wood - in some examples with the aid of trussing cased in plywood (see photographs); in other examples by the unaided, uncased beam. The roof deck is of mill construction. The architect contends that the combination, for a room of 30-ft. span, is cheaper than conventional joists for a room of 24-ft. span.

Directional glass block, in the upper part of the outside wall, even out the curve of light intensity toward the middle of the room, where it otherwise tends to dip in a room with this vertical section. Clerestory or monitor windows, being out of view when pupils are at work, are left with obscure glass. Low brightness differences in the visual environment are further controlled by paint of calculated reflection values, furniture and asphalt tile floors of light color. Exterior construction is of concrete block, oil-painted, with natural-finish pumice block interior partitions (all non-bearing); no plaster; acoustic tile above bulletin board height (these being of monk's cloth over cane board); chalk-boards bright green. Wardrobes are heated slightly by electricity, and vented by fan into the attic.

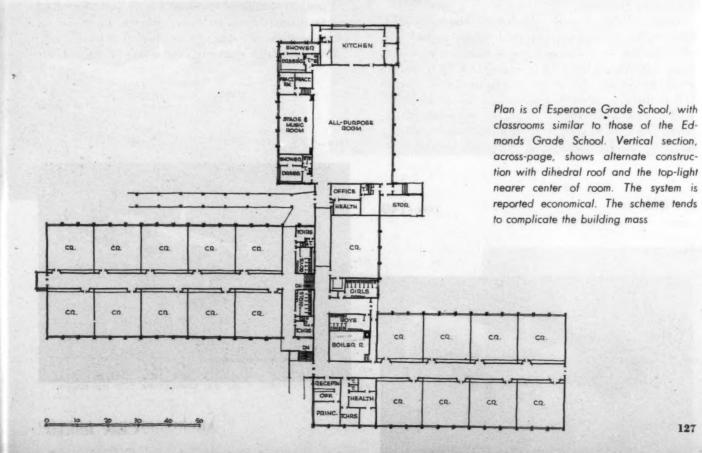
Costs were reported, for erection during 1947, at \$9.23 per sq. ft. for structure only.

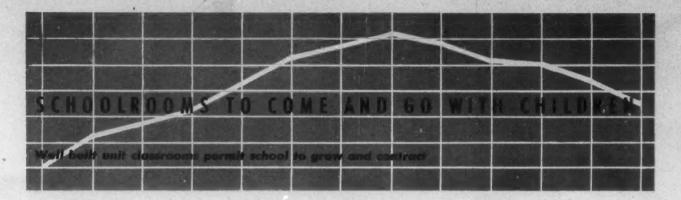


In photographs may be seen interiors of the Edmonds Grade School. The corridor side of a classroom 30-ft. deep is daylighted by a high monitor or clerestory, which is supported on a series of transverse beams of laminated wood. These are aided by trusses and the structure cased in plywood. In other schools the laminated truss does the work alone and is uncased (sketch)









Briarcliff and Dover Schools, Seattle

George Wellington Stoddard and Associates, Architects and Engineers

Construction is now going forward, after years of research, on this unusual project.

It attacks directly the most vexing problem of school people: how to provide adequate accommodations, not makeshift, and yet without bankrupting the community, for a school population which not only multiplies fast but also *shifts*. Such shifts can result in *local decline* (in the very face of the general growth) leaving heavy school investments derelict, and tempting communities into makeshift solutions.

In Seattle, Director of School Planning Byron B. Smith put before Architect Stoddard the problem of an immediate critical need, in several districts, for classroom space, with foreseeable need for additional space within two to five years, then a gradual reduction in load back to the present need, and perhaps to the point of final elimination. Temporary classrooms were discarded as a solution. There evolved the theory of the first-class transportable school. To make the story short, this meant a minimum of fixed facilities that could be expanded or contracted, and a maximum of facilities that could be moved.

Building codes strongly affected the classroom plan. Since 12-ft. ceilings were required except in one-room schoolhouses, each classroom was designed as a one-room schoolhouse with 10-ft. ceiling. (A 12-ft. height would be totally unnecessary for lighting and ventilation in this type of room; also, the unit must pass under trolley wires and bridges.) Next, the one-room schoolhouse had to be spaced 10 ft. or more from its fellows; hence the intermediate courts (see plan). Central heat-

ing was adopted instead of unit heating. Corridors were needed only as a means of distributing children and services, every classroom having direct outdoor egress.

A basic 4-room school is the starting point. A boiler room has been erected with a boiler installed capable of handling 8 classrooms, and with provision for a second boiler handling 4 classrooms more, plus auditorium. Corridors with 3-ft. crawl space come next. Heating connection to classrooms is by 2 unions which can be connected and disconnected in a matter of minutes. (Classroom heating is by a split system of convectors plus unit heater-ventilators.) One flexible connection serves for electricity. Toilet rooms are provided between classrooms; the initial program also includes a combination office and teachers' room, book room, janitor's closet. The second step is to add 2 to 4 more classrooms with additional corridor; also the main office and health room. The third step adds the combined auditorium, playroom, and cafeteria, big enough for a gymnasium, to remain as a community facility if the remainder of the school is dismantled.

Upon the decline of the local school load, the school will be removed room by room, either to a new site or, where need develops, to replace obsolete types.

Promising high economy, the saving of this scheme

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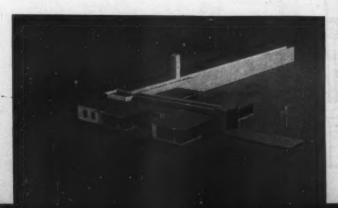
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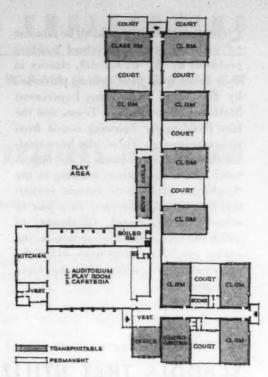
ARCHITECTURAL RECORD





Component parts of transportable school, and plan of "Dover School"

is not so much in initial cost (only slightly under conventional types) but in replacement. Fully equipped, these rooms can be moved and relocated for at least 50 per cent less than a relocated portable, say the architects, while full amenities are provided. "As a result we have a permanent school but the equivalent of a movable site."



1954-400

1953-380

1953-30

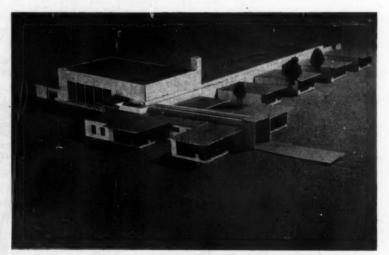
1955-380

1956-340

1952-350

1951-180





1957-320

1958-280

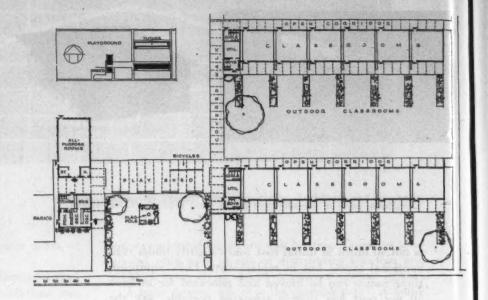
1959-230

Models were used to demonstrate the progressive growth and the subsequent dismantling which is possible in two schools under construction in Seattle. (Figures show the anticipated school population during the years of use.) The final school ends with the same capacity as the initial one, except that a permanent gym-cafeteria-auditorium is left behind, as a community facility, even though the school may later be totally removed.

Although the mobility is like that of "temporaries," the equipment and environment are up to the firstclass standard



School architects should all be familiar with the studies of school building problems by W. W. Caudill, classics in their field (Space for Teaching, published by The Texas Engineering Experiment Station, College Station, Texas, and the film Building for Learning issued from the same source). Those who have studied these essays are aware of the importance which the author, working in the Southwest, attaches to natural ventilation by prevailing breezes. In a pair of schools for Blackwell, Oklahoma, of which the first is under construction, the author and his partners have seized the opportunity to practice what they have been preaching.



SOUTHWEST

SCHOOLS THAT UTILIZE THE PREVAILING BREEZE

First Unit for Blackwell, Oklahoma

Caudill, Rowlett, Scott, Architects

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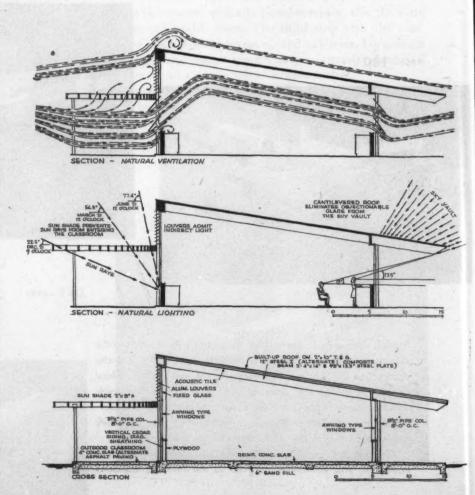
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The preliminary plans, reproduced herewith, show classroom wings placed in accordance with the dictum that "the distance between groups should be no less than five times the height of the classroom." The first of the vertical sections shows graphically how an air stream has been found to travel by actual tests made at College Station with smoke candles. The result is different from that which is too often found drawn in on the diagrams of the unknowing. Thus a projecting member, such as a canopy or porch roof, seems to deflect the air stream in such a manner as to make a window opening directly above it almost useless as a device of ventilation; and air must be drawn through underneath.

In general, the Blackwell scheme bears a resemblance to the Fairfax school by Bamberger & Reid (Record, Jan. 1949). Corridors and outdoor classrooms are both to the south.

Plans call for steel frame, cavity brick wall construction, steel sash, concrete floor slabs with radiant heating.



ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

WATER-REPELLENT PRESERVATIVES FOR WOOD

By F. L. Browne, Chemist

Forest Products Laboratory*, Forest Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture

Attrough water-repellent preservatives and their related products are popularly regarded as recent developments, they have been in use for many years. Wood window sash have been treated with them for a decade and a half. During the wartime a number of new applications were found that stimulated wider interest in them.

Products of the kind are sold under various trade names; until recently there have been no recognized collective names for them. In 1948, however, the National Door Manufacturers' Association published suitable names and definitions for five kinds of products as follows: NSP water repellent for wood, NSP preservative for wood, NSP waterrepellent preservative for wood, wood sealer, and preservative wood sealer. The letters NSP stand for "nonswelling, paintable," meaning the wood does not swell when the product is applied and can subsequently be coated with ordinary paints and varnishes.

All of these products are designed for treating wood quickly and with equipment that is simple, inexpensive, and readily available. The preferred method of treatment is by dipping, which requires dip tanks, but other methods of application also are used, such as brushing, spraying, mopping, and roller coating. Wood treated by such superficial methods takes up only limited amounts of the material applied, which penetrates only a short distance into the wood. Into the end-grain of pine sapwood, which is relatively easy to penetrate, the water repellents, NSP preservatives, and water-repellent preservatives may go as much as 2 or 3 in. but into the heartwood they seldom go as far as 1/4 in. Into the side-grain even of sapwood the penetration rarely attains as much as $\frac{1}{16}$ in. Wood sealers penetrate even less deeply.

With such limited penetration and absorption the superficial treatments cannot give wood the degree of protection or preservative obtainable by slower, more costly, but more thorough methods. These newer products, therefore, do not compete with the long established methods of wood preservation or with the more effective procedures for stabilizing the dimensions of wood. For severe conditions of service the more thorough methods remain more economical in the long run despite greater initial cost and inconvenience.

The newer products find their proper use where the conditions of service are not severe enough or the chance of adverse conditions arising are not great enough to justify the more thorough methods of treatment. A vast amount of wood falls in this category. In the past it has commonly gone untreated. Too often it has given poor service or has had to be repaired or replaced when a moderate degree of treatment would have kept it in satisfactory condition. The availability of the water-repellent preservatives and related products makes neglect of such treatment less easily excusable in the future.

General Considerations

The shallow penetration obtainable by superficial application makes it necessary to do all or practically all of the surfacing, cutting, and fitting of the wood before it is treated. After treatment little or no wood can be removed from any of the surfaces without laying bare untreated wood. If some cutting must be done subsequently, as in fitting windows or doors at the site or cutting pieces to length, the cut surfaces should be retreated before the parts are fastened in place. Delaying treatment until the carpenter work has been done

may sometimes inconvenience closely scheduled production lines, but it has the advantage of saving waste in treating wood that eventually turns up as sawdust, shavings, cuttings, or rejections.

The best point for applying treatment in a production schedule comes after all cutting, fitting, and boring out before assembling the wood parts. Surfaces that will be concealed after assembly are then freely accessible to the treating solution. The water repellents, NSP preservatives, and water-repellent preservatives, however, have the property of penetrating well into even well fitting joints, especially if the application is by dipping. When desired, therefore, woodwork to be treated with these products may be assembled but not glazed before they are dipped. Sealers do not penetrate joints so well; they are best applied before assembling unless they are used chiefly for decoration rather than for protection.

Gluing should be done before any of these products, except the NSP preservatives, is applied. Water repellents and sealers tend to interfere with gluing by impairing the strength of the glued joints. On the other hand the preservatives that contain neither water repellents nor sealers cause little if any interference with gluing providing the wood has been dried long enough after treatment for all of the solvent in the preservative to escape.

Thorough drying to remove solvent is likewise necessary before the treated wood is painted. Sealers dry rapidly because they do not penetrate far into the wood and because they are often made with solvents that evaporate quickly. Even after the wood has been thoroughly dried, however, water repellents and water-repellent preservatives retard the drying of most coatings slightly and some of them seriously. The delay in the drying of finishes is

^{*} Maintained at Madison, Wisconsin, in cooperation with the University of Wisconsin. Part of the work on which this article is based was done in cooperation with the federal Housing and Home Finance Agency and another part in cooperation with the Office of Production Research and Development of the War Production Roard.

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

troublesome in operations in factories with closely planned production schedules, especially if the finishes are lacquers. For ordinary painting of buildings the drying is not retarded enough to delay the painters unless dark-colored enamels, such as trim and trellis, porch and deck, or quick-drying enamels are applied directly on the treated wood. No such trouble should be experienced if the enamels are applied over priming paint or enamel undercoater, as they properly should be in any case.

Water Repellents for Wood

The nature of the essential ingredients in the commercial water repellents for wood is usually kept as a trade secret. Products having all of their important properties, however, might be made by dissolving 2 or 3 per cent by weight of paraffin wax and 5 or 10 per cent of resin in mineral spirits of suitable solvent power. The wax imparts the water repellency but it tends to interfere with subsequent painting or gluing of the treated wood. The resin largely overcomes the interference with painting but is not so successful in the matter of gluing. Almost any resin that is soluble in mineral spirits will serve. A drying oil such as linseed or tung oil may be used in place of part or all of the resin, but oil and resin are not first cooked together as in varnish making, because that would reduce the extent to which the product penetrates into wood. Mineral spirits is the volatile thinner commonly used in paints and varnishes; the grade needed for water repellents is one having good solvent power and a flash-point not less than 100° F. by the Tagliabue closed-cup method.

Water repellents retard changes in moisture content and in dimensions of wood. They furnish the maximum protection yet obtainable by superficial methods of application that leave the wood practically unchanged in appearance and susceptible to almost any of the decorative finishes generally used on wood. The treated wood may be varnished, stained and varnished, painted or enameled as may be decided upon later. Water stains, however, may not spread readily on wood treated with water repellent nor color it evenly.

Water repellents afford a practicable means of protecting wood against changes while it is being shipped from factory to place of erection or while it is held in storage. Such protection, however, should not be taken as an excuse for omitting the precautions that should normally be taken in handling fine woodwork.

Neither water repellents nor other protective coatings make wood water-proof. They do not alter the capacity of the wood to take up moisture or to swell proportionately. They merely delay the changes by making it harder for moisture to pass in or out through the surfaces. For wood exposed to even changing conditions of dampness and dryness such delay serves to hold the wood closer to an average moisture content and dimension than would be the case without protection. Protection is most effective when the conditions of ex-

posure fluctuate rapidly; it becomes useless for prolonged exposure to a steady extreme of dampness or of dry-

Water repellents afford wood better protection than can be assuredly obtained with a single application of other coating materials such as sealers, varnishes, paints, enamels, and lacquers. On the other hand water repellents give much less protection than can be obtained with two or more applications of surface coatings. But considerations of cost and the practicalities of fabrication usually limit the surface coatings to the surfaces exposed to view and leave the concealed surfaces entirely unprotected even though they may be accessible to moisture. Moreover, surface coatings do not last long on surfaces subject to mechanical wear and are unsuitable for nicely fitted, sliding joints such as between window sash and frame.

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Water repellents, therefore, are particularly valuable for furnishing protection to those parts of woodwork that otherwise are generally left entirely unprotected. They effectively supplement but are not good substitutes for the older types of protective coatings.

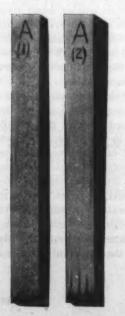
NSP Preservatives

The NSP preservatives for wood are solutions of fungicides or fungicides and insecticides in volatile solvents, such as mineral spirits, that do not swell wood. The reliable commercial products disclose the kind and amount of fungicide that they contain. For treating window sash and millwork the National Door Manufacturers' Association accepts preservatives that contain not less than 5 per cent by weight of pentachlorophenol, tetrachlorophenol, chloro-2-phenylphe nol, or their mixtures. Commercial preservatives also are made with other fungicides such as zinc naphthenate and, when its green color is acceptable, copper naphthenate.

NSP preservatives made with pentachlorophenol may contain a small amount of resin or nonvolatile oil to prevent blooming. Blooming is a deposition of crystals of pentachlorophenol on the surface of wood as it dries after treatment. It mars the appearance and may irritate the skin and mucous membranes of workers.

When applied by superficial methods the NSP preservatives guard wood ade-(Continued on page 174)

Water-repellent preservatives (C1, C2) penetrate farther than sealers (A1, A2)







SECOND THOUGHTS ON RADIANT HEATING

Some do's and don'ts to insure good performance

By W. P. Chapman * and R. E. Fischer †

Unlike most innovations in the building industry, radiant heating had quick public acceptance. People wanted such a heating system — one that would "provide added comfort, reduce operating costs, be invisible and save space, and have the advantage of cleanliness.' Yet while there is admittedly laboratory and field investigation to be done, the theory is far advanced and there are a great many facts known which, if utilized, will go a long way toward insuring good performance from a radiant heating system.

Most occupants of radiant heated structures are enthusiastic about their heating systems. Performance may not come up to expectations, however, if special considerations in the design of radiant heating systems are overlooked.

MEETING THE HEATING LOAD

The first requisite of a radiant heating system is that the heat from the available panel area be sufficient to meet the loss through the structure and to ventilation. In most cases, structures are insulated well enough for economy reasons to keep conduction losses low. High ventilation rates, whether due to infiltration or to forced air circulation consistent with fresh air requirements, can cause such excessive losses that discomfort results.

A common misconception is that since a large portion of the heat transfer from a panel into a room is radiation (ceilings 70 per cent radiation, 30 per cent convection; walls 56 per cent r., 44 percent c.; floors 50 per cent r., 50 per cent c.), the occupant will be kept comfortable by radiation although a large amount of heat is removed by ventilation. All heat losses still have to be made up by the panel, and when excessive quantities of heat are taken from the air, the panel area required to make up the heat in the percentages listed - may be either unavailable or impractical.

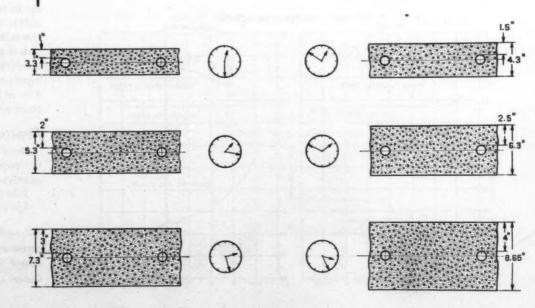
When the ventilation rate is likely to exceed three air changes an hour, the design should be checked carefully to make certain that the heat from the panel is sufficient to take care of the total loss. A low rate of heat output is characteristic of radiant heating panels because of the limitation on panel surface temperatures 1 — to keep them within a comfortable range - and due to the lack of much air movement across the panel. Standard ratings are approximately:

Panel Location	Surface Temp., F	Heat Output, Btu/hr./sq. ft.	
		High	Average
Ceiling	120	84	80
Wall	100	65	60
Floor	85	40	36

The problem of not having enough panel area is hardly ever encountered in houses, where ventilation rate is about one air change an hour, but may occur frequently in garages, warehouses and offices. Oftentimes in buildings like garages, methods must be devised to prevent infiltration - for instance, locating doors away from prevailing winds or in shielded spots. If this is not possible, then convectors may have to be installed so as to form a curtain of warm air across doorways that are frequently left open. In installations such as offices where people are located close together and forced ventilation is employed to remove stale air, it is advisable to temper the air when there are more than three air changes per hour.

The effect of excessive ventilation is best demonstrated by the following

Effect of varying pipe depth in floor slabs is shown here. Heat output was assumed to equal the heat input at 12 o'clock; then the temperature was increased in pipe. Clocks indicate time when slab surfaces come up to a higher, constant temperature



^{*} Product Engineering Dept., National Tube Co. IU. S. Steel Corp. subsidiaryl, Pitisburgh, Pa. † Associate Editor, ARCHITECTURAL RECORD. 1 Recommended surface temperatures: floor 85 F, wall 100 F, ceiling 110 F at 8 fr., 120 F at 9 fr. and over.

Some tie's read dan'te se finaire good perfortanten

examples. In some cases the panel temperatures required to get sufficient heat output would make occupants uncomfortable. In other cases where the panel temperature is kept within bounds, the panel area needed to get sufficient heat is more than that available. The "impossible" conditions are indicated by bold face type.

Example:

Room 10 by 20 by 8 ft. (clg.). Outside temperature designed for 0 F.

A. The entire floor (200 sq. ft.) is assumed as total available panel area; ventilation rate equals 2.8 air changes

	Panel Surface Temp., F		lating lency	Panel Area Req'd
1.	85	excellent	(U,=0.04)*	200
2.	90	very good	(U.=0.08)	200
3.	100	good	(U,=0.16)	189

B. The entire ceiling (200 sq. ft.) is assumed as available panel area. Ventilation rate equals 2.8 changes per hour for cases 4 and 6 and 3.3 for cases 5, 7 and 8.

	Area Req'd	Insulating Efficiency		Surface Temp., F
4.	195	very good	(U,=0.08)	100
5.	213	very good	d	100
6.	205	good	$(U_e = 0.16)$	110
7.	217	good		110
8.	202	average	$(U_a = 0.20)$	120

In cases 2 and 3 the panel temperature

DUTSIDE AIR TEMR

CONTROL SYSTEM RESPONSE

would cause discomfort; in cases 5, 6 and 7 the panel area required to give sufficient heat output is larger than that available. In case 8 the panel area is close enough to that required, but the panel temperature exceeds that recommended for an 8 ft. ceiling.

It is true that heat loss due to ventilation is less with radiant heating because of the lower air temperature inherent with the system; and consequently less fuel is required to maintain comfort. It is not true, as can be seen from the foregoing examples, that a large ventilation rate poses no problem for radiant heating design.

RESPONSE TO CHANGING HEATING LOAD

Another prime requisite for a radiant heating system is that the surface temperature of the panel must respond to a change in the heating load - whether it be due to outside air temperature, wind velocity or solar radiation - so as to maintain always a comfortable environment. The rate at which the panel temperature has to respond depends on how fast heat is conducted through walls, roofs, floors; how large the glass areas are; and how much ventilation is introduced. For example, heavy masonry walls delay the effect of outside air temperature and absorbed solar heat on inside conditions. At the other extreme, changes in the amount of solar radiation transmitted through large glass areas

MODULATING

PANEL SURFACE TEMP

INSIDE AIR TEMP

DUTSIDE AIR TEMP

and the effect of changes in the amount and temperature of ventilation are felt immediately. A proper evaluation of these will determine just how much time can be allowed for the panel surface temperature to change following a change in weather. Failure to do this often results in under- and overheating, especially in the spring and fall.

What determines how fast a panel will respond? There are two things to consider - the depth of the pipe coils (or warm air ducts) from the panel surface and the conductivity of the intervening material. Most panels are constructed with a cover of plaster or concrete which have high enough conductivity; of course no insulating plaster or concrete ever should be placed between the pipe and panel surface. When the coils are buried too deep in concrete, the panel response will be sluggish. When there is a demand for more heat from a panel, following a condition where heat input was equal to heat output, the surface temperature cannot change until every particle between the heating medium (pipe coils) and the surface has risen in temperature. Even if the water temperature is set in accordance with the outside air temperature, this still cannot offset panel sluggishness, or lag, as it is called. This is clearly demonstrated in Fig. 1 where the heat output was assumed toequal the heat input at 12 o'clock; at this time there was a demand for more heat and the heat input in the pipe coils. was increased. The clocks show the time at which the surface temperature comesup to a higher, constant value. (Heat output again equals heat input.) Wherethe coils were buried 1 in. in a 3.3 in. slab it took a half hour for the surfacetemperature to respond to the increased input; and in the worst case, coils buried 4 in. in 8.65 in. slab, it took nearly three hours and a half.

Controls

Since the function of a thermostat is to "request" heat from the panel until comfort conditions are met, the effec-

Although the change in panel surface temperature is smoother with a modulating control than an on-off control, the fluctuation with the latter is still slight

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^{*} U_e X area of unheated room surfaces X temperature difference between inside and outside air = heat loss by conduction.

Surface temperature of an actual radiant heating panel varies, as shown here, both parallel to and in between the pipe coils

tiveness of different arrangements should be examined. Under conditions of ideal comfort in radiant heating, the inside air temperature decreases as the outside air temperature decreases. This is because the additional heat loss is made up in great part by radiation, instead of the mass of air alone being heated. This suggests the need for a thermostat that would be reset in accordance with outside temperatures. It can be shown, however,2 that the inside temperature variation would rarely be more than two degrees during a daily heating period, which is really inconsequential; therefore, a control device set at a constant inside air temperature will suffice for most installations.

Modulating and on-off controls used with hot water radiant systems operate just as their names imply. With the modulating control, either the supply and return lines are mixed in a proportion so as to meet the heating demand or else the fuel supply is modulated, for instance operating one or several burners according to the heating load.

With an on-off system (assuming continuous pump operation), the additional heat required is supplied at full capacity. The only difference between the two systems is that the panel surface temperature would fluctuate to a lesser degree with the modulating system than with the on-off control. As can be seen from Fig. 2,3 the panel temperature variation with the on-off control is quite small; so it is a question of whether the improved performance is worth the added cost. The modulating system chosen for comparison with the on-off control sets the boiler water temperature according to the outside air temperature and then resets the temperature of the water going to the panels by means of a modulating inside air thermostat.

Pump Operation

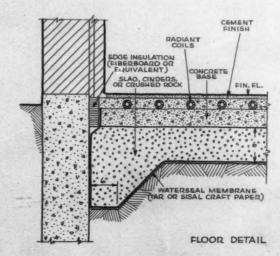
It is recommended that the pump operate continuously. If it operates periodically, there will be added difficulties in the control of the system. For example, when the inside air thermostat responds to a drop in temperature and actuates the pump, heat is supplied until the air temperature is brought back to the value set by the thermostat, and then, in addition, stored heat in the panel pushes the air temperature and panel surface temperature beyond that desired. If the pump operates continuously there is never a period of sudden temperature change to hinder response of the system.

Uniformity of Panel Surface Temperature

The degree of panel surface temperature uniformity that is possible is governed by allowable expense and the rate at which a panel has to respond to changing heating load. A hot water panel as is shown in Fig. 3 will be taken as an example in illustrating the variations that exist. It is evident that there is a temperature variation in a direction parallel to the pipe and in between (or at right angles) to the pipe, the latter variation being by far the greatest.

The parallel variation can only be reduced by increasing the flow rate; and then the flow rate must be doubled to reduce the variation by one half, and this is usually prohibitive. The most important variation, that in between the pipes, can be reduced by (1) increasing the "cover" (plaster or concrete) over the coil or (2) decreasing the pipe spacing. Of these two means, the second is the best since the response of the panel (Continued on page 176)

Detail of floor slab radiant heating designed to minimize back-side heat losses



² "Simplifying Comfort Control for Radiant Heating," W. P. Chapman and R. E. Fischer, Heating and Ventilating, June 1948.

³ Fig. 2 is from "Response and Lag in the Control of Panel Heating Systems" by F. W. Hutchinson, Heating, Piping and Air Conditioning. Feb., 1947.

TEST HOUSE HEATED ONLY BY SOLAR HEAT

Dr. Maria Telkes Residence, Dover, Mass.; Eleanor Raymond, Architect

From time immemorial man has tried to find new ways to utilize the heat energy of the sun directly, without waiting a few thousand years for it to be transformed into burnable fuel. This house, in the Boston area, represents one of the most recent solar experiments. It incorporates the ideas of Dr. Maria Telkes of the Department of Metallurgy of M.I.T., but is sponsored by Miss Amelia Peabody as a private project.

It is not a solar house as the term has been used commonly in recent years to describe a house with large windows. It is the genuine article — a house depending entirely on the sun for space heating. As such it is bound to be watched closely, not only to see how man's efforts in this general direction are coming, but also to see whether the particular method of heat storage which is used will win out.

The heating system consists of a huge solar heat collector, air ducts to convey the heat, and "heat bins" filled with chemical for storing the heat, from which it is distributed to the rooms as needed.

The heat collector, running the full length of the house, consists of double sheets of glass 10 ft. high with air spaces between, backed by a thin metal sheet to trap the heat. Behind the sheet, enclosed with a well-insulated wall, is an air space forming a duct. The air heated by the metal sheet is circulated by fans to the heat bins located on the first floor.

Each heat bin serves to heat the two rooms which adjoin it, except one which heats only the living room. There is a wall register in every room with a thermostatically controlled fan to convey warm air into the room. The cold air is drawn back into the heat bin through a return-air register. A small amount of heat is freely transmitted into the rooms from the walls of the heat bins as radiant heat, enough to keep the rooms warm on milder days. Thus convected and radiant heat are combined. Righ just ed h

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The test feature of this system is the method of storing the heat. Each heat bin is simply a small warehouse filled with metal drums of a sodium compound whose properties for absorbing and giving off heat are under test. The warm air circulated between the metal drums melts the chemical, which enables it to store heat at a constant temperature. When the heat is drawn out, the chemical re-crystalizes, returning the absorbed heat to the air. This is the "heat of fusion" method of storing solar heat.

The heating system is so designed that the heat it obtains from the sun in December, January and February is equal to the heat needed during these months

Paul Davis Photos



Progress pictures here show heat collector installed across attic front. Double glass panels, 10 ft. high, with an air space between, invite the sun to heat a thin metal panel behind the glass. Within the limits of black and white photography the photographer has tried to show that the glass reflects the tones and colors of the sky; thus the house does not appear as top-heavy as might be supposed

Right. Massachusetts Institute of Technology has just announced the completion of its own sun-heated house as part of its continuing research in this field. The heating system, using water as the medium, consists of roof collectors, attic storage tank, radiant ceiling, panel units, pumps and controls. Further details will appear in the April issue



to maintain the standard 70 degrees F. inside the house even if the temperature is zero outside. Naturally allowance has to be made for a succession of sunless days. An analysis of the sunshine records of the nearby Blue Hills Observatory shows that a heat storage capacity for ten average winter days will be sufficient to assure an adequate supply of heat for any number of consecutive sunless days statistics have shown to be probable.

The heat collected by the heating system in this sun-heated house on an average winter day is equal to the heat obtained by burning 70 pounds of coal; on a clear winter day it may equal 140 pounds of coal. The house is naturally well insulated to diminish heat losses. Boston, or places of similar sunshine and temperature conditions, appears to be the northern limit for the practical working of this system. In less severe climates the size of the collector and the heat storage bins can be made smaller, with fewer restrictions on the size of the house.

d

The method of solar heating used in this house was developed by Dr. Maria Telkes. Dr. Telkes will live in the house this winter and will continue the tests and the collection of data on solar heating which she has been conducting for some time.

The house was designed by Eleanor Raymond, a Boston architect. Miss Raymond had to meet the problem of designing a liveable house within the restrictions imposed by the heating system. The heat collector had to face south and had to be large enough to collect the required heat for this particular house in this climate. This meant that an area equal to the entire south wall had to be given over to the heat collector. But as there must also be sunlight in the living space, that is, windows, the problem was solved by moving the collector up to become the south wall of an attic. The space in this attic story can not be heated but serves the purposes of both attic and cellar (the house is built on an insulated concrete slab). Farther south, where a smaller collector could be used, greater flexibility in the design of the house would be possible. Affecting the design of the house too was

the fact that for the Boston climate 4 linear ft. of the collecting glass will produce only enough heat to serve a space 4 ft. wide by about 17 ft. deep. This meant that the house could be only one room deep. Although the house has a fireplace, this is solely an aesthetic feature and is not depended on for the production of heat.

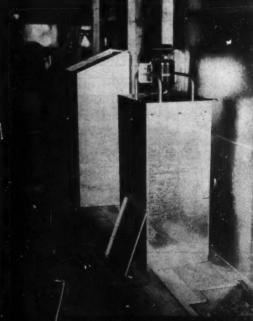
Exact accounts of the costs of this solar system are being kept so that comparison may be made with the cost of conventional fuel-burning systems.



A fan in the wall between a bedroom and the heat bin supplied heat to the room under the dictates of a thermostat. Note that the bedroom ceiling has aluminum reflective insulation

This closet full of 'insecticide' lit says on the cans) becomes the 'heater room'. It is one of three 'heat bins' in which solar heat is stored by the heat-of-fusion method in a sodium compound. The metal plate is a baffle to guide heated air in a longer route. Right-hand picture shows duct work behind the heat collector plate





MARCH 1949

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

MODULAR DESIGN DATA FOR WOOD WINDOWS

(Continued on page 143)

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Modular wood window sizes listed on the Time-Saver pages that follow are those adopted as industry standard by the National Door Manufacturers Association. The standardization of these sizes substitutes one national-wide standard for ten different market practices — allowances of wood over glass; Ponderosa Pine stock windows are widely produced in accordance with the sizes. The window opening sizes established were designed to meet the basic requirements of the American Standards Association Project A62*.

The basis for coordination of the window sizes with other building products is the 4 in. module or increment. The window sizes are coordinated by determining, through a study of modular installation details, one size that works well for a certain type. Other sizes for that type must then be equal in width and height to the first size plus or minus some 4 in. multiple. This does not necessarily mean that the window dimensions have to be in 4 in. multiples. The window sizes listed herewith have widths in multiples of 4 in. and heights in multiples of 4 in. plus 2 in. These sizes were selected because they included a maximum number of present stock windows.

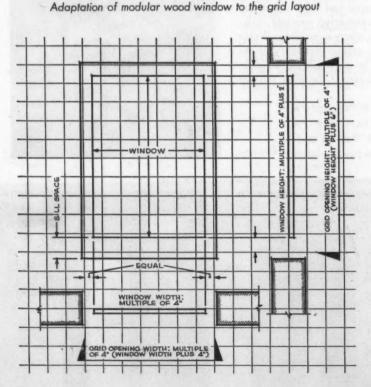
Coordination of windows is simplified a great deal by consistent referencing to grid openings. The position on the grid for the edges of wall openings may differ considerably for various types of construction. Thus it is useful to identify the lines which are used for layout and referencing on

the grid as the *grid opening*. As a result of referencing modular wall and window details to the same grid opening, many combinations are indicated by a small number of drawings.

Windows are placed in a symmetrical grid position horizontally so that modular details are the same at each jamb. This does not apply vertically because the head and sill details are essentially different. The usual space between the window and grid opening is 2 in. at the jamb and 2 %6 in. at the head. The sill space varies, depending on whether the construction is modular masonry, custom masonry, wood frame, etc.: 4 in. is sufficient to include all wood sill details. It is desirable to have a size of grid opening for each window size that will apply to any sill. A symmetrical grid position for walls simplifies dimensioning, estimating, quantity take-offs and the determination of actual dimensions when needed. It also reduces the variety of lengths for frame members and other parts.

The only inconsistency with the modular program arises in the case of multiple window openings in masonry walls. If all mullions were made 4 in. wide, there would be no complication in any case. But mullions are 6 in. wide for conventional weight-type balances and need be no more than 2 in. for the streamlined mullions used with patent balances. Thus when 2 or 6 in, mullions are used, there have to be an even number, or else a 2 in. masonry offset will be required at one jamb. In brick walls this is done by either cutting the brick at one jamb or providing three-quarter length brick. In cement block walls built with standard 16 in. nominal length units, the offset cannot be produced, so either an even number of mullions must be used, or for patent balances a 4 in. auxiliary mullion can be employed.

*Project A62 for Coordination of Dimensions of Building Materials and Equipment, jointly sponsored by AIA and The Producers Council, Inc.



WELDING GUN ATTACHES CORRUGATED ASBESTOS TO STRUCTURE

Application of corrugated sheet asbestos (Transite) with the lightweight, automatic Nelson stud welding gun is reported to have achieved a distinctive streamlined effect for the exterior of the new two-story carton plant with basement and three-story factory addition to the Sunshine Biscuit bakery at Dayton, Ohio.

Studs end-welded to the Z-bars with the Nelson gun secured the siding to the struts, making it possible for installation of all sidewall materials to be handled from the outside and eliminating exposed fasteners or clips on the inside.

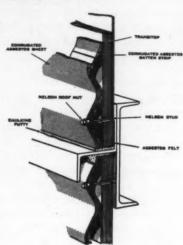
One-inch panels of insulating board (Transitop) surfaced on the inside with ½-in. veneer (Flexboard) were used for insulation. Around the inside, the outside and the bottom of these insulating panels, where they were set into a layer of caulking putty, were wrapped sheets of 15-lb. asbestos felt in a U-shape.

On the outside, in the same bed of putty, the corrugated asbestos sheets were then placed, and holes were drilled at regular intervals to facilitate installation of the Nelson studs, which extend through the siding and insulating board to the structural supports.

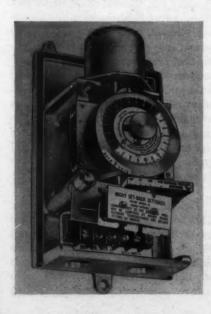
To provide uniform weather protection and an even surface overall, corrugated back batten strips were installed at joints. Nelson Stud-Welding Division, Morton-Gregory Corp., Lorain, Ohio.



Corrugated sheet asbestos, achieving a streamlined effect on the exterior of the factory addition to Sunshine Biscuit bakery, Dayton, Ohio (above), was secured to steel members through use of the Nelson stud and automatic welding gun. Detail (right) shows how siding was secured, making possible installation of all side-wall materials from the outside



HEATING CONTROL SET AT TIME BUILDING IS TO BE WARM



Now in production is a weatheractuated regulator for building heating designed to set back inside temperatures at night and still insure adequate warmth in the morning, regardless of outside temperature change.

The Weather-Chron, wired into the regular room thermostat circuit like any other clock switch, is set, not for the time heating is to start, but to the

Weather-actuated regulator starts heating system so that building will be warm at a certain time in the morning regardless of change in outside air temperature time the building is-to be warm every morning.

According to the manufacturer, Weather-Chron automatically changes the time heating starts with the changes in weather. On the coldest nights, when outdoor temperatures drop below a preselected level, the device is reported to hold building temperatures at daytime level throughout the night. When outdoor temperatures rise above 65 F., heating is eliminated.

Daytime building temperatures are maintained by the regular room thermostat at comfort level. Automatic Devices Co., 53 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago 4, Ill.

(Continued on page 180)

MANUFACTURERS' LITERATURE

Insulation

Silvercote's Handbook of "U" Values. Lists large number of heat transmission coefficients ("U" values) for various types of wall, floor and ceiling construction, including the coefficients for constructions using six different types of reflective insulation made by Silvercote.

A unique feature of the booklet, according to the manufacturer, is that it lists both winter and summer insulation values. The coefficients are reported to have been calculated in accordance with FHA procedure. The manufacturer's reflective insulations are described; three of these are thin sheet types and three others are of the blanket type. 108 pp., illus. Silvercote Products, Inc., 161 E. Erie St., Chicago, Ill.

Heating System Controls

Sarcotherm Weather Control for Hot Water and Radiant Heating (Technical Bulletin No. 1). This is the first in a series of bulletins designed to assist architects and engineers in the selection of appropriate controls for radiant heating systems. Includes descriptions and wiring diagrams of new thermostats developed especially for radiant heating. 8 pp., illus. Sarcotherm Controls, Inc., Empire State Bldg., New York 1, N. Y.

(1) Electronic Moduflow; (2) Zone Control and Individual Room Control. The first booklet describes a "supersensitive" electronic control system designed to vary the length of the "on" and "off" periods of the burner in direct proportion to the heating load. Components of the system and typical applications are illustrated and described. Diagrams are included for gravity and forced warm air and warm water, steam and radiant panel systems. The second booklet tells how zone or individual room control is accomplished for forced warm air and hot water and radiant panel applications. 8 pp. each, illus. Minneapolis Honeywell, Minneapolis 8, Minn.

Carpet Anchoring Device

Smoothedge Carpet Gripper. Describes method for installing wall-to-wall carpeting without the use of tacks. Narrow *Other product information in Sweet's File, 1949.

strips of plywood containing two rows of pins set at a 60° angle are installed level with the padding at the edge of the carpet. The pins penetrate the warp of the carpet to hold it rigidly in place. Sketches show how the strips are installed for both rolled and sealed edge finishes, and how they can be used for both wood and concrete floors. 4 pp., illus. The Roberts Co., 1536 N. Indiana St., Los Angeles 33, Calif.*

Incinerators

Incinerators: The Proper Type for Each Purpose. Covers complete line of flue-fed incinerators for residential, industrial and mulnicipal use. Models are shown for installation in basements of residences and for multiple floor installation in apartments, hospitals, hotels and schools. The heavy-duty types are available in capacities ranging from 50 lb. per hr. to 100 tons per day. Specifications and detailed drawings are included. 8 pp., illus. Morse Boulger Destructor Co., 205-A E. 42nd St., New York 17, N. Y.*

Wood-Plastic Material

Weldwood Catalogue. Newly "ssued catalogue on Weldwood products lists and illustrates new items in the line such as fire-resistant doors, Plankweld, Weldwood mouldings, several new wood species — Korina, American Elm and Vertical Grain Cedar, and two new finishing materials. 32 pp., illus. United States Plywood Corp., Weldwood Bldg., 55 W. 44th St., New York 18, N. Y.*

Plaster

Ohio Autoclaved Finishing Hydrated Lime. Pamphlet points out special features of autoclaved hydrated lime which is reported to need no soaking and to have greater yield than ordinary hydrated limes. Preparation instructions are given. 4 pp. The Ohio Hydrate and Supply Co., Woodville, Ohio.

Toilet Compartments

Sanymetal Toilet Compartments. (Catalog No. 68.) Five types of toilet compartments are illustrated — overhead braced, ceiling hung, floor supported, standard flush type and standard panel type. A color chart shows the 21 different shades

available for porcelain and baked-on enamel over steel. Other products catalogued are hospital cubicles, shower cabinets, dressing room compartments and hardware. Advantages are listed and extensive construction details and specifications are given. 20 pp., illus. The Sanymetal Products Co., Inc., 1701 Urbana Rd., Cleveland 12, Ohio.*

Hospital Communication

Auth Hospital Bulletin No. 170. Typical specifications and wiring diagrams on such hospital and institutional equipment as call systems, paging systems, emergency alarms, and intercommunicating telephone systems. Two pages are devoted to architects' symbols. 18 pp., illus. Auth Electric Co., 34–20 45th St., Long Island City 1, N. Y.

Wall, Ceiling Panels

New Interiors for Old. A collection of 79 repair and remodeling ideas using Upson wall and ceiling panels. Besides containing suggestions on how to cover cracked plaster with Upson materials, the booklet is profusely illustrated with pictures showing color schemes in rooms where Upson wall and ceiling panels have been applied. Color suggestions are given for predominant, secondary and accent colors. The various types of panels available are described and dimensions given. Diagrams show a variety of ceiling and sidewall panel designs. Accessories such as fasteners, mouldings and ornaments are included. 32 pp., illus. The Upson Co., Lockport, N. Y. 25 cents.

Wood

Douglas Fir of the Western Pine Region. Booklet on properties, uses and grades of Douglas Fir. General information provided covers appearance, weight, working stresses, shrinkage, nail holding power, ease of working, ability to take finishes, preservation and gluing. Other sections describe and picture various residential, commercial and heavy construction uses. The different grades available are shown with full page pictures accompanied by a description of the material and a general outline of grading rules. 52 pp., illus. Western Pine Assn., Yeon Bldg., Portland 4, Ore.*

Typical Designs of Timber Structures.

This book, prepared especially for use by architects and engineers, contains 88 new, typical designs and valuable technical information. Modern methods of timber construction using Teco (Continued on page 198)

Here is FISSURETONE

FISSURED MINERAL FIBRE TILE

• Developed and produced by the world's largest manufacturer of Sound Conditioning products, FISSURETONE brings architects and designers an entirely new acoustical medium, perfectly suited for any type of public or private, commercial or domestic building.

Highly sound absorbent, this completely and totally new mineral fibre tile is both smart and dignified in appearance. The beautiful fissured surface rivals the finest travertine and is factory-finished in a soft, flat white of high light-reflection rating. FISSURETONE has the paintability and cleanability inherent to products of this type.

Fissuretone is lightweight, rigid and incombustible. Its safety, effectiveness and unusual beauty make FISSURETONE equally suitable for both traditional and modern interiors.

Now—architects who want something really "different" can design dignified quiet into any room, right along with attractive style and perfect taste. Both functional and decorative, FISSURETONE again marks the consistent leadership of Celotex, creator and producer of the most wanted, needed and widely accepted line of Sound Conditioning products.



PRODUCTS FOR EVERY SOUND CONDITIONING PROBLEM

Sales Distributors Throughout the World In Canada: Dominion Sound Equipments, Ltd.

THE CELOTEX CORPORATION

120 South La Salle Street Chicago 3, Illinois





G-E flight test hanger at Schenectady, N. Y., used for maintenance, testing and development. Marcus T. Reynolds, architect; Heating Maintenance Corp., heating contractors.

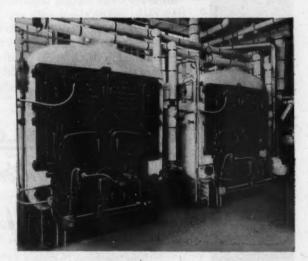
How to heat almost an acre of hangar

Heating the mammoth General Electric flight test hangar at Schenectady, N. Y., presented — as it always does in buildings of this type — the serious problem of how to maintain reasonably uniform temperatures despite very high ceilings and frequent air changes due to the opening and closing of hangar doors.

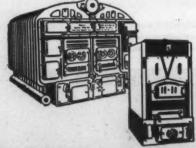
Consulting Engineer J. L. Ottenheimer solved the problem by specifying a radiant heating system installed in the concrete floor to maintain a comfortable temperature which is recovered unusually fast after hangar doors have been open. In spite of the 45-foot ceiling, a breathline temperature of only 60° has proved comfortable, and ceiling temperature is actually 2° lower, representing a considerable saving in fuel.

Two H. B. Smith No. 440 cast-iron sectional boilers heat the radiant floor panels in a manner which engineers have come to expect from these proved and tested Smith products. Their efficiency with heavy-oil, flexibility, and economy contribute much to any heating system. Their negligible maintenance costs, easy installation, and long-life expectancy should be considered no matter what the size of the job.

H. B. Smith boilers are being selected more and more for the difficult heating jobs where only the *best* equipment will do.



Two H. B. Smith No. 440 Mills water tube boilers, fired by heavy-oil burners, furnish steam for the heat exchanger from which water is circulated to the panels.



Smith_

CAST-IRON BOILERS

THE H. B. SMITH CO., INC., 62 Main St., Westfield, Mass., Offices and Representatives in Principal Cities

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MARCH 1949

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

MODULAR DESIGN DATA FOR WOOD WINDOWS

(Continued from page 138) (Continued on page 145)

CHECK RAIL WINDOWS, 1%"

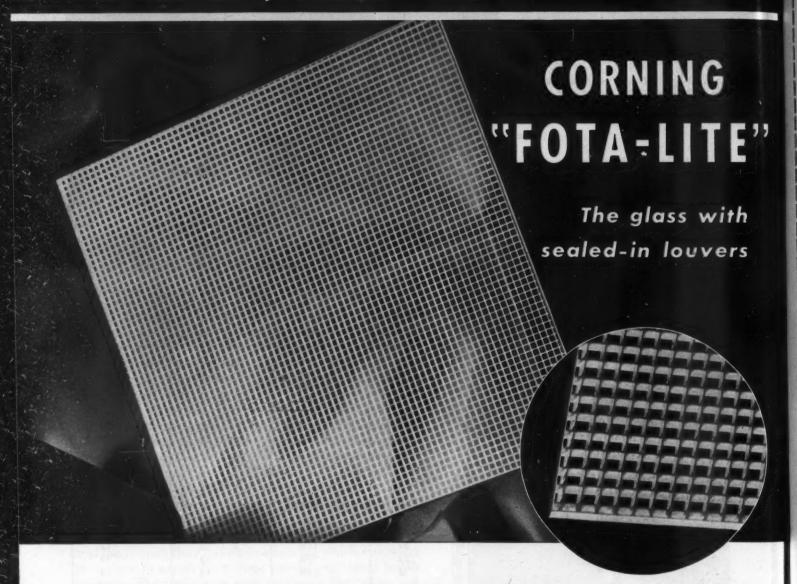
Window opening sizes are in bold face type
Glass sizes are in ordinary type.

WINDOW OPENINGS	2 is.	Top 3 Lt. W.	4 Lt. H.	Top 6 Lt.	12 17.
1-8 x 3- 2	16 x 16		16 x 7¾		
3-10	20		9¾		
4-6	24		1134		
2-0 x 2-10	20 x 14	61/2 x 14	20 x 6¾	6 1/2 x 7	
3- 2	16	16	734	8	621/2 × 8
3- 6	18	18	8¾	9	9
3-10	20	20	934	10	10
4- 2	22	22	10%	11	11
4- 6	24	24	1134	12	12
4-10	26	26	12%	13	13
5- 2	28	28	13%	14	14
2-4 x 2-10	24 x 14	727/2 x 14	24 x 634	721/2 x 7	
3- 2	16	16	73/4	8	8 x 8
3- 6	18	18	8¾	9	9
3-10	20	20	9%	10	10
4- 2	22	22	10%	11	11
4- 6	- 24	24	1134	12	12
4-10	26	26	12%	13	13
5- 2	.28	28	13%	14	14
2-8 x 2-10	28 x 14	9 ½ x 14	28 x 6¾	9 5/2 x 7	
3- 2	16	16	734	8	1
3- 6	18	18	834	9	
3-10	20	20	9%	10	911/2 x 10
4- 2	22	22	1034	11	
4- 6	24	24	1134	12	12
4-10	26	26	1234	13	13
5- 2	28	28	13%	14	14
gui e Chi diper	WILLIAM TO THE	Top 4 Lt. W.	losmblat is	Top 8 Lt.	16 Lt.
3-0 x 2-10	32 x 14	713/6 x 14	32 x 634	713/16 x 7	and the same of th
3-10	20	20	9%	10	713/16 x 10
4- 6	24	24	1134	12	12
4-10	26	26	1234	13	
5- 2	28	28	13¾	14	-14
3-4 x 4- 6	36 x 24	8 ¹³ / ₆ x 24	36 x 1134	813/6 x 12	813/6 x 12
4-10	26	26	12¾	13	13
5- 2	28	28	13%	14	14
3-8 x 4- 6	40 x 24	913% x 24	40 x 11¾	913/6 x 12	9 ¹³ / ₆ x 12
Note: The windows on this page are made ½ in. narrower and ½ in. shorter than window opening sizes listed. Dimensions for wood parts such as sitles, muntins, etc. are face measurements.	Top Rail Bottom Rail Vertical Bar Horizontal Bar	28	1 ²⁹ / ₂ " 3 " 3/ ₆ " 7/ ₆ "	St 129/2" T.R 121/2" B.R 3 " V.B 3/6" Mun 3/6" C.R 1 3/2"	St.* . 121/2 T.R. 121/2 B.R. 23/4 V.B. 3/4 Mun. 3/4 C.R. 1 3/2

CORNING GLASS WORKS, EQRNINGS

^{*} Stiles for 16 lt. sash are 1 29/32 in. Other window parts are the same.

Something Really NEW in lightingware



Now you can get "egg crate" fluorescent lighting effect without the egg crate! Corning "Fota-Lite" is a new glass in which vertical louvers are photographically transferred to the full thickness of the glass.

EASY TO CLEAN. "Fota-Lite" presents a smooth surface which you can wipe clean quickly—something that is impossible with ordinary exposed louvers. Since you can completely enclose the fixture, both tubes and reflectors also remain clean. Thus, you never lose original efficiency through the accumulation of grime and dust.

HIGH EFFICIENCY. Brightness at high angles is low. Yet, the transparent area is comparable to the finest crystal. Light directed vertically is almost unrestricted but a slight surface diffusion obscures tubes and reflectors. The 45° cut off is obtained within the thickness of the glass $(\frac{1}{8}")$ instead of bulky and costly louvering materials.

NO COLOR CHANGE. The opalescent louvers are nonselective in color transmission and as they are sealed within the glass surface, discoloration is impossible. This is important in maintaining original color values.



SEE this sensational new development at the Corning Exhibit, International Lighting Exposition, Booth No. 13, Hotel Stevens, Chicago, March 29 to April 1, or write for further information.

LIGHTINGWARE

CORNING GLASS WORKS, CORNING, NEW YORK

MARCH 1949

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

MODULAR DESIGN DATA FOR WOOD WINDOWS

(Continued from page 143)

Window or sush opening sizes are in bold face type; glass sizes are in ordinary type.

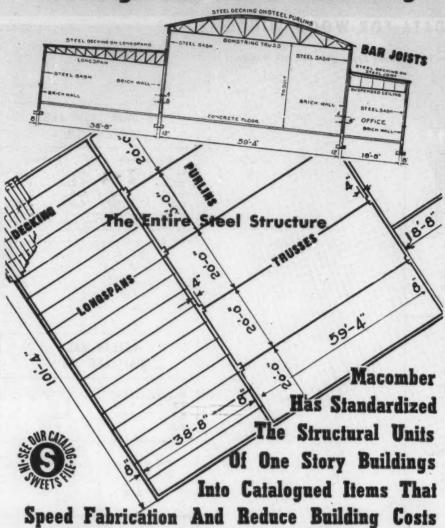
PLAIN RAIL WI	NDOWS 11/8
51. 12½' 1.R. 2 ¾' B.R. 2 ¾' M.R. 1 ¾' V.B. ¾' Mun. ¾'	8 Lp.
1-8 x 3-10 2-0 x 4- 6 2-4 x 5- 2	8 x 10 10 x 12 12 x 14
5t12½" T.R2 ¾" B.R2 ¾" M.R1 ¾" V.B¾" Mun¾"	12 Lights 3 Wide
2-4 x 3-10 4- 6 2-8 x 4- 6 3-0 x 4- 6	8 x 10 12 9 ¹ / ₂₂ x 12 10 ² / ₂₂ x 12

		ASEMENT	SASH, 1%"	,			
SASH	1 1.0.	3 Lt. H.	4 Lights High	6 Lt. 2 W.	8 Lights 2 Wide		
1-3½ x 3- 2 3-10 4- 6	12 x 33 41 49	12 x 10 ¹ 1/ ₆ 131/ ₂	12 x 101/6 121/6	5% × 1013/6 131/2	5% × 10% 12%		
1-7½ x 3- 2 3-10 4- 6	16 x 33 41 49	16 x 10 ¹³ / ₆ 13½	16 x 101/6 121/6	7% × 101% 131/2	7% x 10% 12%		

STORM S.	
Storm Sash	Screens
St129/2"	St
T.R12%2"	T.R127/20
B.R 4 1/16"	B.R3"
C.R 1/6"	C.R 5/8"

St 121/22"	
I.R	2 L1.
2-0 x 1-4 2-4 x 1-4 1-8 2-0	10 x 12 12 x 12 16 20
5†1 ²¹ / ₂₂ " T.R1 ²⁹ / ₂₂ " B.R1 ²⁹ / ₂₂ " V.B3/6"	3 Lights Wide
2-4 x 1-4 2-8 x 1-0 1-4 1-8 3-0 x 1-4 1-8 3-4 x 1-8	8 x 12 91½ x 8 12 16 10 ²¹ ⁄2 x 16 12 x 16
St	4 Lights Wide
2-8 x 1-4 1-8 4-4 x 1-4 1-8	913/6 x 12 16 1113/6 x 12 16

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NEWS FROM CANADA

(Continued from page 10)

Building Outlook Bright

Construction industry leaders see a contract award total in 1949 that will about equal last year's record \$954 million. But they agree that physical volume may drop as much as 5 to 10 per cent. Building costs, they say, will probably continue to rise slightly during the first six months of the year, then they will level off.

Contractors and suppliers are slowly returning to the practice of quoting firm prices, at least on jobs requiring a short completion time, but a buyers' market seems to be as far away as ever. It is expected that there will be more cement and lumber in 1949, but bottlenecks will remain in the supply of steel pipe, gypsum lath, plasterers and bricklayers.

No decline is anticipated, either in dollar value or in number of units completed, in residential construction. As a matter of fact, there may be an increase in both categories because of the unusually large carryover — 55,000 units — from 1948. The volume of engineering works, and commercial and institutional building, is expected to remain unchanged. Industrial building, in keeping with last year's trend, may be down a little.

Hamiltonian New President

Charles Lenz of Hamilton was elected president of the Ontario Association of Architects for 1949 at the annual meeting held in Toronto, January 21–22.

Retiring president L. E. Shore urged Association members to dip into their treasury to build "permanent quarters" in Toronto, with a lecture hall to accommodate from 100 to 150 architectural students. He also suggested that practising architects might give more assistance to architects-in-training by providing them with office experience.

Members were loud in their praise of the work done by the Committee of Arrangements, voted the meeting among the most memorable in the history of the Association. The program ranged from an exhibition of new building materials and tour of current construction projects to panel discussions on topics of architectural interest. Highlight of the annual dinner was an address by Louis Skidmore, senior partner of

(Continued on page 148)

The new to the diction mon with unabridge

UniTra conditioni is a *Trane*

UniTratrol, moist out ducts.

ings. Hotel

circuit con



Air Conditioning — Unabridged

The new name for air conditioning is UniTrane. It's too new for the dictionary—but it does have one important feature in common with the big Merriam-Webster book: both are complete—unabridged.

UniTrane is not merely a new system. It is a new kind of air conditioning. And it deserves a new name: It is a *Unit* system. It is a *Unit* rane system. It is a *UniTrane* system.

UniTrane air conditioning has individual room temperature control, moisture control, ventilation control. Filtered air. All without ducts.

It is designed for big buildings with small rooms. Office buildings. Hotels. Hospitals.

Type MC UniTrane units have two circuits in one cabinet. One circuit controls ventilation and moisture. The other circuit controls

room temperature. The two circuits work together, but they are independently adjustable. There is no other system like it.

And no ducts! Just simple piping, like a hot water heating system. You circulate hot water in winter, chilled water in the summer. It's as simple as that.

Read "Merely a Matter of Air" for non-technical information about UniTrane. See Bulletin DS-420 for professional data. The Trane sales office in your area is ready to tell you many interesting things about UniTrane—Air Conditioning, unabridged.

THE TRANE COMPANY...LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN

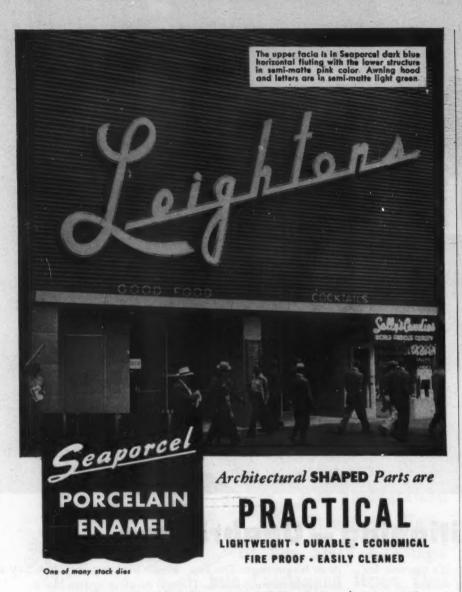
Manufacturing Engineers of Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning Equipment— Unit Heaters, Convector-radiators, Heating and Cooling Coils, Fans, Compressors, Air Conditioners, Unit Ventilators, Special Heat Exchange Equipment, Steam and Hot Water Heating Specialties. IN CANADA, TRANE COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD., TORONTO.

This Type MC UniTrane Room Unit is beautifully styled for underwindow installation in offices, hotels, hospitals, and other multi-room buildings. Each room has its own temperature, moisture, and ventilation control . . . Data bulletin DS-420 is for architects and engineers . . . "Merely a Matter of Air" is an interesting non-technical discussion of multi-room air conditioning.









The entire facade of Leighton's new building in Los Angeles, California shows how one of a variety of Seaporcel* "shaped" parts has been applied for estbetic as well as practical value.

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NEWS FROM CANADA

(Continued from page 146)

Nott and Marrill Photo



New York Architect Louis Skidmore (left) is presented with an inscribed monel metal memento by L. E. Shore, president of the Ontario Association of Architects, on behalf of the Association at its Toronto meeting. Mr. Skidmore received the honor in recognition of his part in planning important international projects such as the United Nations Center and the Atomic Energy Commission's Oak Ridge

Skidmore, Owings and Merrill, who extended fraternal greetings from architects in the U.S.

First Home Show Scheduled

Canada's first National Home Show will be staged in the Canadian National Exhibition's Horticultural Building, Toronto, May 20-28. It will feature demonstrations of new methods, materials and equipment calculated to produce better, cheaper building. Co-sponsors are the National House Builders' Association and the Toronto Metropolitan Home Builders' Association.

New P.M. Says Subsidies Out

Pressure for subsidized housing has been mounting. It is favored by the Canadian Federation of Mayors and Municipalities, the Canadian Construction Association, the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada, the Canadian Welfare Council and many other organizations. However, the Dominion Government appears to have a low estimate of the political potency of (Continued on page 150)

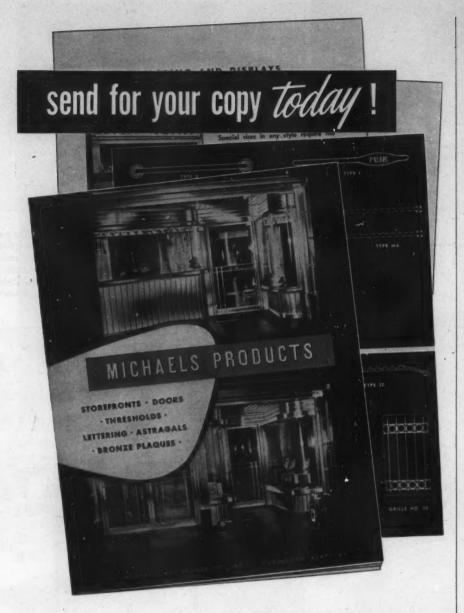


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NEWS FROM CANADA

(Continued from page 148)

these groups. Beyond providing a concealed grant to the veterans' housing program carried on by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, it has disregarded the subsidy plea.

Public housers were not hopeful of a change in attitude when Louis St. Laurent sat down in the chair so long warmed by Mr. William Lyon Mackenzie King. (Mr. St. Laurent once declared that no government of which he was a member would ever subsidize housing.) It turns out they were right. At a recent press conference, the new Prime Minister expressed belief that lack of money was not holding back building. Since all possible manpower and material was going into it, government subsidies were not needed to sustain housing construction.

This, of course, is not the housers' argument at all. They don't say subsidies are needed to sustain housing construction. They say they are needed to enable low-income families to occupy a percentage of the housing built. Misinterpretation of their object, though perhaps unintentional, drives them to distraction. One protests, "It seems obvious that the concept of subsidized low-rental housing is not well understood . . . on the part of the new Prime Minister."

Building Costs Level Off

"The most encouraging sign in the construction cost field in 1948 is the leveling off of the marked price increases of 1946 and 1947," Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation reports in the latest issue of *Housing in Canada*, a quarterly review of major trends in the shelter field.

Attributed to a more moderate rise of material prices in 1948 as compared with the very rapid increase of the previous year, the combined index of building material wholesale prices and wage rates in construction trades increased only 7 per cent from January to September of 1948 as compared to a 17 per cent increase in the first nine months of 1947. The 1948 increase is made up of a 6 per cent rise in the composite index of building material wholesale prices and a 9 per cent gain in the index of average hourly wage rates (including holiday pay allowances) paid to building workers.

(Continued on page 152)

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NEWS FROM CANADA

(Continued from page 150)

Planners Hear Detroit Expert

That able fledgling, the Institute of Professional Town Planners, held its annual meeting on January 28 in Toronto. Two principal subjects were dealt with: the planning accomplishments of the past five years and the methods to be employed in solving problems that remain.

George F. Emery, Director of the Detroit Planning Commission, was guest speaker at the luncheon session. He told delegates how the one and one third billion dollar Detroit plan would be implemented. The plan provides for a new civic center, riverfront development, improved cultural, educational and recreational facilities, more efficient transportation, slum clearance and public housing. "The citizens can have all this," Mr. Emery declared, "without adding more to their tax bills than they annually spend on movies."

Completion Time Stands Still

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports that 68,103 dwelling units were completed in Canada in the first 11 months of 1948. Those finished in November took an average of 6.0 months to build, a figure showing practically no change from October's 6.1 months.

Report on Building Research

A year-end summary of the work of the National Research Council pays tribute to the Division of Building Research. The Division has, it appears, continued its close cooperation with Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation. Joint studies have been made of such problems as paint deterioration and basementless houses, and a long-term study of mortar deterioration is about to be launched. The first of a series of technical reports — a directory of commercial testing laboratories — has been prepared and published.

The construction industry is particularly interested in the work done by the section of the Division dealing with codes and specifications. Worthwhile results are expected from a meeting of municipal officials held in Ottawa, February 28–March 1. The meeting aimed at full discussion of existing building codes with reference to the start of further work on the National Building Code. The Code, which appeared in

(Continued on page 154)

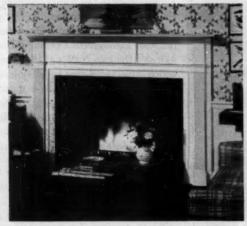
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You can see the sure touch of a master designer in this charming Curtis entrance—Design C-1730. H. Roy Kelley, Architect. Curtis entrances assure lasting value and beauty.



A fine cabinet for the bome owner who wants something out of the ordinary—Curtis Design C-6515. The Architect was Russell F. Whitehead. Curtis offers 18 styles of cabinets.

A NEW Curtis Development – PRESPINE

Developed after years of research and testing, Curtis Prespine is a new wood material for use in panels in Curtis doors and as an integral part of other Curtis Woodwork. Prespine has a hard, satin-smooth surface that takes paint and other finishes beautifully. Tough and durable, Prespine will not warp, check or splinter. It is 93% wood—and resembles in color the species wood from which it is made. Picture on right shows the beauty of Curtis doors with Prespine panels.



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NEWS FROM CANADA

(Continued from page 152)

1941, has not had the recognition and application originally hoped for.

\$670 Million since 1927

In an introduction to the 1949 edition of the Book of Homes, a MacLean-Hunter publication, D. B. Mansur, president of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, states that the outlay of federal funds and guarantees for housing has reached a figure in the neighborhood of \$670 million. Since the Canadian Farm Loans Act was passed in 1927, the Dominion Government has contributed financial assistance or taken a direct part in the construction of more than 150,000 dwelling units. The greatest volume of government assistance was funneled through the Dominion Housing Act and the two National Housing Acts which superseded this legislation.

The figure of \$670 million may seem to be a staggering amount. Actually, it is little more than the anticipated budgetary surplus rolled up by Canadian taxpayers for the Dominion Government in 1948.

Growing Pains in Edmonton

Edmonton, Alberta, faces one of the most serious housing crises in its history. The population has mush-roomed, largely because of the sensational oil discoveries in the province.

The house production target for 1949 is 3000 units, 1000 more than was aimed at previously. It is proposed that 400 of these be built according to a plan for small, basementless houses developed by the Edmonton House Builders' Association. Available in three sizes - one, two and three bedrooms and seven different exterior designs, these dwellings would meet local and national minimum building standards and require a down payment of only \$700 or \$800. The plan has been submitted to Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation for approval under the National Housing Act. Ways of restricting sales to Edmontonians with monthly incomes of less than \$200 are being reviewed.

Rental Ceiling Gets Boost

Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation announces that the ceiling on rentals for completely serviced dwelling units covered by rental insurance

(Continued on page 156)

Close-up of the Empire Savings facade shows effective use of bronze against background of black Italian marble. Heavy outer doors are made of cast panels framed in Anaconda Extruded Bronze. Grille above is fabricated from red brass sheet, rod and tubes. The street windows, presenting dioramas of the Old West, are also framed in Anaconda Bronze.

Private office partitions at Empire Savings are formed of glass panels supported by Architectural Bronze frames.



PHOTOS BY SOUNDSTILLS, DENVER.

THE OLD WEST GOES MODERN ...IN TIMELESS

Bronze

Scenes of the west in its wild and wooly days provide the motif for the ultra modern decor of Denver's new Empire Savings Building.

Architect for the new home of the Empire Savings Building and Loan Association is Roger J. Musick, of Denver. Architectural bronze work was fabricated by the William G. Zimmerman Ornamental Iron Works, also of Denver.

Except for the bronze castings and other materials for color contrast, Mr. Zimmerman employed Anaconda Alloys exclusively—extruded architectural bronze shapes, red brass rod, sheet and tube.

In adding this work to his long list of artistic achievements, Mr. Zimmerman reaffirms his confidence in the uniformity of Anaconda Architectural Bronze in color, texture and physical properties.

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Long Branch, Ont., war memorial: a public library. Murray Brown & Elton, Architects

KENILWORTH HOTEL MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA Roy F, France & Son Architects

Designed for exterior beauty as well as for indoor comfort, Gate City Awning Windows lend interest to the architectural design of this well known hotel. From the strictly formal pattern made by the closed sash to the distinctive lacy effect of the open tiers, the result is always pleasing. Even when the sash are opened their widest, the window space does not resemble a "hole in the wall".



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Gate City Awning Windows permit both the apartment dweller and the hotel guest to "tailor" the ventilation to their needs. These windows have twice the ventilating area of ordinary windows. A few easy turns of a handle open them to the exact degree desired.

When open, the sash draw in the fresh outdoor air . . . keep it gently moving at the ceiling . . . cool off stuffy rooms on hot days . . . prevent rain from damaging floors and decoration. Made of wood, these windows

are rigid . . . sturdy. They cannot squeak, slam, flutter or rattle—important features which add still further to the comfort of the guest.

Nation-wide installations prove that Gate City Awning Windows meet the requirements of Northern climates as well as those of the South. Vertical weatherstripping is standard; horizontal weatherstripping on order. For further information, see Sweet's, or write to Gate City Sash & Door Co., Dept. R-3, Fort Lauderdale, Fla.

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Offices and Factory: Fort Lauderdale, Florida e Export Sales Representative: Frazar & Company, 50 Church Street, New York 7, U.S.A. • Cable Address: Frazar, N. Y. • Agents in principal cities throughout the world. has been raised from \$80 to \$84 per month. This maximum rental has been established for living units comprising 800 sq. ft. and provided with heat, hot and cold water, stove, refrigerator and janitor.

The insurance program, introduced last year, guarantees builders of approved rental housing projects sufficient income to look after taxes, debt service, operating expenses, repairs, renewals and replacements. Rental insurance may be purchased for 10, 20 or 30 year periods, with annual premiums of 1¾, 2 and 2¼ per cent of the insured rentals.

Loans on insured rental housing projects are made directly by recognized mortgage institutions, and are authorized up to 85 per cent of present costs, as estimated by Central Mortgage. The mortgage repayment period is 20 years, with principal repayments at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum. The maximum interest rate is $4\frac{1}{4}$ per cent per annum, calculated semi-annually.

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Rental insurance, to quote D. B. Mansur, president of the Corporation, "virtually assures that . . . an investor will never lose his property to a mortgage, no matter what happens to rentallevels." The worst that could happen would be that the owner's equity would bear interest at 2 per cent, with amortization of the mortgage continuing at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

Despite its advantages, the response of investors and builders to the rental insurance program has been luke-warm. The \$4 boost in the rental ceiling may induce more enthusiasm on their part.

Construction Association Meets

Allan C. Ross of Ottawa and Robert Drummond of Toronto were re-elected president and vice president respectively of the Canadian Construction Association at its annual convention in Toronto, January 23–26. T. N. Carter of Toronto was elected honorary secretary and P. G. Wilmut of Montreal honorary treasurer.

The C. C. A. is Canada's leading building organization and its convention deliberations always are of general interest. This year's program proved no exception. Highlights of some of the addresses follow:

1. End of Cost Rise in Sight. "While it would be improper to forecast any substantial drop in costs in 1949, there is reason to hope that, if we continue to make progress in restraining inflationary factors, the cost rise may be halted by the end of the year." — Allan

(Continued on page 158)



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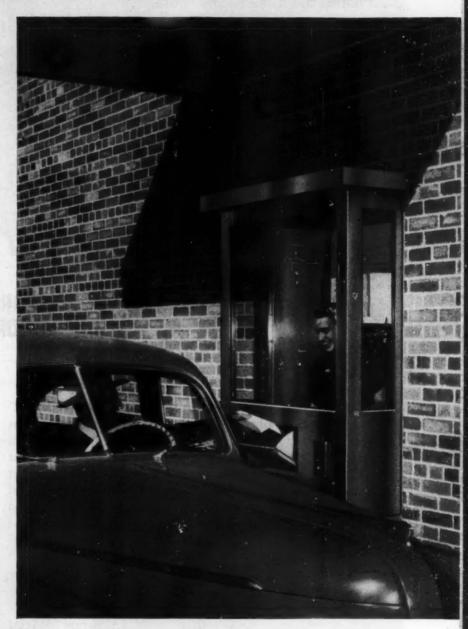
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C. Ross, President, Canadian Construction Association.

Figures presented to support this prediction showed that the pace at which costs had increased was slowed from 20 per cent in 1947 to approximately 10 per cent in 1948.

2. Industry to Go Underground. "I think that it is in this sphere of activity (the decentralization of war plants) that the construction industry will be called upon to play a major part." - H. J. Carmichael, Chairman, Canadian Industrial Defence Board.

The Board is working on plans to put the Dominion's vital factories underground to protect them against atomic attack. Two sites have already been selected and surveyed for certain plants which are "of such strategic importance that their destruction would be disastrous."



ERE we have a close-up showing how "Accurate" metal saddles provide smooth gliding movement for sliding doors. Combined with metal track hangers at top of doors, this patented weatherproof arrangement is unequalled for sliding doors leading to porches and terraces. Saddles and track hangers are of finest architectural bronze, precision made for enduring performance. We shall be glad to supply details as to the arrangement best suited to your specific needs.

"Accurate" is a pioneer manufacturer of metal weather strips for all types of buildings. No window, no door, can be better protected against drafts, moisture, termites and heat losses than with "Accurate" Metal Weather Strips.

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3. Shelter Lack Still Apparent. Effective demand as calculated by the number of completed but unsold houses in the major communities of Canada shows little indication that the country faces . . . a lessening of the need for additional housing. — D. B. Mansur, President, Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Net family formation, including immigration, has kept up with the volume of house building. We have just managed to look after current needs without making much progress on the backlog of demand which accumulated during the war years.

4. Public Works Shelf Exists. "In the years beyond 1949 . . . public investment may have to play a more important part than it did in the last four years." - Hon. R. H. Winters, Minister of Reconstruction and Supply.

in

A public works shelf consisting of fully-planned projects exceeding \$100 million in value has been built up "but much remains to be done. We would like to have a shelf of at least three hundred millions of worthwhile federal projects. If provinces and municipalities would build up a proportionate shelf, this would mean a total of potential public projects of about one billion dollars."

5. Canada Needs More Apprentices. "We have to find ways and means of drawing into the ranks of our workers five times as many boys as we have now. And, after we get them, we have to find ways of training them to be good mechanics more quickly and efficiently than is presently the fashion." - J. M. Pigott, Chairman, C.C.A. Apprenticeship Committee.

An early meeting between employers, representatives of organized labor and appropriate departments of government was advocated to face the problem created by apathy to apprenticeship training. Need for an entirely new approach was indicated.

6. More Steel Unlikely in '49. Our production of steel ingot in 1949 should increase at least 100,000 net tons over 1948's 3,075,000 total, providing scrap steel continues to flow and there are no major mill breakdowns or strikes. -F. K. Ashbaugh, Dominion Steel Controller.

Canada can hope to import about 800,000 tons of U.S. steel in 1949, about 119,000 less than last year. The deficit will be offset partially by increased imports from Europe. Total steel supply should be about equal to that of last year.

Welded Steel Framework Cuts Cost 50%

By Francis J. Schroedel, President

Schroedel Construction Company, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

DIRECT savings of 50% over masonry and fire resistive construction are being realized in the erection of four 12-family apartment units, eight 16-family units and one 24-family apartment for the Estabrook project in Shorewood, Wisconsin. These savings result from greatly simplified construction methods using steel members for wall frame and floor joists and are made possible by arc welding.

A modular design using 2-foot increments enables mass production arc welding techniques for fast, low-cost shop fabrication of wall panel members for the first and second floors. Bethlehem open-web expanded-steel studs are welded between a channel cap or girt and a sill plate for both the first and second floor panels. Three-quarter inch channel is added between the studs for horizontal bracing.

During field erection, the wall panels are raised into position, held in place with a simple clamp (Fig. 1) and arc welded with ½" diameter "Fleetweld 5" electrode, using 200-amp. engine-driven Lincoln "Shield-Arc" welders. The first floor framing is welded into an integral unit, and a finished concrete floor is later poured to cover the sill plates thus anchoring the building frame in position.

An "I" beam, supported by two outside



Fig. 1. Arc welding steel panels to form the side walls. Panels are made from 4" Bethlehem expanded steel studs.

walls and the center utility room walls, forms the center support for the expanded steel second floor framework. The erection of the second floor panels is then done without the need for any scaffolding.

Exterior walls are finished with

masonry, and interior plastering is applied to metal lath. In addition to direct cost savings in the building erection, additional benefits are easier, less costly installation of plumbing, wiring and insulation. The structure is both shrink-proof and verminproof.



Fig. 2. Placing second floor prefabricated steel wall panels in position. Panels are hoisted and welded in place without use of any scaffolding.

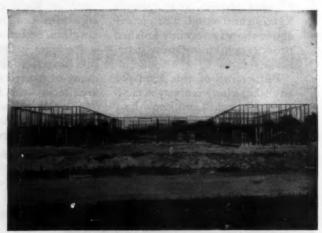


Fig. 3. Framework for one of many multiple family apartments built with all-welded steel construction. The Estabrook Homes project is located in Shorewood, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

The above is published by THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY in the interests of progress.

Architects and engineers are invited to write on their letterheads to be placed on mailing list for Structural Welding Studies.

The Lincoln Electric Company, Dept. 151, Cleveland 1, Obio.

funds can be generated to implement school construction on a heavy scale. This increase is expected to become evident as soon as costs actually start to drop.

The FWA Office said this about the progress of school construction over the past 30 years: "If the rate of public school building in the decade of the 1920's had been continued from 1932 through 1947, we would have today an additional \$5.5 billion (in terms of 1947 costs) worth of public school plant. The average annual rate of public school construction in recent years, 1940 through 1947, was little more than a fourth of the average annual accomplishment of the 1920's."

Summarized in terms of physical space, the present requirements call for construction of some 200,000 additional new elementary and secondary classrooms. This takes into account an anticipated enrollment increase of 6.2 million children seven years from now. This can be worked out with fair accuracy on the basis of known birth rate totals.

Public and private sources are concerned over the problems presented in the education picture. They see competing needs for other types of public works (sewer and water facilities, roads, hospitals and other community building types) taking a highly competitive position in the overall building programs. Intensive home construction activity, commercial and industrial building eat up large amounts of building materials, manpower and contracting and engineering potential.

Value of public school construction put in place in 1948 is measured at \$550 million. In terms of physical volume, however, this proves out to be well below the yearly average of the 1920's and not much more than half the volume of public school plant added in

Many perfectly adequate school structures were found to be "geographically obsolete" due to extensive migration of workers and their families to new production areas during the war. Still another factor in this has been the reshifting of population accompanying reconversion to a peacetime economy. The shifting pupil loads are creating need for new schools far faster than it can be satisfied.



Not All Pioneers Used Covered Wagons . . .

SOME, like Bergen Cabinet, used plastics, cold cathode lighting and wood. The picture above shows a recently finished product combining these mate-

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ON THE CALENDAR

Through March 19: "Piranesi Drawings," exhibition of 79 drawings by Giovanni Battista Piranesi, 18th century Italian architect and etcher. The Pierpont Morgan Library, 29 E. 36th St., New York City.

Through March 20: "American Paintings from the Museum Collection." exhibition at the Museum of Modern Art, New York City.

March 4-April 2: Whole-House Architectural Exhibition, The Art Alliance, 251 S. 18th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

March 4-indefinite: "Ancient Art of the Near and Middle East," exhibition at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City.

March 6-31: Survey of 200 Years of Print-Making, exhibition by Kennedy and Company, The Akron Art Institute, Akron, Ohio.

March 14-17: Chicago Technical So-(Continued on page 162)

For modern housing...



MASS—1768 new apartments in the Jacob Riis Houses in New York City... that's mass housing. It is estimated that the Gold Bond Solid Partition System, used throughout, provided over 100 extra apartments.



CLASS—One of New York's finest penthouse apartments at 90th Street and Central Park West, where Emery Roth & Sons specified and used the Gold Bond Solid Partition System. Met every exacting requirement. Added 7% rentable space.

mass or class...



LOW COST—The Gold Bond Solid Partition System, approved by New York City's Housing Authority, helped the successful bidder figure his costs down to a minimum. These are the Amsterdam Houses in New York—1084 apartments.



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Combine this system with the Gold Bond Hollow Wall System to provide space for pipes, ducts, etc. The two separate units may be spaced any distance apart to meet specifications... with no ties or bridging. For your next job, check up on Gold Bond Partition Systems. Read about them in Sweet's, or drop us a card for a 15 minute demonstration—without obligation!

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cieties Conference and 7th Chicago Production Show, Stevens Hotel, Chi-

March 15-18: 81st Annual Convention of the American Institute of Architects, Rice Hotel, Houston, Texas.

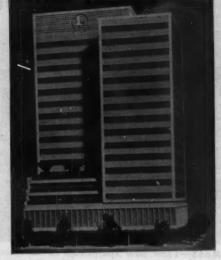
March 29-April 1: 3rd National Lighting Exposition, Chicago.

April 11-15: 6th Western Metal Congress and Exposition, Shrine Auditorium, Los Angeles.

April 19-21: South West District Meeting, American Institute of Electrical Engineers, Baker Hotel, Dallas,

April 20-23: Spring Meeting, American Society of Civil Engineers, Oklahoma City, Okla.

May 1-27: Inaugural Exhibitions in the new building, and 26th Annual May Show of works by local artists. The Akron Art Institute, Akron, Ohio.



Model of office building for busy corner in Tulsa. Carson & Lundin, Architects

OFFICE BUILDING

Now under construction in Tulsa, Okla., is a 20-story office building which will house the First National Bank & Trust Company of Tulsa and the main offices of the Sun Ray Oil Corp. To cost approximately \$5,500,000, the building was designed by Carson & Lundin, New York architects. It will have exterior walls of gray brick, with lighter colored marble. Windows will be continuous, arranged in 5-ft. units to facilitate installation of office partitions with a wide degree of latitude. An unusual feature will be an open arcade on the ground floor. The First National's main banking floor will be located on the second floor of the building, and will be reached from the street level by moving stairways. Other bank services will be housed in the first sub-basement and on the third, fourth and fifth floors.

THE Sedqwick ROTO-WAITER ... a new kind of fully automatic electric dumb waiter

that never overtravels

FOR TWO-STOP INSTALLATIONS...the new Sedgwick Roto-Waiter, with its unique endless chain drive principle of operation, embodies those features of safety, dependability and economy that make it the ideal dumb waiter for stores, hospitals, hotels, restaurants, libra-ries, clubs, schools, banks, factories, residences and other commercial, institutional and industrial buildings.

The single direction motor helps cut costs by eliminating the need for special control equipment normally required when reversing motors are used—and, by reducing starting torque, it cuts current con-

Furthermore, Sedgwick Roto-Waiters . . .

- 1. Never overtravel
- 2. Are completely factory assembled and tested
- Require only minimum clearance
- 4. Have an overload safety device for safe operation
 5. Require no heavy load-bearing supports, except at bottom
- 6. Are easy to install

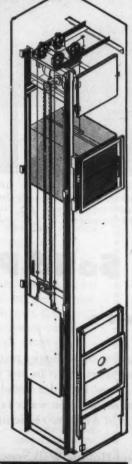
The table of dimensions, shown below, lists three standard counterweighted Roto-Waiters. A Sedgwick uncounterweighted Roto-Waiter (with car size 24" x 24" x 36", 150 lbs. capacity) is also available when the dumb waiter is to be installed in limited space, as for undercounter use.

STANDARD ROTO-WAITER	DIMEN	SIONS	
Size No	2C	3C	5C
Capacity, Ibs.	200	300	500
Car width, in.	24"	30"	36"
Car depth, in.	24"	30"	36"
Hoistway width, in.	33"	39"	45"
Hoistway depth, clear in	27"	33"	39"
Hoistway depth, including doors, in.	29"	35"	41"

In addition to the Sedgwick Roto-Waiter, Sedgwick also builds Multi-Stop Electric Traction Dumb Waiters, designed for installa-tions where there are three or more landings to be served. Both are of all-steel construction. Specify, too, Sedgwick Steel Dumb Waiter Doors for complete satisfaction.

Whafever your vertical transportation problem may be, it is probable that we have case histories on parallel applications in

ur files. We'll be glad to supply you with such information, prices or any other data you may require.



BUILDERS OF VERTICAL TRANSPORTATION SINCE 1893

COMPETITION WINNERS NAMED Low-Cost Furniture

Nearly 3000 entries from 31 countries were submitted in the Competition for Low-Cost Furniture sponsored by the Museum of Modern Art, New York City, and the Museum Design Project, Inc., results of which were announced in mid-January.

The \$5000 first prize for seating units was divided between Don R. Knorr of Chicago and Professor Georg Leowald of Berlin, Germany. Mr. Knorr, an architect, is a graduate of the University of Chicago and is currently working in both architecture and furniture in the office of Eero Saarinen at Bloomfield Hills, Mich. Prof. Leowald is a designer

(Continued on page 164)

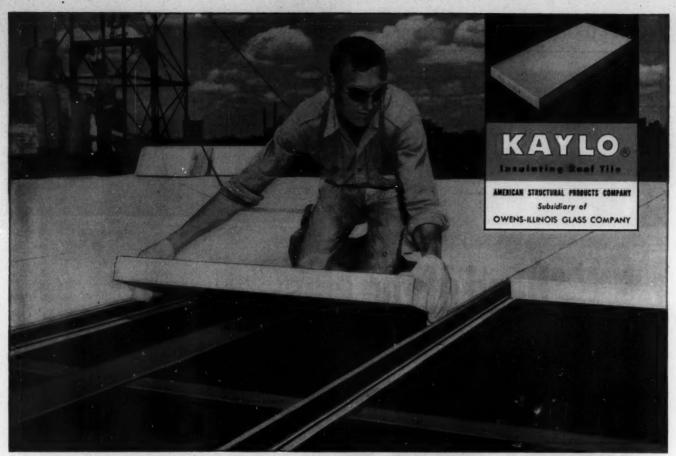
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In a Kaylo roof deck you get:

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Advantages never before combined in one roof deck material are yours with Kaylo Insulating Roof Tile.

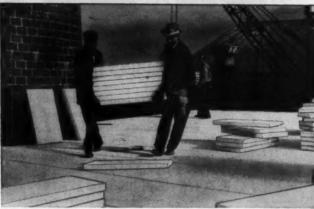
Kaylo Roof Tile:

Is lightweight. This reduces dead load on buildings and saves steel. Weighing only about 5 to 6 pounds per square foot, Kaylo Roof Tiles are easy to handle.

Is strong. Kaylo Roof Tile is a reinforced structural unit designed for a total load of 50 pounds per square foot with an adequate safety factor.

Insulates. Special operation of applying insulation over the roof deck is eliminated. Kaylo Roof Tile has insulation value equal to an inch and a half of standard insulating board.

Kaylo Insulating Roof Tile can be specified for any standard structural roof. For special contour problems, Kaylo Roof Tile can be cut to fit, on the job.



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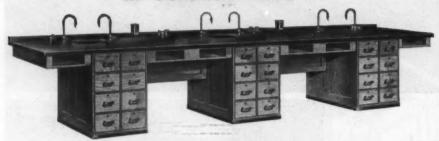
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Left, winners and officials of the Low-Cost Furniture Competition: seated, Robert E. Lewis, Davis J. Pratt, Don R. Knorr, Ralph W. Fox, Clive Latimer; standing, James L. Prestini, John O. Merrill, Rene d'Harnoncourt (farthest back), Harry Fish, John B. McMorran, Nelson A. Rockefeller, Dean L. M. K. Boelter, Alexev Brodovitch. Ira A. Hirschmann, Robin Day, Edgar Kaufmann, Jr., Charles Eames, Prof. Georg Leowald. Above, the Competition Jury: front row, Rene d'Harnoncourt, Catherine Bauer, Luis de Florez, Mies van der Rohe; second row, Hugh Lawson, Alfred Averbach, Gordon Russell; standing, Edgar Kaufmann, Jr., Director

hitherto unknown in this country.

The \$2500 second prize for seating units was divided between Charles Eames and the University of California, Los Angeles Campus, group with which he was working, and Davis J. Pratt of Chicago. The third prize of \$1250 for seating units went to Alexey Brodovitch, art director of *Harper's Bazaar* since 1934.

Only the \$5000 first prize for storage units was awarded, the recipients being Robin Day and Clive Latimer, well-known British designers. The \$2500 prize for the best research report was awarded to James L. Prestini and the Armour Research Foundation of the Illinois Institute of Technology, where Mr. Prestini is now working.

The Simmons Prize, offered for a sleeping unit convertible for daytime use, was not awarded as no designs submitted were considered superior to those already in use.

Honorable Mentions, carrying no reward, were given for a seating unit design to John O. Merrill and John B. McMorran of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and for a storage unit design to Ernest Race, an English designer.

(Continued on page 166)





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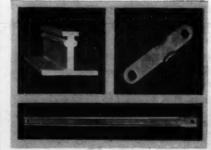
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CHOICEOF BUTT OR EXTENSION TYPE HINGES

The sturdy Ware butt hinge with stainless steel bushings, pin and washers or the convenient Ware extension hinge with stainless steel pins and washers are optional.



Tile Flooring

Winners in the \$10,000 Kentile-Architectural Forum design competition have been announced as follows:

First prize of \$1500, to New York Architect George Cooper Rudolph for his design of a modern candy shop;

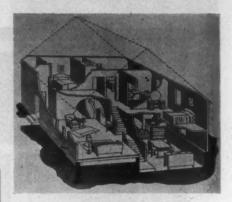
First prize of \$1500 to G. Russello and B. Johnson of Detroit for their design of a suburban home's kitchen and breakfast area:

First prize of \$1500 to A. Albert Cooling of Los Angeles, for his design of a living room;

Second prizes of \$750 each to George Cooper Rudolph of New York (kitchen), Robert Pattison of Elyria, Ohio (living and dining room), and Mrs. Barbara Upshaw Siegel of Chicago (candy shop):

Third prizes of \$500 each to Harlan E. McClure of Minneapolis (kitchen),

Mary Royer of Los Angeles (living and dining room), and Thomas Weatherwax of Philadelphia (candy shop).



Tri-Level Home is for mass production

HOME BUILDERS SHOW TRI-LEVEL HOME

A special scale model of the Tri-Level Home—a three-bedroom house ready for factory mass production by Lumber Fabricators, Inc., of Detroit—was displayed at the Annual Convention and Exposition of the National Association of Home Builders in Chicago last month.

Designed especially to meet the needs of low-income bracket families, the Tri-Level Home meets FHA National Minimum Construction Standards. Within the interior dimensions of 26 by 30 ft., it includes three bedrooms and bath on the upper level, living room on grade level, and dining room, kitchen and recreation-utility room on the lower level. It minimizes excavating to a maximum of $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., providing large recreation and utility space without basement cost.

APPRENTICESHIP EXHIBITS

A traveling exhibition of stained glass panels executed by apprentices in the stained-glass industry has been shown recently in Philadelphia, Cincinnati and Milwaukee, and is opening on March 29th at the Delaware Art Center in Wilmington. It will be shown in New York City, at the Cooper Union, from May 23 to June 8 and later will be taken to St. Louis and Boston. The tour was arranged by the Stained Glass Association of America.

AT THE COLLEGES Fellowships Announced

The annual competition for the Traveling Fellowship in Architecture offered by Rice Institute will be held in the Department of Architecture begin(Continued on page 168)





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Bird Masterbilt Thick Butt Shingles stand the test of time . . . a Bird roof is a better roof. Extra layers of asphalt and deeply embedded mineral granules give tough lasting protection where it counts . . . on exposed tabs. The rugged surface defies weather . . . and fire resistance is greatly increased for the long life of the shingle. Narrower cut-outs and heavier shadow-lines give added massive beauty . . . and a wide range of handsome lasting colors and blendes is available.

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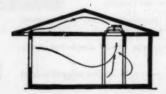
Provide this 38" x 40" ceiling opening



Install the Hunter Package Fan in the Attic (Fan, shutter and switch in one compact unit)



RESULT: cool comfort throughout entire house



A Complete Unit: No expensive, space-consuming suction-box is required for installation . . . just a simple ceiling opening for the Package Fan, plus attic exhaust vent. Shutter and switch are built-in. No ceiling grille or other accessories needed.

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ning April 12 and ending May 16. The Fellowship provides a sum of \$1200 to be used for foreign travel and study, with a minimum of five months' residence in the foreign country chosen. It is open only to graduates of the Rice Institute Department of Architecture. For further information address The Department of Architecture, The Rice Institute, Houston 1, Texas.

The University of Illinois has an-

nounced the 18th annual consideration of candidates for the Kate Neal Kinley Memorial Fellowship. The Fellowship offers \$1000 toward defraying the expenses of advanced study of Fine Arts in America or abroad. It is open to graduates of the College of Fine and Applied Arts of the University of Illinois and to graduates of similar institutions of equal educational standing whose principal studies have been in Music,

Art, or Architecture. Applicants should not exceed 24 years of age on June 1, 1949. Requests for application blanks and instructions should be addressed to Dean Rexford Newcomb, College of Fine and Applied Arts, Room 110, Architecture Building, University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill. Applications should reach the Committee by May 1st.

Florida School Reorganized

The University of Florida has announced that its School of Architecture and Allied Arts has been redesignated as the College of Architecture and Allied Arts. The College is composed of the Department of Architecture, the Department of Art, and the Bureau of Architectural and Community Research.

William T. Arnett, a member of the faculty since 1929 and director of the School since 1946, has been named dean of the College and director of the Bureau of Architectural and Community Research. John L. R. Grand, a member of the faculty since 1937, has been named head of the Department of Architecture.

Appointments

Henry S. Churchill, town planner and architect of the firm of Churchill-Fulmer Associates, has been named an Associate in Planning at Columbia University. Mr. Churchill, who has been a special lecturer and advisor on town planning at the University, will act as a critic during the spring session.

Robert B. O'Connor, of the New York architectural firm of O'Connor and Kilham, has been appointed supervising architect of Princeton University.

Athelstan F. Spilhaus has been named Dean of the Institute of Technology of the University of Minnesota.

Carnegie Tech's Building Program

Carnegie Institute of Technology has announced the reopening of a \$4 million campus building and renovation program, which will include a million-dollar wing for Engineering Hall, a power plant and a steam and electricity distribution system expected to cost over \$1 million, and extensive revamping and renovation of available space in existing buildings of the colleges of Engineering and Science, Fine Arts and Margaret Morrison Carnegie College. The program originally was decided upon in March, 1947, but was not put into effect because of the high building costs. The plans have been revised somewhat to permit available funds to cover as much as possible of the original program.

(Continued on page 170)



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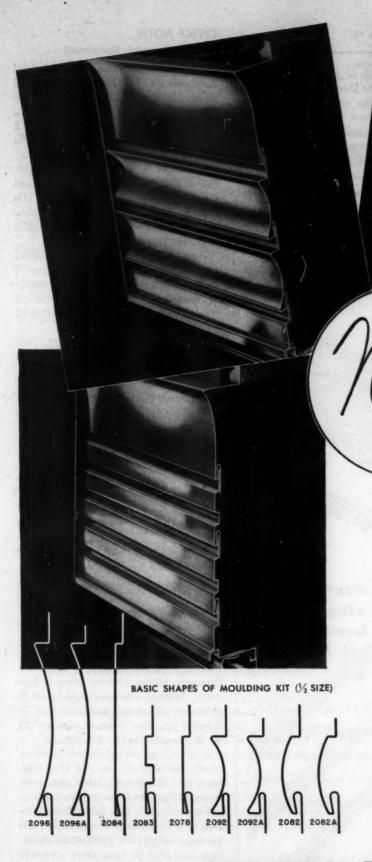
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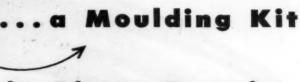
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in Pittco Premier Store Front Metal

• The new basic mouldings in the Premier line of Pittco Store Front Metal may be truly called a Moulding Kit. They may be combined in a wide variety of attractive patterns, giving the architect fresh style and beauty, and great variety in design to help in the creation of distinctive, sales-winning store fronts.

Shown here with the same head and drip members are three of the many designs which may be formed with these new shapes. Cross sections of some of the new mouldings are shown at left.

Most of the shapes in the Premier Moulding Kit are interchangeable and may be used both horizontally and vertically. They make it easy to design several adjacent store fronts, giving each a distinctively different appearance through the proper selection and arrangement of mouldings.

This convenient Moulding Kit of Pittco Premier Store Front Metal, is another result of "Pittsburgh's" constant research, aimed at helping you solve architectural and building problems encountered in the field.



PITTCO STORE FRONT METAL

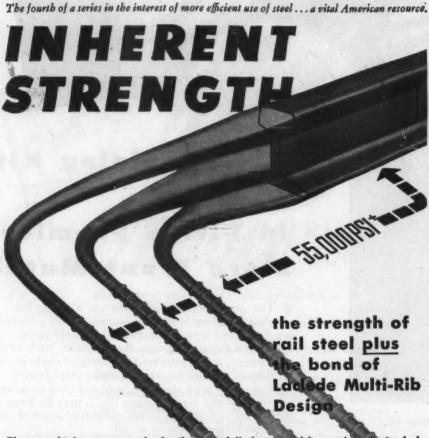
PAINTS . GLASS . CHEMICALS . BRUSHES . PLASTICS

PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS COMPANY

New Engineering Building

Construction of a million-dollar engineering building has been begun at Wayne University in Detroit, as the first step in the developing of engineering facilities for 1382 students now enrolled in its Engineering College. Engineering students heretofore have been using facilities developed under emergency conditions in old and temporary structures.

The first unit to be built under the program will be three stories high, and will contain the essential power and supply equipment for the additional structures to be built later. The building will be of reinforced concrete construction, the exterior faced with brick. Interior partitions will be cinder block, and the flooring will be colored Masterplate finish over concrete. Architects are Pilafian and Montana of Detroit.



The actual inherent strength of rail steel is fully harnesed for work in the Laclede Multi-Rib bar design. Rail steel rolled fine bars with Multi-Rib design offer a yield strength in excess of 55,000 PSI— with greatly increased an harage. Lacleue Multi-Rib Reinforcing Bars meet the new ASTM Specification A 304 4-T, which provides a long-needed yardstick for anchorage in reimarcing bars, as a samore efficient use of steel.



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OFFICE NOTES Offices Opened, Reopened

The H. K. Ferguson Co., Industrial Engineers and Builders, has established a new Western district office in Los Angeles. The office, at 712 Curson St., will be managed by Henry Maag, a member of the Ferguson organization for the past 22 years.

Myron F. Nelle, Structural Engineer, has opened his own office at 707 Cottage Grove Ave., South Bend 16, Ind. His past experience has been with residential, commercial, industrial and public utilities structures.

John T. Simpson, A.I.A., Architect and Engineer, has opened an office at 12 Broad St., Red Bank, N. J. Formerly of Newark, Mr. Simpson has been doing special work for the War Department for the past six years.

Max J. Wolfson, Architect, has opened his own office at 3845 Alta Vista Terrace, Chicago 13, Ill.

New Addresses

The following new addresses have been announced:

John Hancock Callender, Architect, 280 Madison Ave., New York 16, N. Y. Paul Kang, Consulting Engineer 260 Kearny St., San Francisco, Calif.

George E. McIntyre, Architect and Engineer, 528 Dwight Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

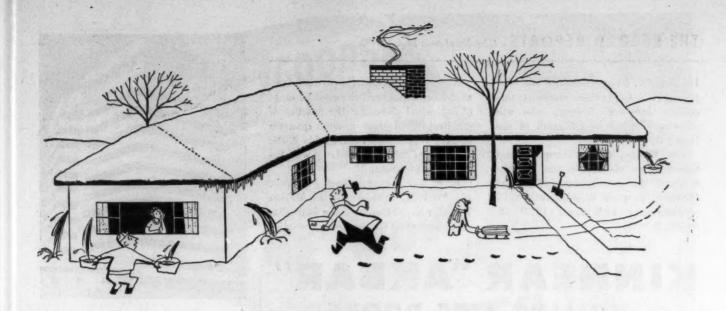
Thomas L. Shepherd, Architect, 7466 Girard Ave., La Jolla, Calif.

New Firms, Firm Changes

Othmar H. Ammann and Charles S. Whitney have announced the reorganization of the firm of Ammann & Whitney, Consulting Engineers, with the following staff members as Associate Partners: Milton Brumer, Werner Ammann, Boyd G. Anderson, and James S. Whitney. Offices are maintained at 76 Ninth Ave., New York 11, and at 724 E. Mason, Milwaukee 2, Wis.

A new firm, Architectural & Engineering Enterprises, Inc., of 1806 Hill-crest Dr., Bartlesville, Okla., has been organized to serve the architect whose volume of work has been limited by lack of drafting help. The new firm will take the architect's preliminary drawings and produce from them complete working drawings and specifications, bound and ready for the contractor. All mechanical and structural engineering is furnished.

Ford, Bacon & Davis, Inc., Engineers, of New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and (Continued on page 172)



Some Houses Leak Like a Sieve ...

INSULATING ROCKLATH*

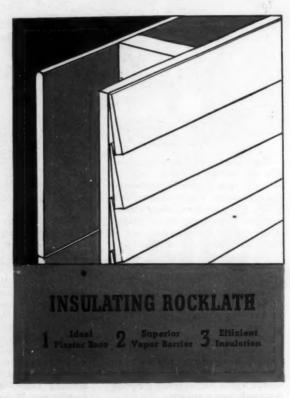
Is the Vapor Barrier That Controls Condensation

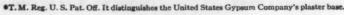
Some houses leak like a sieve—from the inside out. For example, consider a house of normal construction but without a vapor barrier. During periods of low winter temperature, up to $2\frac{1}{2}$ gallons of water vapor a day may condense in each 1,000 square feet of unprotected exterior wall.

Insulating ROCKLATH prevents up to 95% of this moisture condensation. In winter, a sheet of aluminum foil laminated to ROCKLATH plaster base at the mill prevents the entrance into the walls of dangerous quantities of water vapor. In summer, this aluminum foil reflects the sun's radiant heat...helps keep the house cool and comfortable.

Insulating ROCKLATH, the ideal plaster base, performs three services for little more than the cost of one—and at no extra application cost! Its bright aluminum foil is a very efficient heat reflector and vapor barrier for use in residential construction.

In most states FHA requires certain minimum insulating and vapor barrier values. Insulating ROCKLATH and plaster in residential wall construction will usually provide the FHA values, as well as an ideal plaster base.







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Gypsum • Lime • Steel • Insulation • Roofing • Paint

ly

Los Angeles, have announced the election of E. S. Coldwell as president, succeeding James F. Towers, who will actively continue as chairman of the Board of Directors.

The Kuljian Corp., Engineers and Constructors, of Philadelphia, has announced the appointment of Edwin Lundgren as their Washington, D. C. representative, with offices at 1415 K St., N. W.

Abraham Levy and Edwin H. Silverman have announced the establishment of individual offices for the practice of architecture in their present quarters at 1411 Walnut St., Philadelphia 2, Pa. The firm of Silverman & Levy was dissolved on December 31.

E. B. Van Keuren, Chas. F. Davis, Jr., Paul M. Speake and J. Marion Thrasher have announced the formation of a partnership for the general practice



New \$5,000,000 Saxony Hotel, Miami Beach, features broad balcony terraces. Roy F. France & Sons, Architects

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automatically block spread of flames These dependable, positiveaction doors combine modern styling and fire protection at this entrance to Penney's in the smart, new Terrace Plaza Hotel **Building** in Cincinnati.

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Lack of fire-door protection has proved an important contributing factor to losses in major fires. Akbar Fire Doors are approved and labeled by Underwriters' Laboratories. In many cases these doors save enough in lower insurance rates to repay their cost in two or three years. Built to fit building openings of any size, they can be equipped for daily service use, with or without motor operation. When extra fire protection is not required, regular (non-labeled) Kinnear Rolling Doors are preferred for service use. Write for details.

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of architecture and related engineering under the firm name of Van Keuren, Davis and Company, Architects & Engineers. Address: American Life Bldg., Birmingham, Ala.

The name of the firm of Merrill & Wigen, Architects, has been changed to Frederick E. Wigen, Architect. Address: 132 S. Washington Ave., Saginaw, Mich.

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ELECTIONS, APPOINTMENTS

Edmund N. Bacon has been appointed executive director of the Philadelphia City Planning Commission. A graduate of Cornell University College of Architecture, Mr. Bacon has worked with architects Oskar Stonorov and W. Pope Barney of Philadelphia, and in 1938 was awarded a graduate fellowship to study under Eliel Saarinen at Cranbrook Academy.

John M. Ducey, formerly economic adviser and director of planning for the Chicago Housing Authority, has been appointed executive director of the National Association of Housing Of-

Richard J. Seltzer, Philadelphia realtor, has been reelected president of the Urban Land Institute. Reelected to serve with him were: Foster Winter, Detroit, vice president; Herbert U. Nelson, Chicago, secretary; and L. D. McKendry, Chicago, treasurer.

Franklin Thomas, Professor of Civil Engineering and Dean of Students at California Institute of Technology, has been elected president of the American Society of Civil Engineers.



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PLATFORMS . . . ROOM
TO MOVE AROUND IN
. . . SAVE YOUR
DOLLARS AND TIME!

Today, with mounting costs all along the line, loading platform congestion is a serious problem. No matter how much money you pour into new tools and methods—inadequate shipping facilities will always eat into your profits.

Right now, make a study of your "bottleneck" areas. Minor remodeling can often take care of normal plant expansion for years to come.

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ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 132)

quately against the fungi of bluestain and decay only where a little extra assistance suffices to discourage the organisms. As a rule these are places where the wood is dry most of the time but occasionally becomes damp enough for the fungi to grow. A well established example is the window sash in houses, which normally stay too dry for attack but in cold weather when moisture condenses on the glass, may give trouble

unless they are treated. On the other hand, superficially applied preservative does not furnish adequate treatment for wood that remains damp much or all of the time, such as wood in contact with the soil.

Water-Repellent Preservatives

Water-repellent preservatives, which contain the ingredients needed for both water repellency and preservation in the same mineral spirits solution, make it possible to impart moderate resistance to moisture changes and to fungi in a single treatment of wood. They are products of dual purpose. The water repellency is not impaired by incorporation of the preservative and the resistance to bluestain and decay is not sacrificed, in fact it may be enhanced, by the combination with water repellents.

Wood Sealers

Wood sealers are forms of varnish or lacquer made to sink into wood surfaces but not to penetrate much beyond the pores close to the surface. They are themselves decorative finishes of a kind that cannot chip or wear off as surface coatings do. They may also serve to seal or prime the wood in preparation for surface coatings of wax, varnish, lacquer, or enamel. A single application of wood sealer gives wood much less protection against change in moisture content than can be obtained with a water repellent, but two applications of wood sealer may prove equal to or, with the best sealers, somewhat superior to a water repellent in protection.

Preservative wood sealers contain fungicides. The water-repellent preservatives, because they penetrate farther into wood, are considered superior to preservative wood sealers for keeping wood free from bluestain and decay. Sealers, however, are now used fairly frequently for woodwork exposed to the weather when a natural finish is desired. In such uses the preservative is often needed to resist mildew, which is a growth of fungi on the surface of the finish. A good plan is to apply a waterrepellent preservative first, to preserve the wood, and then to apply the preservative wood sealer to give the desired appearance.

The water-repellent preservatives and related products enjoy a wide field of usefulness in which they can improve the service or prolong the life of wood that has usually had to struggle along without treatment of any kind. Sapwood and other kinds of wood that absorb moisture quickly and rot easily can be particularly benefited. Structures in which there are joints through which rainwater gains access to unprotected parts of the wood can be improved at their most vulnerable points. On the other hand the limitations of these products by reason of the superficial way in which they are applied should be kept constantly in mind; they should not be used where more thoroughgoing treatments are needed.



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Gym do the job of three. With emphasis on careful
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WOOD... Stimulant to Sales

Where discriminating people shop, the atmosphere of quality that beautiful woodwork imparts is a potent stimulant to sales. That is why wood, beautifully formed and finished, is a basic element of any interior designed for selling. It is well to remember that two generations of outstanding architects and store designers have looked to the craftsmen of Woodwork Corporation for faithful reproduction of their ideas. Creative men have always appreciated the Woodwork policy of adhering precisely to details. Discriminating people have approved the results, not only in retail establishments, but in a long list of hotels, clubs, dining rooms, office suites and churches noted for their beautiful wood interiors. Whether your plans involve a complete interior, or a single display case Woodwork craftsmen and executives are prepared to meet your needs. Your inquiry will receive immediate attention and a prompt reply.



WOODWORK CORPORATION OF AMERICA
1426 WEST TWENTY-FIRST STREET CHICAGO & ILLINOIS

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 135)

is decreased when more "cover" is added. Naturally the uniformity could be made almost perfect if the pipe were placed with negligible clearance between the coils, but the cost would be prohibitive. Optimum comfort, when considering uniformity, can be taken as the best that can be afforded. Generally the maximum pipe spacings are taken as 12 in. for a concrete slab and 9 in. for plaster construction.

PANEL CONSTRUCTION

The three points of panel construction are (1) controllability, (2) uniformity and (3) availability. Controllability means that a panel must be able to respond to changing heating requirements with sufficient speed to permit the control devices to maintain the desired air and panel temperatures. The effect of conductivity of the material over pipe

coils and depth of the coils has already been discussed. But it might be well to point out that there is no space for variation of pipe coil depth for wall or ceiling panels as normally fastened to metal lath and covered with plaster. For floor slabs there is the possibility of a compromise between a deep coil with good uniformity and poor control with a shallow coil having poor uniformity and good control. The latter is favored, however (see Fig. 4) because good control is more important than uniformity.

Availability of panel area means that the portion of heated surface that has been considered effective by the designer should not be made ineffective by changing furniture, rugs, tapestries, or other objects that will reduce or in other words "hide" the radiating surface. For example, if a designer requires 1000 sq. ft. of wall panel area in an office and it is necessary to place filing cabinets against all but 500 sq. ft. of the wall area, then the availability of panel is insufficient.

REVERSE SIDE HEAT LOSSES Floor Panels

During the fall when the heating system is just starting to operate, the ground beneath the slab is at its minimum temperature — about 60 F. Then losses from the back of panel to the ground are at a maximum: however, total heat load on the system is very low because of the higher outside air temperatures. The boiler, therefore, has sufficient reserve to carry the back losses during the peak periods. During coldest weather, when the boiler is operating at full capacity, the ground has been warmed and back losses are at a minimum. It is for this condition that back losses should be computed in determining the size of the boiler. Floor panel construction to minimize back losses is illustrated in Fig. 4. (See also Time-Saver Standards, ARCHITECTURAL RECord, Jan., 1948.)

Wall and Ceiling Panels

When wall or ceiling panels are used adjacent to warm rooms there is, of course, no back loss. When the reverse side of the panel is exposed to unheated spaces (outdoors, attics, etc.), insulation to prevent back losses must be determined from an economic standpoint. Back losses add slightly to the boiler size and fuel bill, but insulation adds to the initial cost. The proper amount of insulation, therefore, depends upon initial costs, fuel costs, and interest rates.

(Continued on page 178)



Progress in Van's Century

- 1847-1948 not only marked a century of almost fabulous progress in medical science. The same years showed similar advancement in the science of kitchen engineering and the art of kitchen equipment fabrication . . . the century in which Van has pioneered for the industry.
- Hospital administrators and their architects regularly ask Van for suggestions when planning new projects, revisions or expansions.

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For Low Cost Homes:

Why not USE PART OF

THE ATTIC FOR THE

WITH A GAS-FIRED

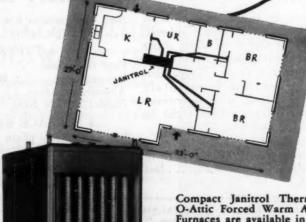
THERM-O-ATTIC

Put the heating in the attic? Yes, it's entirely practical with a Janitrol Therm-O-Attic—the installation works like a charm—we have testimonials to prove it. Now, think of the advantages for low-cost homes, where you want to merchandise all that's modern, but you've got to trim costs without seriously sacrificing quality.

- 1 No basement is needed for the heating ... plant.
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- 4 Grills at floor levels lead into return air ducts.
- 5 Heat is comparable to a more expensive installation of a winter air conditioner.
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SAVES INSTALLATION
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Compact Janitrol Therm-O-Attic Forced Warm Air Furnaces are available in 4 sizes to meet practically every Btu requirement and are equipped for operation with natural, manufactured or LP-Gases.

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ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 176)

PREVENTING DAMAGE TO PANELS

Where floor or wall panels are contemplated, adequate protection should be provided to prevent damage to pipe coils or warm air ducts.

Floor Panels: a substantial cover of concrete will prevent damage that might be incurred due to excessive concentrated loads such as narrow wheel trucks or sharp objects. Such damage could

also occur during the moving of heavy furniture or in garages and warehouses. Another hazard to floor coils exists if there is any probability of renovation such as cutting in new drains for a garage floor. Although not an injury to floor panels, the placing of large crates, stock piles or low furniture will "hide" the panel and prevent effective radiation.

Wall Panels: where heavy vehicles are

at every step

likely to be used near wall panels, the panels should be protected with a bumper placed on the floor similar to those used to protect a fence. It is seldom wise to use an inside wall for panels in commercial buildings since they are often altered. In residences, wall panels of thin tubing are apt to be punctured when tapestries or pictures are hung. If the panels are not injured, they are at least made less effective as radiant areas.

VENTING

The venting problem for radiant heating coils is just the same as for any other forced hot water system; however, some points should still be stressed. When the system is being filled, petcocks at the end of the coils must be opened to release the air. After the system has been completely filled, any air that gets into the system must either leak in or be released by the air at the boiler. If a positive pressure of 2 or 3 psi is maintained in the coils, no air will leak into the system, so the only remaining source is the boiler. There are vents made for the purpose of venting the boiler; these vents should be located preferably at the boiler or at the high point by the expansion tank. The use of automatic air vents at high points is unnecessary; they frequently rust and become useless. The air that remains after filling the system will be carried along by the high velocity of the water and eventually expelled at the vent or collected in the expansion tank.

WITH FERALUN SAFETY TREADS

Workmen at the Curtiss Wright Plant, Propeller Division, Caldwell, N. J., go up and down these stairs . . . safe at every step.

Their shoe soles come to grips with non-slip Feralun Safety Stair Treads, cast iron, with wear-resistant abrasive embedded right in the walking surface.

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3 SURFACE STYLES:

hatched . . . plain . . . fluted

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(AR 3-49)
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APPEARANCE OF RADIANT PANELS

The appearance of a radiant heating panel should remain unimpaired until it has been decided to redecorate the panel. This means that streaking and cracking must be considered in selecting the material and in constructing the panel.

It is generally accepted that present construction practices allowing $\frac{3}{8}$ in. cover of plaster will prevent cracking and streaking of the panel. In addition to having an acceptable appearance, the material should have a high conductivity. If low conductivity materials are used, the required boiler water temperature will be increased and the controllability will be decreased.

The material should also withstand the operating temperature that is to be used. For example, some asphalt products tend to soften at temperatures of 100 F; therefore, these materials would be inadequate for coverings in halls where panel temperatures of 100 F are expected.



ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 139)

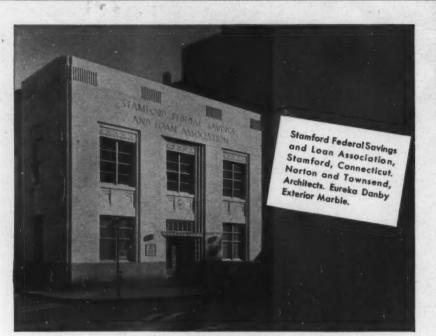
WOOD PRESERVATIVE

Insurance against premature replacement of millwork is among the benefits claimed by the manufacturer for *Tremco Wood Preservative*, a double-action treatment which is said to keep moisture out—reducing warping, shrinking, swelling—as well as preventing wood from rotting.

Usable for treatment of wood either

during fabrication or at the time of installation, Tremco Wood Preservative is applied by impregnation, dipping, brushing or painting.

Strips of wood treated with Tremco and buried in the ground for test purposes were reported by the manufacturer to have remained in excellent condition. The Tremco Manufacturing Company, 8701 Kinsman Rd., Cleveland, Ohio.



The architect has not only himself to please, but also the building owner and the public. He therefore chooses wisely when he specifies Vermont Marble. Proof of this is shown in this statement made by the owner of the above building in Stamford:

"We have never properly expressed our appreciation of the marvelously accurate work and the beautiful appearance of the front you furnished for our new building. Without doubt it is the finest business building front in Stamford. We have received a great many compliments." (Signed)

Charles G. Talbott, Executive Secretary.

Whether for building exteriors or interiors, or for Memorials, the correct variety of marble is now available, produced by the most modern plant equipment. Choose Vermont Marble for:

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AIR DIFFUSERS MODIFIED

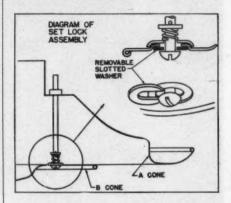
A modification in the design of the Kno-Draft adjustable air diffusers, a new, quick-opening set-lock assembly, is reported to reduce installation time and simplify cleaning and inspection by allowing the whole inner element of the unit to be removed or replaced in a few seconds.

The diffuser is comprised of an outer, stationary cone and an inner, remov-



Frigic

Slight upward pressure on inner cone of the air diffuser releases it for inspection



able cone. A slight upward pressure on the inner cone releases slotted washers which control springloaded catches (see diagram). With washers removed the holes in the inner cone slip over the heads of the bolts which secure the inner cone to the rest of the diffuser, and the element is removed. W. B. Connor Engineering Corp., 114 East 32nd St., New York 16, N. Y.

IMPROVED ELECTRIC DRYER

Addition of a new and improved heating element in the Sani-Dri electric face and hand dryer is reported by the manufacturer to cut drying time by 25 per cent without increasing consumption of current.

Replacement of present units by the new element can be accomplished by any maintenance man in a few minutes, according to the manufacturer. Chicago Hardware Foundry Company, North Chicago, Ill.

(Continued on page 182)

These Experiences are Proof



"Increased dollar volume and better employee efficiency have resulted from my decision to install Frigidaire Air Conditioning in my jewelry store," says Robert S. Cohen, Winchester, Ky. C. Ratcliff Henry, Winchester, handled the installation of these Frigidaire Store Conditioners.



"Frigidaire's high quality was well known to us," says B. F. Spitzig, vice-president of Sleepeck-Helman Printing Co., Chicago. "That's why we picked two Frigidaire Room Conditioners for relief from heat and grime." North Town Refrigeration Co., Chicago, sold the equipment.



"One of our best investments—both from the standpoint of employee efficiency and operating costs—is our Frigidaire Air Conditioning System," says Harold Star, executive vice-president of the Dallas Title & Guarantee Co., Dallas, Texas. The dealer was Joe Hoppe & Co., Dallas.

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☐ Self - contained or remote types up to 60 cu. ft. Forced air or ice-making cooling units.



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☐ Both wet and dry models available in several sizes.



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Frigidaire Cooling Units

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- ☐ Home Freezers
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Yes, Frigidaire Packaged Air Conditioners can do big things for dollar volume—at mighty little cost. They are responsible for increases of up to 35% in many businesses. Yet they cost so little to install, operate and maintain that they often pay for themselves in a single summer!

The handsome, compact "package" shown at left contains everything necessary to cool, filter, dehumidify and circulate air. It can be installed right in the space to be air conditioned, with no interruption of building routine and no expensive building alterations. It can be used singly or in multiples, with or without a simple duct system. And a heating coil can be added for all-year operation!

Compressor, cooling unit and controls are precisionmatched to work together like a championship team. That's why Frigidaire Air Conditioners operate at lowest cost, provide year after year of trouble-free service.

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Capacities, types and sizes to meet almost any air conditioning requirements.

Frigidaire Room Air Conditioners

Self-contained window and remote floor types. Easily installed. For rooms up to 750 sq. ft.





Frigidaire Air Conditioning

Over 400 Frigidaire commercial refrigeration and air conditioning products
— most complete line in the industry.

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 180)

METAL ENTRANCE DOORS

Fenestra stock, hollow-metal entrance doors are now available for use in offices, apartments, stores, schools, etc.

Furnished in one standardized size, 3 by 7 ft., the doors may be used in single or double openings and are supplied with a standard cylinder lock. Bronze push and pull bars and bronze ball bearing hinges are supplied if desired. The doors

may be hinged right or left to swing in or out.

These doors come complete with frames and hardware machined, fitted and ready to assemble. Detroit Steel Products Co., 3113 Griffin St., Detroit 11, Mich.

"QUILTED" PLASTIC MATERIAL

Quilting without stitching is the feature of a new plastic material developed for use in upholstery and wall covering.

Thermo

Sealtuft, which the manufacturer reports is resistant to scuffing, abrasion, alcohol, grease and dirt, is made by using electronic heat to seal Vinylite plastic sheeting, a layer of fire-resistant filler material, and a backing of Vinylite plastic film.

Available in a wide range of colors, the material may be had with front surface either plain or embossed in patterns resembling leather, sharkskin, moire or taffeta. Jason Corp., Hoboken, N. J.



This roof plank combines so many functions in one material...all at one low installation cost...that \$4 does the work of \$5 as compared with other materials. Note the 3-in-1 advantages of this light-weight, precast, factory-coated plank:

- 1 Fireproof, reinforced, cement-surfaced, and ready for application of the built-up roofing.
- 2 Because Durisol itself is such an effective barrier against heat losses, no additional insulation is required.
- Noise-deadening ceiling at no extra cost... distinctive and pleasing in appearance, with a sound absorption coefficient of 0.87 at 512 cycles.



ACOUSTICAL CEILING

DURISOL is made from chemically mineralized wood fibres bonded with Portland cement and moulded under pressure. It is unaffected by moisture and is proof against rot, mould, vermin, termites—proved incombustible by laboratory tests.

Thickness	Width	Maximum Span		Long Edge	Load	
31/4"	1000	6'8"	15 lbs.	Tongue and	40 lbs. per sq. ft. live load	
41/4"	16"	8'	18 lbs.	Groove	with high safety factor.	

For complete information, write for folder (A.I.A. File Number 4-K). Also see catalog 3c/13a, Sweet's File Architectural, 1949.

DURISOL, INC. 420 Lexington Avenue, N. Y. 17, N. Y.



Prefab window comes in modular sizes

BASEMENT-UTILITY WINDOW

A completely prefabricated window for basements, cottages, tourist homes and similar applications is now being marketed.

Designed for sash reversibility (sash can be swung at top or bottom), the unit includes frame, glazed sash, hardware, chemical treatment of all wood parts, weatherstripping and (optional) screen and storm sash.

Modular sizing makes for easy installation in standard 8 by 8 by 16 in. concrete block walls—the window is two blocks high and 2, 2½ and 3 blocks wide. The sash can be reversed without tools and can also be combined in ribbon or stack fashion for additional fenestration. Andersen Corp., 1370 Northwestern Bank Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

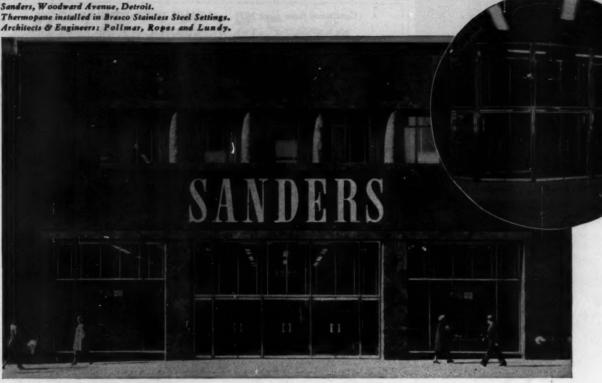
CAST ALUMINUM SOIL PIPE

Gasco aluminum soil pipes and fittings for above-ground plumbing installations such as venting, waste, drainage, stacks and downspouts are distinctive for the lightweight feature, according to the manufacturer, who reports the components to be 75 per cent lighter than extra heavy cast iron pipe.

Other assets claimed for the soil pipe are resistance to corrosion, good appearance and immediate availability, and it is said also to have greater impact

(Continued on page 184)

Sanders, Woodward Avenue, Detroit.



More SELLEVISION* per front foot

THE emphasis on Sellevision in advanced store front design is increasingly evident. Sellevision permits the shopper to see deeply into the store interior and to preview its alluring attractions. With the reduced height of Safety-Set metal sections, greater Sellevision is actually provided.

The largest plates of glass are held securely in the deeper grip which characterizes all Brasco sash. Heavy-duty bars, substantially reinforced, supply extra protection for enlarged and heightened areas. The complete line is expertly fabricated and handsomely finished in both stainless steel and anodized aluminum of heavy gauge.

Many additional features contribute to Safety-Set's superiority. For nearly four decades we have worked in close collaboration with the country's leading architects and store designers. Safety-Set Construction embodies their ideas as well as our own. That's why Safety-Set offers the utmost in practical construction and distinguished appearance, for wisely spent store front dollars.

COMPLETE LINE FOR EVERY DESIGN





(Chicago Suburb)

Specialists in Metal Store Front Construction for more than 35 Years

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 182)

strength than cast iron while being far less brittle. The pipe and fittings are furnished in 2, 3 and 4 in. sizes. General Aluminum Supply Corp., Rialto Bldg., Kansas City 6, Mo.

TRIGGER-ACTION TACKER

A trigger-action stapler especially designed to work in places where there is not room enough to swing a hammer is now available. Bostitch Model T-5, for driving staples into wood and similar materials, has a short, narrow base that gets into small places and is said to drive the staple within $\frac{1}{16}$ in. of inside corners, moldings, etc.

Three models are available, using light, medium, and heavy wire staples of varying lengths. The machine weighs only 3 lb. Bostitch, 651 Mechanic St., Westerly, R. I.

HEAVY DUTY TUBULAR LOCKS

Yale Heavy Duty Tubular Locks, made to be assembled in 30 seconds, have been developed in an effort to cut building costs by reducing installation time.

You go

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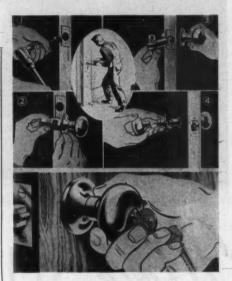
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Only two small holes bored in the door are necessary for installation; the entire mechanism of the new locks has been put into two cylindrical housings. The knob and cylinder axis



Only two small holes in door are needed for installation of new tubular locks

fit into a hole bored through the door and the bolt goes into another hole bored into the edge of the door.

Five basic locksets, four of them with the optional deadlocking bolt, to make a total of nine different models, comprise the new line. The Yale & Towne Mfg. Co., Chrysler Bldg., New York 17, N. Y.

GAS FLOOR FURNACE

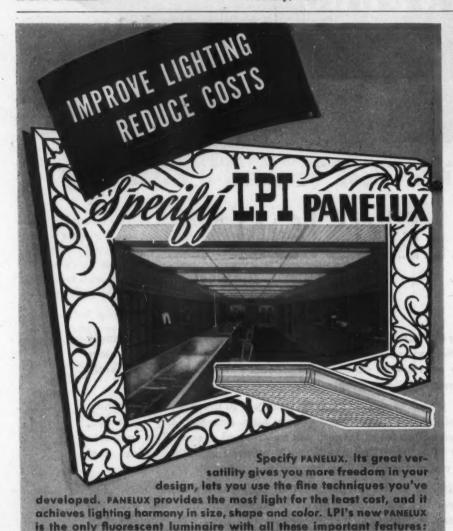
An automatic gas floor furnace which requires no basement or utility room is reported by the manufacturer to provide the advantages of "big home" automatic heating at a fraction of the cost.

The unit, which is 25½ in. deep, is installed directly beneath the floor. Only the floor-level grill through which the heat flows is visible from the room.

Desired temperature is maintained by a wall thermostat, which automatically turns the gas supply off and on. Tennessee Enamel Mfg. Co., Nashville, Tenn.

ACOUSTICAL TILE

Development of a new acoustical tile composed of compressed glass fibers has (Continued on page 186)



1. UNLIMITED APPLICATIONS - installed 3. NO LOUVER MAINTENANCE-

Write today for the new PANELUX Bulletin No. 420.

All LPI fixtures are union made, U-L approved and sold through leading electrical wholesalers.

ting PRODUCTS, INC.

individually, end-to-end or side-by-

side. With four sizes to choose from,

there's no limit to the number of

lighting layouts you can achieve.

2. A COMPLETE FIXTURE - it combines

only one installation operation.

chassis and louvers and requires

Fi-bord* Louvers. You don't clean

Fi-bord, you replace It—at much less

cost and in less time than it takes to

able in white and in pastel shades

4. FIVE COLORS - Fi-bord Louvers avail-

of blue, pink, green and yellow.

clean ordinary louvers.



TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 184)

been announced by the manufacturer.

The lightweight, perforated tile is described as non-combustible, and the manufacturer reports that its high sound-absorbing properties are supplemented by excellent thermal insulation value.

Weighing 0.7 lb. per sq. ft., the tile comes in two sizes, 12 by 12 in. and 12 by 24 in., both 3/4 in. thick.

The tile is said to be unaffected by

Below: Sanitary foot-controlled Bradley cir-

humidity conditions and claimed not to warp, buckle, expand or contract. Owens-Corning Fiberglass Corp., Toledo 1. Ohio.

HOUSE NUMBERS

Metal numbers permanently cemented to a 12 by 12 in. glass block create a new house number said by the maker to be clearly visible by day or night.

A weatherproof lacquer is used to coat

the numbers after they are cemented in place. The block, which is 4 in. thick, is installed in the frame or masonry of a new house during construction.

The Silhouette house number utilizes the light from inside to illuminate the figures and is reported to give a soft general illumination to the entrance porch as well. Paul M. Burroway, P.O. Box 3592, Phoenix, Ariz.



House numbers are cemented to glass block

ASBESTOS CEMENT SIDING

Ceramo Asbestos Cement Siding is back on the market after a seven-year absence due to difficulty of obtaining necessary high-quality raw materials, according to an announcement from the manufacturer.

Available in the standard 12 by 24 in. shingle size in a wave line, straight line or thatch butt pattern, Ceramo has a base of portland cement and asbestos fibers said to be rotproof, wear-resistant, and firesafe.

Fused on at high temperatures, the ceramic-coated surface is smooth and hard, and its density prevents infiltration of moisture or dirt. The Philip Carey Mfg. Co., Cincinnati 15, Ohio.

FLUORESCENT FIXTURE

A new, slimline fluorescent lighting fixture has been designed particularly for stores, banks, institutional and public buildings having moderately high ceilings. The new fixture, CSL-496, is an unshielded unit utilizing four fluorescent lamps having a total power of 204 watts. It can be installed either surface or pendant mounted, individually or in continuous rows. To eliminate shadows in end-to-end installation, the 98 in. long unit is designed with a blunt end chassis. Both the chassis and the reflector, which is removable for installation

(Continued on page 188)



The large 54" Bradley (below) with self-flushing bowl, foot-control, and single sprayhead, serves 8 to 10 persons simultaneously, each with a clean spray of running water.

Recent installations of Bradley Washfountains and Multi-Stall Showers in-Recent installations of Bradley Washfountains and Multi-Stall Showers include: University of Wyoming, Fremont School (Calipatria, Calif.), Tennessee College, Roanoke City School, Simmons School (Oak Lawn, Ill.), St. Joseph Glenbrook Academy (Clinton, Mich.), Univ. of Massachusetts, Pendleton (Ore.) School, West Phoenix High School, Lebanon (Ore.) Grade School, Calify Mo.)

School, Lebanon (Ore.) Grade School, Brookward School (Kansas City, Mo.), Cedar Grove School (Shreveport, La.), St. Joseph (Mich.) School, Booker T. Washington School (Phoenix).

For suggestions on washroom layouts, write for illustrated Catalog 4701.

BRADLEY WASHFOUNTAIN CO., 2227 W. Michigan St., Milwaukee 1, Wis.



Worthington Pump & Machinery Corporation, Harrison, New Jersey

NEW EVAPORATIVE CONDENSER SAVES MANY COSTS

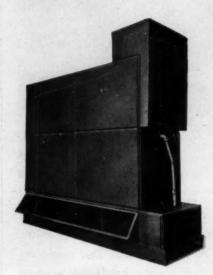
Where water for use in refrigerating condensers is expensive, high in temperature or difficult to secure and dispose of, the Worthington ECZ Evaporative Condenser saves water, equipment, space and money.

Water consumption is reduced 90% or more-only enough new water is added to make up for evaporation and keep the circulated water sweet and clean. No long line losses; and pumping costs are reduced proportionately.

Equipment such as cooling towers, water service and disposal facilities is not needed, saving investment cost, maintenance cost and space.

Prime surface coils are staggered to permit air deflection and wetting of the entire surface. Smooth surface makes washing easy and helps prevent scale accumulation.

Installation of this compact unit can be made inside or outside, in basement or on roof. Two types-Freon and Ammonia. Other features: Worthington Monobloc



Worthington ECZ Evaporative Condenser. Unit contains condenser coils, water spray nozzles, integral refrigerant piping, pump, eliminator, fan, drive, etc.

Pump, anti-corrosion fans (at slight extra cost), receivers available for Freon unit.

Write us for new Bulletin C-1100-B28, giving complete information. Worthington Pump and Machinery Corporation, Harrison, N. J. Specialists in air conditioning and refrigeration for more than 50 years.



Higbee Is Ahead On Air Conditioning, Too

One of the country's greatest department stores, considered throughout the retail business as a pace-setter, is Higbee's in Cleveland.

17 years ago, a Worthington 1,000-ton carbon dioxide refrigeration plant was installed to provide air conditioning. When it recently became necessary to enlarge the installation, the success of the original equipment suggested having Worthington provide the new machinery.

suggested naving worthington provide the new machinery. The new installation provides for 2,000 tons of Worthington centrifugal refrigeration. J. Gordon Turnbull, Inc., Consulting Engineers.



North American Mfg. Co. plant, Cleveland, Ohio.

Another Modern Plant Selects Modern Air Conditioning

When North American Manufacturing Com-pany—manufacturer of oil and gas-fired fur-naces—built its new plant in Cuyahoga Heights, Cleveland, it decided first, to install air condi-

Cleveland, it decided first, to install air conditioning in its offices and, second, to install the most modern air conditioning equipment.

These decisions led to the selection of a 30-ton Worthington 4-HF-6 air conditioning unit. This is the 6-cylinder W type, operating on Freon-12, with water-cooled condenser and full force-feed lubrication.

Vincent Eaton, Consulting Engineer.

Why "Balanced Air"? Why Worthington?

The ideal air conditioning or refrigeration system consists of machinery all manufactured—not just assembled—by one company. This makes more possible a perfect balance among

all interrelated machinery.

Worthington is the company that manufactures all the vital "innards"—compressors, condensers, engines, turbines, pumps. The result is a completely integrated system—for more efficient, more economical operation.

That's why there's more worth in Worthington. See your nearby Worthington distributor—in the Classified Telephone Book.



Air Conditioning and Refrigeration

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 186)

and inspection, are finished in white. The end caps, which do not have to be removed or disturbed for servicing, are aluminum finished. Sylvania Electric Products, Inc., 500 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

UNDERGROUND DAM

Shellperm, a new method of controlling subsurface seepage which may cause loss or pollution of water, consists of a subterranean barrier built without excavating by injecting an asphalt emulsion into the earth through a pipe.

In addition to its function in water conservation, the originator claims it can also be used to check seepage around tunnels, road beds or other subsurface structures, without the use of such relatively expensive techniques as sheet piling.

Pumped under low pressure through

a metal pipe driven into the ground, the asphalt emulsion spreads out and then coalesces, producing a mass impermeable to water. After repeated injections at progressively higher levels have produced a vertical asphalt column, the pipe is moved and the process repeated until overlapping columns form an underground dam.

Special importance is attached to the development because at depths of more than a few feet, control of underground movement of water has heretofore been costly and difficult. Shell Oil Company, Inc., 50 West 50th St., New York 20, N. Y.

ATF Educational Planning Service . . .

for School Architects and Administrators

The following ideal room layouts complete with item specifications are available on request. Other special room layouts will be prepared when local conditions do not permit the use of these standard plans.

Junio	or High	Square Feet
6-J	6-10 p	upils 528
12-J	12-15 p	upils 840
15-J	15-19 p	upils 960
20-J	20-24 p	upils1030

Senior High

6-5	6-10	pupils	598
11-S	12-15	pupils	910
15-S	15-20	pupils!	1040
20-S	20-25	pupils!	1248

Vocational

10-V 10-20 pupils...2240 10-VO 10 pupils...1152 (Complete Offset Dept.) 20-V 20-25 pupils...2968

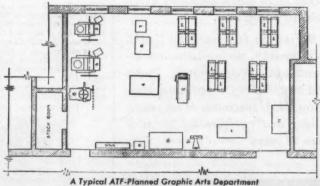
students...1430

Teachers College 20-TC 15-25



A Typical Planning Committee at Work

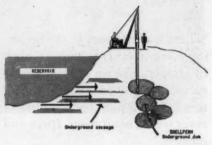
The ATF Department of Education has assisted School Architects and Administrators for over 30 years in the planning of Graphic Arts Departments. This specialized engineering service is available without obligation to school officials and architects who are preparing new school building plans. • In the preparation of all layouts, due consideration is given to the correct location of the equipment to provide for maximum operating efficiency, correct lighting and pupil safety.



American Type Founders Sales Corporation

Department of Education
200 Elmora Avenue, Elizabeth B, New Jersey





Asphalt pumped under ground forms barrier to prevent loss or pollution of water

NEW SHADE IN STRUCTURAL

GLASS

Vitrolite structural glass now comes in a tenth shade, Sky Blue, the first new color to be added to the line in 1949.

Sky blue is described as a more subdued shade, deeper and richer, than the prewar Princess Blue, which it replaces. It is being produced in 11/32 in. thickness with a fire-polished surface.

Vitrolite is considered especially suitable for bathroom and kitchen in the home and for rest rooms in public buildings because its color is permanent, being inherent in the glass itself. Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Co., Nicholas Bldg., Toledo 3, Ohio.

CONVECTOR RADIATORS

Designed for household, institutional and commercial installations, a new line of *Type F Convector-Radiators* is said to combine attractive appearance with high heating efficiency.

Cabinets designed for either free standing or semi-recessed installations are made of formed steel with removable front panel. Stamped louvers integral with the front panel give directional circulation of air into the room.

(Continued on page 190)





EXCLUSIVE MATING SLOTS AND TRACK ASSURES PERFECT ALIGNMENT



NEO-RAY EXCLUSIVE PREFABRICATED PERFECT ALIGNMENT

Exclusive NEO-RAY, ML-2448 is made in stock sections 24" and 48". They can be cut on the job to fit all types of job conditions such as: projections from wall, curved areas and center columns and yet main-tain rigid and perfect alignment, no corkscrew effect.

BRITISH-IRISH RAILWAYS

SKYLETTE RECESSED FIXTURE

√Converts to hinged louvred or hinged glass bottom.

√Hinged wiring channel. **√**All parts packaged for continuous mounting . at no extra cost.



PARIS DECORATORS



SOLD THROUGH ELECTRICAL WHOLESALE JOBBERS

NEO-Ray O DU CTS. INC DEVELOPERS AND PRODUCERS OF THE LATEST IN LIGHTING

WATCH FOR NEO-RAY'S NEW SLIMLINE FIXTURES!

VISIT NEO-RAY'S BOOTH 147-148 AT THE 3rd INTERNATIONAL SHOW, HOTEL STEVENS, CHICAGO

Let us show you simplicity of NEO-RAY'S layout. Use coupon below to write for free booklet TODAY.

NEO-RAY PRODUCTS, INC. 313 East 22nd Street

AR3

New York City 10 Gentlemen: Without cost or obligation please send me your

booklet on Neo-Ray Louvred Ceiling. Name Address

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 188)

Copper tubes and aluminum fins of the heating elements are intended to insure prompt response to heat control devices, and die-formed collars on finholes give large heat transfer contact between tube and fin instead of the line contact afforded by mere punching of fin holes.

Heating elements are available without convector cabinet for use in buildings where specially designed concealed radiation is specified. They come in standard 4, 6, or 8 in. widths and lengths up to 64 in. Fedders-Quigan Corp., Buffalo 7, N. Y.

EXPLOSION-PROOF HEATER

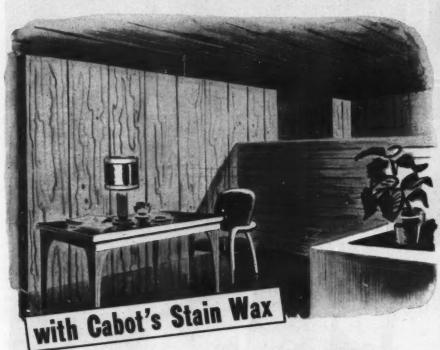
The new Electromode All-Electric Explosion-Proof Heater is expressly designed for use where inflammable gases, mixtures, or other highly flammable substances are manufactured, used,

handled or stored, all locations specified by Underwriters' Laboratories in Class 1, Group D.

Fire, shock and burn hazards are said to be eliminated by the Safety-Grid, the patented, cast aluminum, natural convection feature of the heating element. The element consists of a nickel chromium resistor wire, insulated and sheathed in seamless metal tubing, and imbedded in a one-piece finned aluminum casting.

The Electromode Explosion-Proof Heater has been approved by the Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. Electromode Corp., 45 Crouch St., Rochester 3, N. Y.

Unique Interior Effects



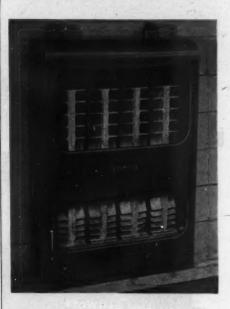
Cabot's Stain Wax makes possi-

ble a variety of striking effects for interior woodwork. With a single application, Cabot's Stain Wax produces the color of a penetrating stain and the lustre of a soft wax finish. Available in many unique light shades including white and gray. The transparent wax surface is long lasting and easy-to-clean.

Write today for FREE SAMPLE and COLOR CARD.
See for yourself what Cabot's new Stain Wax can do.

SAMUEL CABOT, INC.

322 Oliver Building, Boston 9, Massachusetts



Electric heater specially designed for use where flammable vapors are present

TILE FLOORING

A chemically reacted combination of plastics makes *Corlon Tile*, a new luxury flooring recently put on the market.

Reported to offer very high resistance to wear, Corlon is said by the maker to have the depth of color, beautiful graining and plate finish of rubber tile.

The tile is available in 10 colors and comes in four sizes, 6 in. square, 9 in. square, 12 in. square, and 18 in. by 36 in., all ½ in. thick. Armstrong Cork Co., Lancaster, Pa.

MASTIC GLAZING COMPOUND

An aluminum colored, mastic glazing compound has been developed for aluminum windows which requires no painting because the necessary coloring and protection are incorporated within the mastic itself. According to the manufacturer, *Tremglaze* is applied just like putty, sets firm, bonding tightly to aluminum mun-

(Continued on page 192)

WELDWOOD PANELING ... one basic reason for the architectural excellence of THE ZILBOORG HOUSE

This interesting Dri-Built home was designed on a 4' module ... to make most efficient use of Standard **Weldwood Panels**



RCHITECT Percival Goodman's modern technique and A use of modern materials make a showplace of the recently completed home of Dr. & Mrs. Gregory Zilboorg, Bedford Village, New York.

Almost every room is paneled in Weldwood, using either birch, maple, cedar or oak. And . . . taking advantage of the ease with which "built-ins" can be planned into Weldwood walls ... Mr. Goodman provided extensive cabinet and storage wall accommodations in the bedrooms, kitchen, dining room and living room . . . all executed in matching Weldwood.

Other features include ceilings of acoustical tile . . . brick-paved flooring in the entrance foyer, with most of the other floors in cork tile . . . and a dead-flat built-up roof which is flooded with two inches of water throughout the summer for cooling purposes.

Another interesting detail is the use, in most rooms, of Keyhole Standards and Brackets extending from floor to ceiling between each Weldwood panel. This makes possible easily moveable, random width shelving almost anywhere in the house. In addition, the metal strips contribute an interesting decorative effect to the Weldwoodpaneled walls.

Add other advantages of dri-wall construction, such as tight, rigid sheathing and sub-floors . . . fast, economical construction...and you can see why this particular design gives a client a house he will be proud of.

But don't limit your thinking of Weldwood just to the "modern" designs. Dri-wall construction and, especially, Weldwood-paneled interiors fit any architectural style.

So plan now to add extra appeal and convenience to your designs with Weldwood. There are many fine hardwoods, both domestic and imported, to fit right in with any motif. Write for complete information.



Looking from the dining room into the living room. Notice the commodious cabinets in dining room wall.



Again built-ins are accented in the birch-paneled living room and sliding-door closets in vestibule. Keyhole bracket, one of many used, is illustrated.



Maple Weldwood paneling and large windows make the nursery light and airy. Built-ins under the windows conserve floor space.



This Weldwood-paneled service wall saves many steps between the kitchen and dining room.

WELDWOOD Plywood

Weldwood Plywood and Mengel Flush Doors are products of UNITED STATES PLYWOOD CORPORATION THE MENGEL COMPANY New York 18, N. Y. Louisville 1, Ky.

Distributing units in Baltimore. Boston, Brooklyn, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Fresno, High Point, Los Angeles, Milwaukee, Newark, New York, Oakland, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Portland, Ore, Richmond, Rochester, San Francisco, Seattle. Also U. S.-Mengel Plywoods, Inc. distributing units in Atlanta. Birmingham, Dallas, Houston, Jackson-ville, Kansas City, Kans., Louisville, New Orleans, San Antonio, St. Louis, Tampa. In Canada: United States Plywood of Canada, Limited, Toronto. Send inquiries to nearest point.

Weldwood* Hardwood Plywood Douglas Fir Weldwood California Pine Weldwood Mengel Flush Doors Weldwood Fire Doors Weldwood Fire Doors Douglas Fir Doors Overhead Garage Doors

Tekwood* (paper-faced plywood)
Protekwood
Weldwood Glue* and other adhesives
Weldtex* (striated plywood)
Decorative Micarta*
Flexwood*
Flexwood* Flexglass* Firzite* and Satinlac* *Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.



Weldwood Plywood is made in both Interior and Exterior types, the former bonded with extended urea resins and other approved bonding agents; the welded for Good latter with phenol formaldehyde synthetic resin.

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 190)

tins, remains resilient and is water- and weatherproof to insure leak-proof windows without maintenance costs of painting. Tremco Mfg. Co., 8701 Kinsman Rd., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOLDING LUNCHROOM TABLES

All-steel, folding table and bench units designed to convert gymnasiums, auditoriums and similar areas into lunch rooms are now being offered with marbelized as well as solid color linoleum tops.

These folding tables are available in two types—against-the-wall and inthe-wall units. The first type folds into a cabinet that extends 7 in. from the wall, and can be installed in existing buildings without remodeling. The second type is built into the wall in new construction. Schieber Mfg. Co., 12720 Burt Rd., Detroit, Mich.

STAINLESS STEEL SHOWER CABINET

The Bathe-Rite Stainless Steel Shower Cabinet is available especially for application where maintenance is a big factor such as hotels, hospitals, institutions and industrial plants.

Every item in the construction of the new shower cabinet is said to be corrosion resistant — from the porcelain enameled reinforced receptor to walls, fastenings, shower head, valves and curtain rings.

This shower cabinet, 36 in. in size, is said to be particularly easy to install. Milwaukee Stamping Co., Bathe-Rite Div., 865 S. 72nd St., Milwaukee 14, Wis.

CELLULAR CEILING

A new type of louvered ceiling for diffused lighting has been developed which consists of thin, corrugated, steel strips prefabricated into honey-combed panels. The panels fit together into a single continuous ceiling when hung below lighting fixtures.

The panels come in 24- or 30-in. widths and in lengths varying by 6 in. steps from 96 down to 12 in. The light weight of *Cell-Ceil*, 12 ounces per sq. ft., is said to eliminate cumbersome, expensive hanging equipment.

The Cell-Ceil panels are galvanized, bonderized and finished in pastel shades of baked enamel. Federal Enterprises, Inc., 8700 S. State St., Chicago 19, Ill.

MODULAR FURNACE

With the Mueller Climatrol Modular Furnace, the home owner can buy a complete winter and summer air conditioning system in installments.

The basic unit is a gravity furnace with oil or gas automatic firing. A forced circulation blower and a summer cooling unit can be added later.

Standardization and interchangeability of the units allows the system to be expanded without making the original equipment obsolete. L. J. Mueller Furnace Co., 2005 W. Oklahoma Ave., Milwaukee 7, Wis.

AUTOMATIC HOT WATER AIR VALVE

Complete elimination of air from convectors, radiators, mains, baseboard radiators and panel heating units is claimed for the new *Dole No. 20 Automatic Hot Water Air Valve*.

It is announced as "the first fully automatic hot water air valve." A coin or screw driver sets the selector screw (Continued on page 194)

WANT HELP

with

TOUGH DRAINAGE PROBLEMS?

ASK WADE

OF ELGIN

Constant engineering development and research, backed by 84 years manufacturing "know-how" make Wade a popular source among leading architects for help with tough drainage problems.

Take advantage of Wade's technical cooperation on any job that's bothering you.

It's a way to save time and there's no obligation—write us, today!

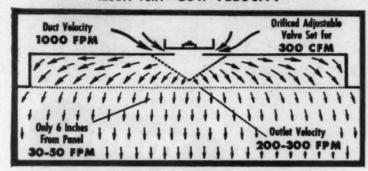




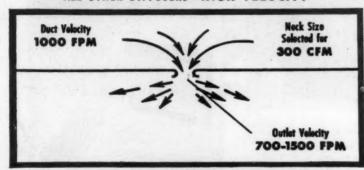
WADE MANUFACTURING CO. ELGIN, ILLINOIS

6-Exclusive Advantages of Low Velocity Air Diffusion!

MULTI-VENT=LOW VELOCITY



ALL OTHER DIFFUSERS=HIGH VELOCITY



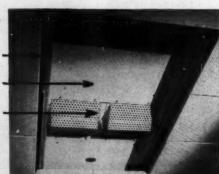
Concealed Multi-Vent Panel exposed by removal of six squares of metal acoustical ceiling.

Panel Frame . . . installed in the bottom of air supply duct.

Control Plate . . . supporting one or more values per panel, is hinged in panel frame providing ready access to duct above for cleaning.

Pressure Displacement Air

Valvo . . . single adjusting screw raises, and letvers a valve plate above opening in control plate to regulate volume of air flow from duct into dual V-shaped primary distribution sections, the design of which insures a perfectly even distribution of air over the entire perforated area below panel.



MULTI-VENT

LOW VELOCITY AIR DIFFUSION

*Reg. U. S. Pet. Off. by the Pyle-National Co.

*Pyle-National Multi-Vent's unique principle of low velocity, pressure displacement air diffusion through perforated metal is fully protected by U.S. and foreign patents. Only with Multi-Vent can you enjoy its benefits.

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Write for complete specifications and selection data to THE PYLE-NATIONAL COMPANY, Multi-Vent Division, 1375 W. 37th St., Chicago 9, Illinois. Sales engineers and agents in the principal cities of the United States and Canada.



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ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 192)

for one of the three functions: fully automatic air eliminator, manual shut-off, manual venting. The Dole Valve Co., 1933 Carroll Ave., Chicago 12, Ill.

LAWN HOSE HOLDERS

An answer to the problem of hose storage is offered in the Guardian Lawn Hose Holder, said to be simple to manipulate and a contribution to fire protection.

A wire basket attached to the basement ceiling receives the hose, which will coil itself into the receptacle after it



Wire basket attached to basement ceiling stores garden hose until ready for use

is pushed with a very slight twist through a pipe leading from the exterior wall, according to the manufacturer's description.

The hose is always connected for immediate use with the water supply. Guardian Mfg. Co., P. O. Box 302, Minneapolis, Minn.

INTERCOMMUNICATION SYSTEM

An intercommunication system has been designed recently to enable workers to answer paged messages clearly and intelligibly from high noise level areas. The new circuit coordinates the operation of a "trumpet-type" reproducer and a two-way "staff station."

When the system is used to page a person in one of the high noise level areas, the message is reproduced at high volume through the trumpet station. To reply, the paged person depresses a lever on the nearest staff station. The trumpet is automatically cut out, and two-way

(Continued on page 196)





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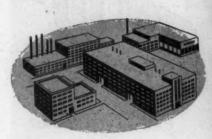
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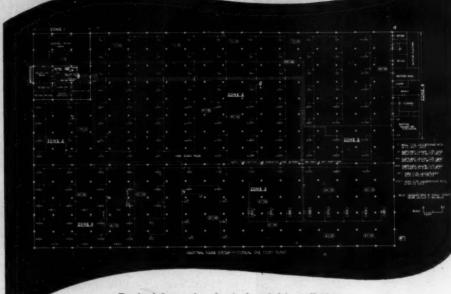
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TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 194)

conversation at normal voice level can be conducted between the person paged and the originator of the call.

Formerly, when replies were made through a two-way trumpet reproducer, the trumpet would pick up all shop noises so that the reply was frequently unintelligible.

The trumpet reproducer is constructed of heavy gauge, spun aluminum with gray wrinkle finish; it is 10½ in. in diameter and in overall length, and is equipped with an adjustable mounting bracket. The compact, die-cast staff station is 6 in. wide, 6½ in. high and 3½ in. deep, and is finished to match the trumpet reproducer. Executone, Inc., 415 Lexington Ave., New York 17, N. Y.

ELECTRIC RADIATOR

Electrically heated through the medium of hermetically sealed oil is a new pressed steel radiator unit called *Hurseal*.

The thermostatically controlled radiator is filled with a special grade, low expansion oil, and is permanently sealed. An electrical element, welded into the radiator or wall panel types, heats the oil and is said to provide a quick temperature rise to a surface temperature of 160° F.

Twelve models of various heights and designs are available in a range of colors with glossy finish. Acrow, Inc., 155 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

PLASTIC WALL COVERING

A plastic coating for finishing concrete, brick or block walls is said to provide both color and texture in a single spraying operation.

The coating is described as resisting scuffing, grease and oil, water, sunlight and exposure to weather.

The product consists of a liquid binder of synthetic rubber and a powder composed of plastic materials and asbestos fibers. These components are mixed on the site with water, which serves as the vehicle for spraying.

Scotch-Top is made in white and in 12 different shades of green, red and yellow.

The coating is now available in the Chicago area and will be offered nationally, according to the manufacturer, when skilled applicator crews have been trained. Minnesota Mining and Mfg. Co., 900 Fauquier St., St. Paul, Minn.

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the Fox Theater, Spokane, with (inset) a close-up of large ornamental bas-relief butterfly panel cast integrally with the wall against a plaster mold built into the forms. R. C. Reamer and Frank Wynkoop were the archi-

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TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 140)

timber connectors are illustrated by sample designs and on-the-job photographs. Roof designs include trussed rafters, pitched trusses, Lank-Teco trusses, flat trusses and bowstring trusses. Special designs include bridges, trestles, towers, hangars, grandstands and farm structures. The book is being distributed free of charge to practicing architects and engineers. 116 pp., illus. Timber Engineering Co., 1319–18th St., N.W., Washington 6, D. C.

Boilers

Federal Boilers (Bulletin No. 125). Outlines special features and advantages of a line of boilers for radiant heating, domestic hot water, steam and hot water heating. Drawings and photos illustrate construction details. Ratings and specifications are listed. 6 pp., illus. Federal Boiler Co., Inc., Granite and West Sts., Midland Park, N. J.

LITERATURE REQUESTED

The following individuals and firms request manufacturers' literature:

M. Raymond Adler and Co., Architectural Design, 120 Academy St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Pierre Beauvais, Architectural Student, 3518 Dorion, Montreal, Canada.

Bilt-Rite Organization, Inc., General Contractors, 68 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn 17, N. Y.

A. Burns Cadwalader, Designer-Draftsman, 1525 Jay Street, Redding, Calif.

Alvaro Cardenas, Carrera 13 NO. 33-13, Bogota, Colombia, S. A.

William V. Cobern, Architectural-Draftsman, 2913 Monroe Street, Ashland, Ky.

Herbert I. Fogelberg, P.O. Box 300, Fort Lincoln, Bismarck, No. Dakota.

Miss Luke Lietzke, Curator of Industrial Design, Akron Art Institute, 140
East Market Street, Akron 8, Ohio.

John G. Marks, Jr., 5211 Gerry Drive, Pittsburgh 27, Pa.

Frederick G. Nobbe, Architect, Box 98, R. D. 1, Long Branch, N. J.

Henry L. Reese, Consulting Engineer, 632 Washington Street, Reading, Pa.

John T. Simpson, A.I.A., 12 Broad Street, Red Bank, N. J.

Mrs. B. M. Smith, Librarian, Blair Public Library, Blair, Wis.



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One of the country's outstanding consulting engineers, Mr. Fred N. Severud has been identified with the engineering profession for the past quarter century. He has served as consultant on such well-known structures as: Rome Air Depot, Rome, N. Y.; Lillian Wald Housing Project, New York; Tripler General Hospital, Hawaii; Veterans Hospital, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Hotels Interamericanos, Panama; Broadcasting Station KNX, Los Angeles, Calif.; and the Office Building and Broadcasting Station, Reykjavik, Iceland. Mr. Severud expresses this opinion of oil heat:

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FULL DATA on Petro Industrial Burners are in catalog files of Sweet's, and Domestic Engineering. Details on Petro Domestic Burners available in separate catalog. Copy of either sent gladly on request.



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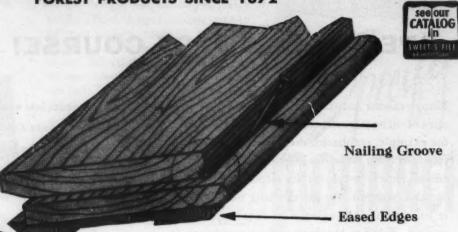
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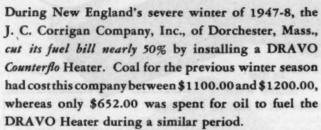
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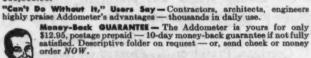
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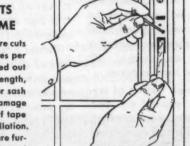
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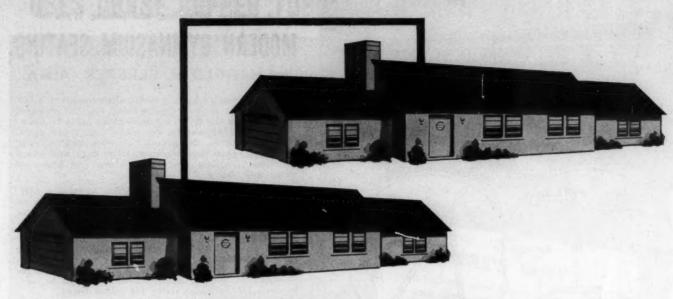
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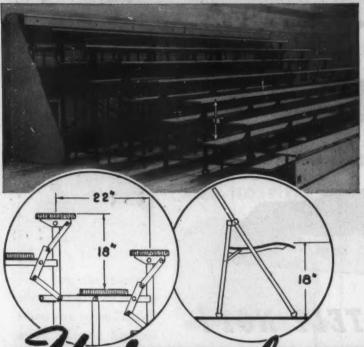


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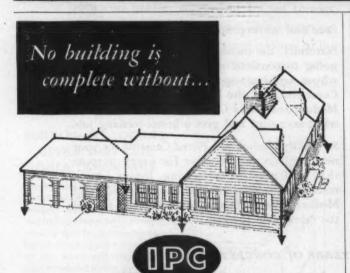
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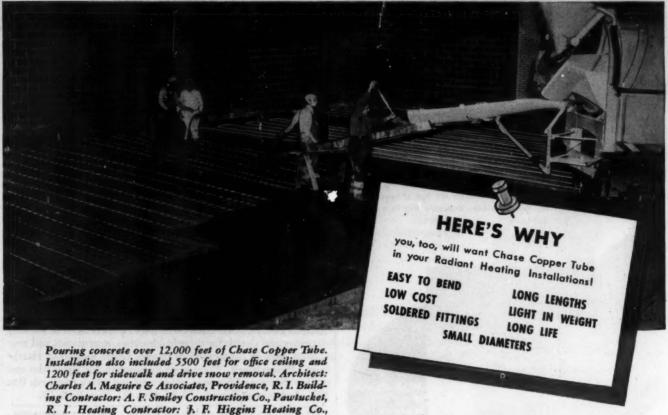


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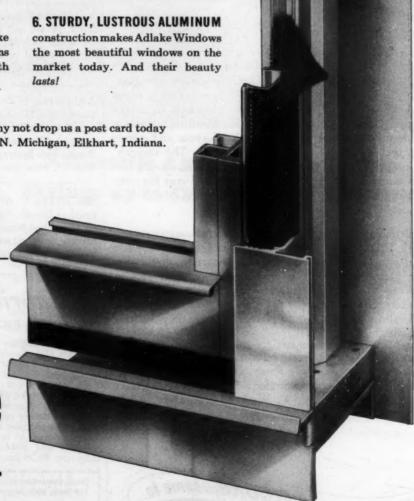
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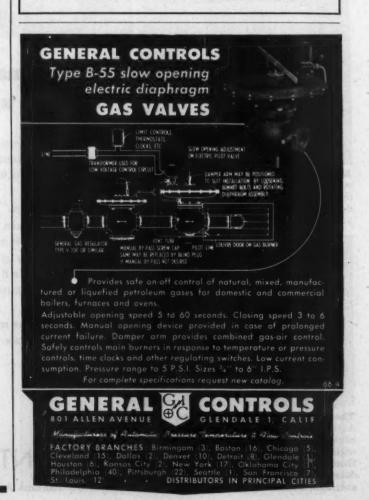
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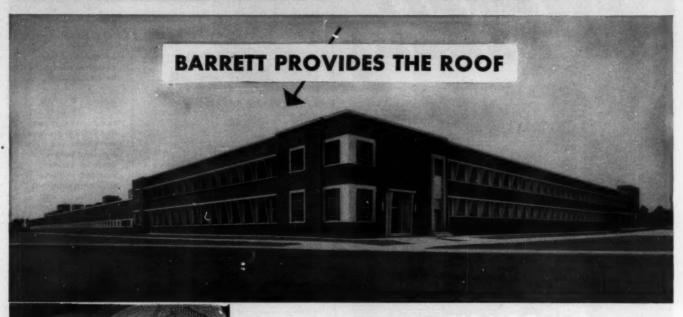


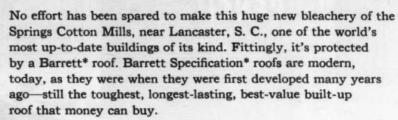
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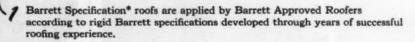
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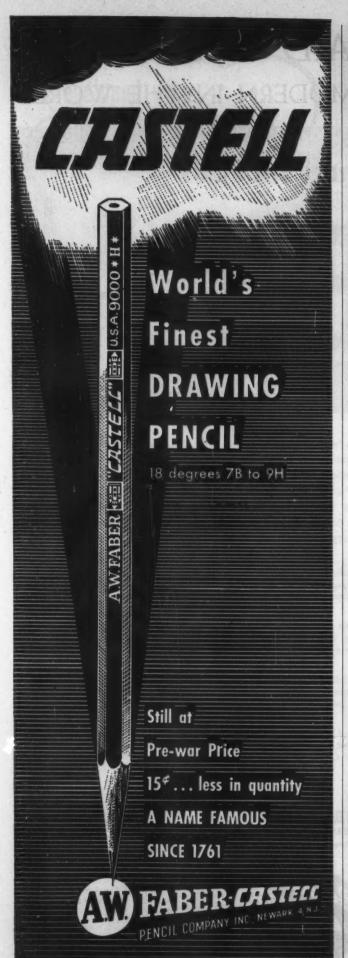
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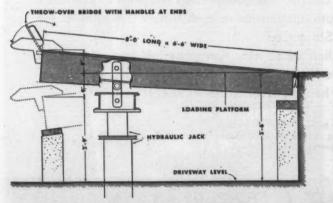
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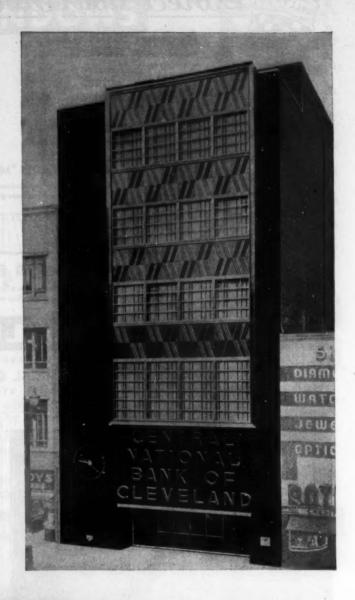
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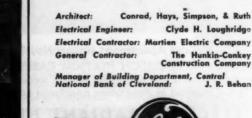




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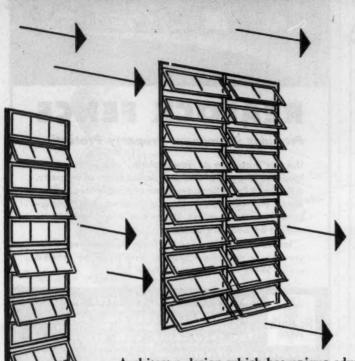
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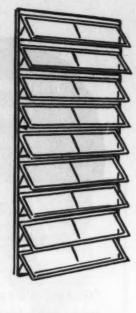
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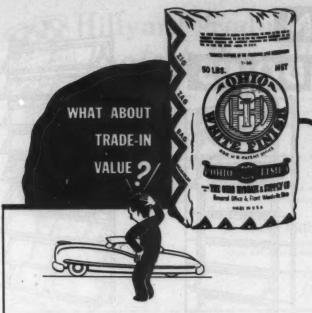
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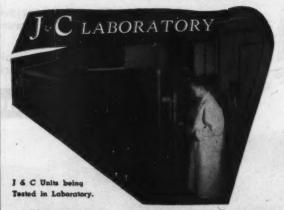
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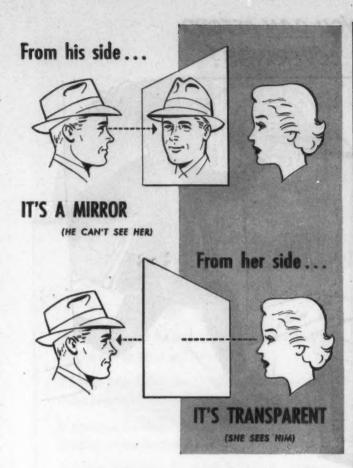
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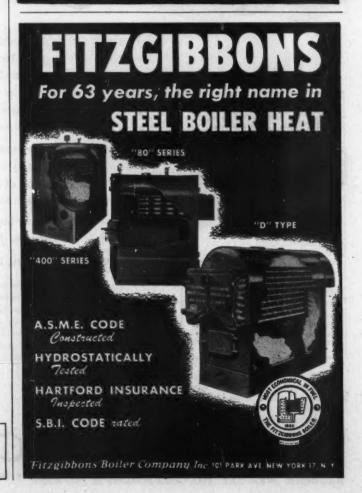


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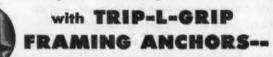
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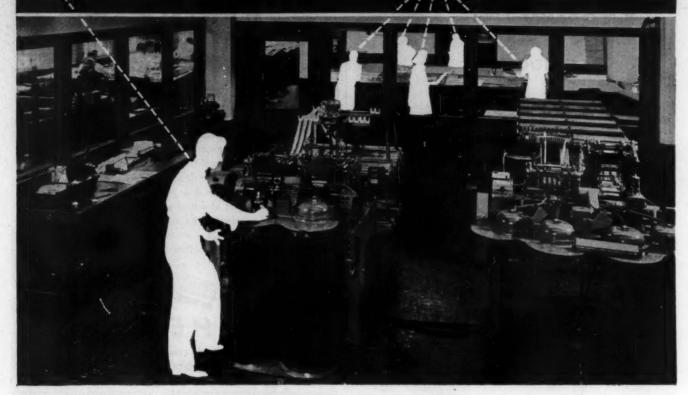
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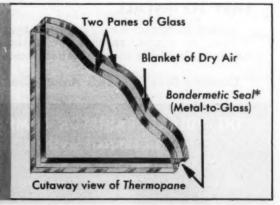
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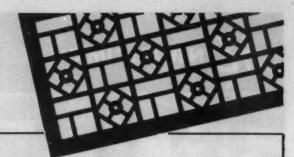
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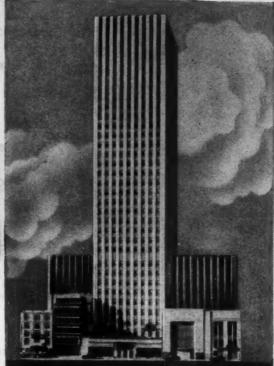
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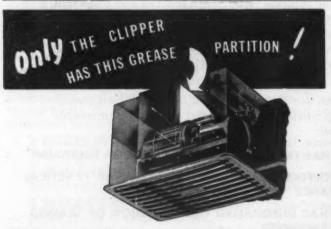


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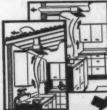
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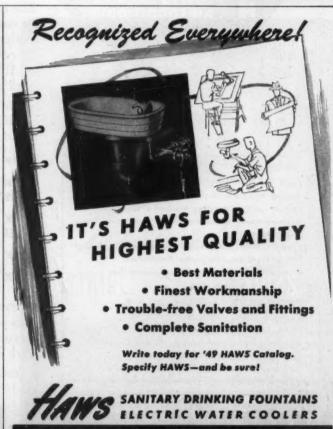


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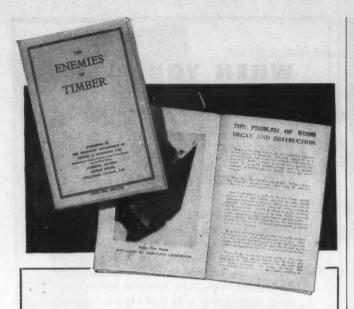
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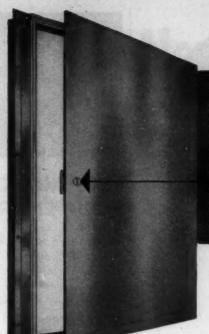
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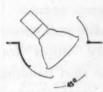
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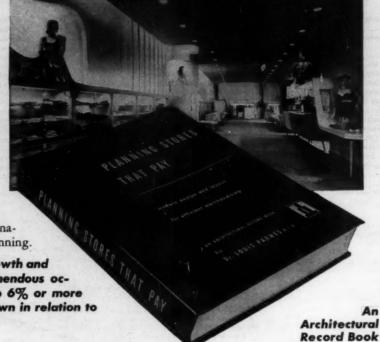
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To indicate how logically and thoroughly this book deals with its subject, here are the section headings of a single chapter (Chap-ter 3, entitled "The Sell-ing Zone"):

ing Zone'):

Space Organization. Coordination and Arrangement of Central Sales Areas. Relative Size of Departments. Circulation on Selling Floors: Aisle Layout; Aisle Densities; Equipment Layout. Fixture Specifications. Self-service Equipment. Flexible and Standardized Equipment. Service Stations. Interior Display. Interior Column Spacing. Productivity, Efficiency, and Equipment Layout. Special Sales Rooms. New Trends in Basements. Main Floor Layout.

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